

# **Altova StyleVision Server**

## **User and Reference Manual**

# **Altova StyleVision Server User & Reference Manual**

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# Table of Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Altova StyleVision Server</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Functionality .....	4
1.1.1	In the FlowForce Workflow .....	5
1.1.2	As a Standalone Server .....	6
1.2	Setup on Windows .....	7
1.2.1	Installation on Windows .....	8
1.2.2	Licensing on Windows .....	10
1.3	Setup on Linux .....	12
1.3.1	Installation on Linux .....	13
1.3.2	Licensing on Linux .....	16
1.4	Setup on Mac OS X .....	18
1.4.1	Installation on Mac OS X .....	19
1.4.2	Licensing on Mac OS X .....	21
1.5	Command Line Usage .....	23
1.5.1	licenseserver .....	24
1.5.2	generate .....	26
1.5.3	setfopath .....	28
1.5.4	exportresourcestrings .....	30
1.5.5	setdeflang .....	32
1.5.6	help .....	33
1.6	Altova LicenseServer .....	35
1.6.1	Network Information .....	36
1.6.2	Installation (Windows) .....	37
1.6.3	Installation (Linux) .....	38
1.6.4	Installation (Mac OS X) .....	40
1.6.5	Altova ServiceController .....	41
1.6.6	How to Assign Licenses .....	42
	<i>Start LicenseServer</i> .....	42
	<i>Open LicenseServer Config Page (Windows)</i> .....	44
	<i>Open LicenseServer Config Page (Linux)</i> .....	46
	<i>Open LicenseServer Config Page (Mac OS X)</i> .....	48
	<i>Upload Licenses to LicenseServer</i> .....	50
	<i>Register FlowForce Server with LicenseServer</i> .....	53
	<i>Register MapForce Server with LicenseServer</i> .....	58

---

	<i>Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer</i> .....	59
	<i>Register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server with LicenseServer</i> .....	60
	<i>Assign Licenses to Registered Products</i> .....	62
1.6.7	Configuration Page Reference .....	67
	<i>License Pool</i> .....	67
	<i>Server Management</i> .....	70
	<i>Server Monitoring</i> .....	74
	<i>Settings</i> .....	74
	<i>Messages, Log Out</i> .....	77

## **Index**

## **Chapter 1**

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### **Altova StyleVision Server**



# 1 Altova StyleVision Server

**Altova StyleVision Server** is an implementation of [Altova StyleVision's](#) built-in execution engine. It operates as a module of Altova's [FlowForce Server](#), and it is also available as a [standalone server product](#).

StyleVision Server executes transformation packages that have been deployed to a [FlowForce Server](#). These transformations are initiated by [FlowForce Server](#) based on a variety of programmable time triggers, file triggers, or remote triggers. Additionally, StyleVision Server functionality can be invoked [via the command line](#).

---

## **System requirements, installation and licensing**

StyleVision Server is supported on the following operating systems:

- Windows Server 2003, 2008 R2, or newer
- Windows XP with Service Pack 3, Windows 7, Windows 8, or newer
- Linux (CentOS 6, RedHat 6, Debian 6, and Ubuntu 12.10, or newer)
- Mac OS X 10.7 or newer

StyleVision Server is available for both 32-bit and 64-bit on Windows machines.

For details about installation and licensing, see the setup sections for [Windows](#), [Linux](#), and [Mac OS X](#).

## 1.1 Functionality

StyleVision Server transforms XML files into output HTML, PDF, RTF, and DOCX documents with the use of XSLT stylesheets. These XSLT stylesheets are obtained from PXF files that have been created in Altova's stylesheet designer application, [Altova StyleVision](#).

StyleVision Server can be used in two ways:

- As part of the [Altova FlowForce workflow](#). For more information about [Altova FlowForce](#), visit the [Altova website](#).
- [As a standalone server product](#) that is accessed via its command line interface (CLI).

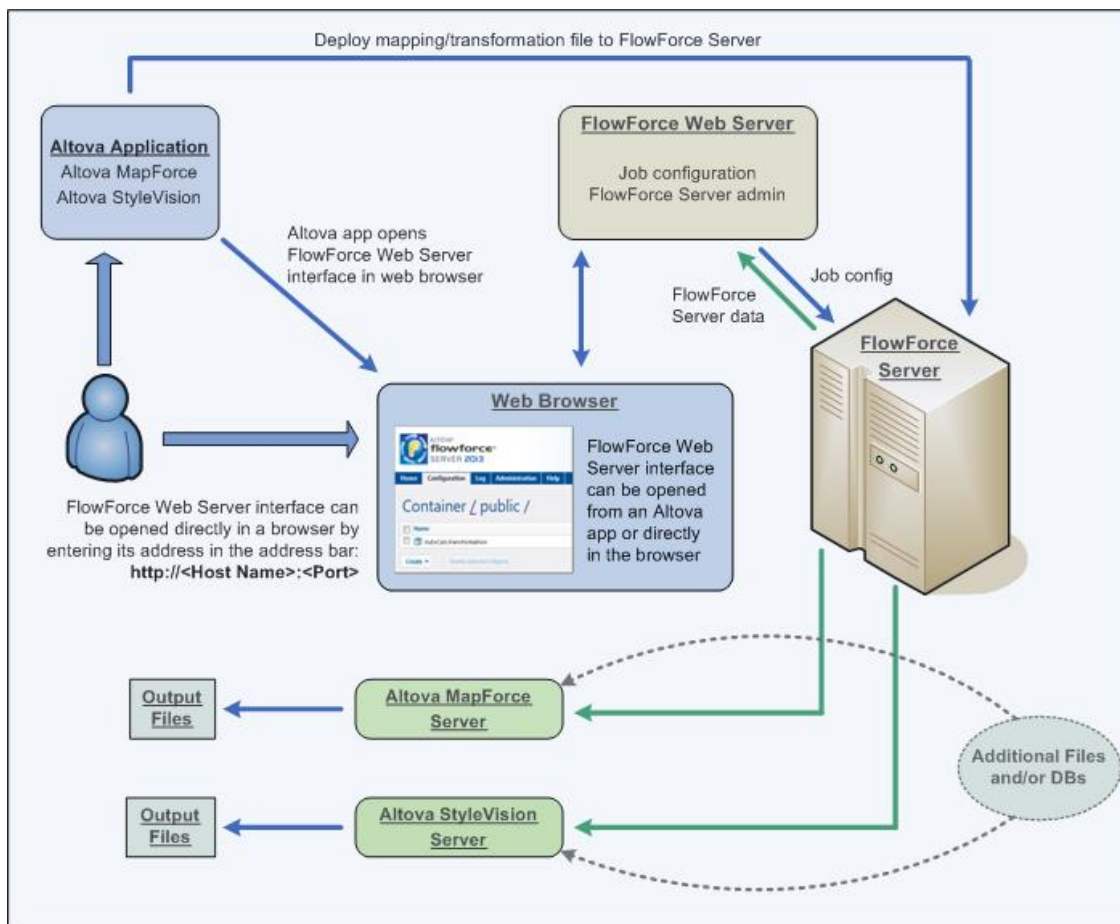
An XML input file and a PXF file are passed to StyleVision Server, which produces the required output document/s.



### 1.1.1 In the FlowForce Workflow

A FlowForce job is created in [Altova FlowForce Server](#). The FlowForce job specifies: (i) the inputs and outputs of a StyleVision Server transformation; and (ii) the triggers for when the job is to be executed, such as a specific time every day. At execution time, Altova FlowForce Server passes the transformation instructions to StyleVision Server, which then carries out the transformation.

The role of StyleVision Server in the FlowForce workflow is shown in the diagram below. (The role of MapForce Server in the workflow is also displayed since FlowForce jobs can be created that send [Altova MapForce](#) mappings to the [Altova MapForce Server](#) for execution.)



Additionally to being invoked by a FlowForce job, StyleVision Server can also be invoked via the command line. Usage is described in the section, [Command Line Usage](#).

### 1.1.2 As a Standalone Server

StyleVision Server can be installed as a standalone product on Windows, Linux, and Mac OS X systems. In this version its functionality is invoked only via the command line. Usage is described in the section, [Command Line Usage](#).

## 1.2 Setup on Windows

This section describes the [installation](#) and [licensing](#) of StyleVision Server on Windows systems.

### Installation on Windows

- [System requirements](#)
- [Installation packages and installation](#)
- [Installing Altova LicenseServer](#)
- [Application folder location](#)

### Licensing on Windows

- [Licensing procedure](#)
- [Starting LicenseServer as a service](#)
- [Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce](#)
- [Registering a standalone StyleVision Server](#)
- [Note on cores and licenses](#)

## 1.2.1 Installation on Windows

This section:

- [System requirements](#)
  - [Installation packages and installation](#)
  - [Installing Altova LicenseServer](#)
  - [Application folder location](#)
- 

### System requirements

- Windows Server 2003, 2008 R2, or newer
  - Windows XP with Service Pack 3, Windows 7, Windows 8, or newer
- 

### Installation packages and installation

StyleVision Server can be installed on Windows systems in one of two ways:

- As part of the [FlowForce Server](#) installation package. [FlowForce Server](#) is an application that schedules jobs for [MapForce Server](#) and [StyleVision Server](#). The [FlowForce Server](#) package therefore offers options for installing [MapForce Server](#) and/or [StyleVision Server](#) together with [FlowForce Server](#). Each server product will be installed in a separate program folder. To install StyleVision Server as part of the FlowForce Server package, download and run the FlowForce Server installer. Follow the onscreen instructions and make sure you check the option for installing StyleVision Server.
- As a separate standalone server product called StyleVision Server. To install StyleVision Server, download and run the StyleVision Server installer. Follow the onscreen instructions.

Both products, [FlowForce Server](#) and StyleVision Server, can be downloaded from the [Altova website](#).

**Note:** If FlowForce Server is installed either before or after StyleVision Server is installed, then StyleVision Server will be integrated in FlowForce Server. StyleVision Server can, however, still be accessed as a standalone product via its [command line interface \(CLI\)](#), with jobs being passed to it with the [generate](#) command.

---

### Installing Altova LicenseServer

In order for any Altova Server product—including StyleVision Server—to run, that server product must be licensed via an [Altova LicenseServer](#) on your network.

When you install Altova's FlowForce Server or StyleVision Server on Windows systems, an option is available that allows you to download and install [Altova LicenseServer](#). If an [Altova LicenseServer](#) is already installed on your network, you do not need to install another one. In

this case, during the installation process of FlowForce Server or StyleVision Server, uncheck the option for installing [Altova LicenseServer](#).

See the section, [Licensing on Windows](#), for more information about how to register and license StyleVision Server with [Altova LicenseServer](#).

---

#### **Application folder location**

The application will be installed in the following folder:

Windows XP	C:\Program Files\Altova\
Windows Vista, Windows 7/8	C:\Program Files\Altova\
32 bit Version on 64-bit OS	C:\Program Files (x86)\Altova\

## 1.2.2 Licensing on Windows

*This section:*

- [Licensing procedure](#)
- [Starting LicenseServer as a service](#)
- [Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce](#)
- [Registering a standalone StyleVision Server](#)
- [Note on cores and licenses](#)

---

### Licensing procedure

To license a StyleVision Server installed on a Windows system with an [Altova LicenseServer](#) installed on any machine on the network, carry out the following steps:

1. If LicenseServer is not already running as a service, [start it as a service](#).
2. Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer. Depending on whether you have installed StyleVision Server (i) as part of FlowForce, or (ii) as a standalone product, the method of registering StyleVision Server with LicenseServer will be different. In the former case, you can [register StyleVision Server from FlowForce](#). A standalone StyleVision Server can be [registered via its CLI](#).
3. In the [Server Management tab](#) of the configuration page of LicenseServer, assign a license to StyleVision Server.

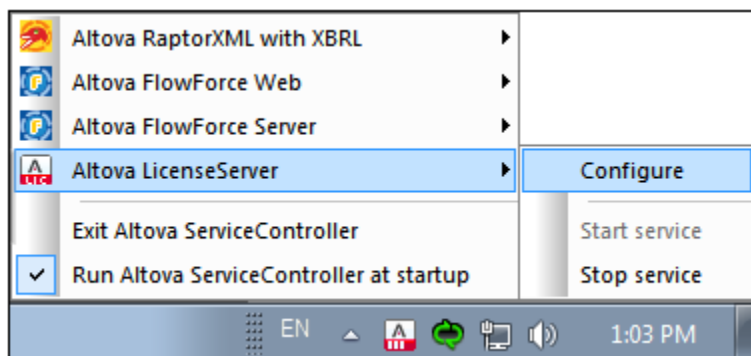
**Note:** Altova LicenseServer will be installed by default when you install either the Altova FlowForce Server product or Altova StyleVision Server product.

---

### Starting LicenseServer as a service

You can start LicenseServer via the Altova ServiceController, which is available in the system tray.

First, click **Start | All Programs | Altova LicenseServer | Altova ServiceController** to start Altova ServiceController and display its icon in the system tray (see *screenshot below*). If you select the *Run Altova ServiceController at Startup* option, Altova ServiceController will start up on system start and its icon will be available in the system tray from then onwards.



To start LicenseServer, click the Altova ServiceController icon in the system tray, mouse over **Altova LicenseServer** in the menu that pops up (see *screenshot above*), and then select **Start Service** from the LicenseServer submenu. If LicenseServer is already running, the *Start*

Service option will be disabled.

---

### Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce

StyleVision Server is packaged with [FlowForce Server](#). So when [FlowForce Server](#) is registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network, StyleVision Server will automatically also be registered with LicenseServer. How to register FlowForce Server is described in the [FlowForce Server documentation](#).

After successful registration, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server via the [Server Management tab of LicenseServer's configuration page](#).

---

### Registering a standalone StyleVision Server

If you have installed StyleVision Server as a standalone package, StyleVision Server must be registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your machine or network and then licensed from the LicenseServer's GUI. You can register StyleVision Server via its command line interface (CLI). Use the [licenseserver](#) command for this:

```
styleVisionServer licenseserver [options] ServerName-Or-IP-Address
```

For example, if `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed, then StyleVision Server can be registered via its CLI with the LicenseServer that is on `localhost`.

```
styleVisionServer licenseserver localhost
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, it will be listed in the [Server Management tab](#) of the configuration page of LicenseServer. You can now go to LicenseServer and [assign a license](#) to StyleVision Server.

---

### Note on cores and licenses

StyleVision Server licensing is based on the number of cores available on the StyleVision Server machine. The number of cores licensed must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on the server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine. For example, if a server has eight cores, you must purchase at least an eight-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

## 1.3 Setup on Linux

This section describes the [installation](#) and [licensing](#) of StyleVision Server on Linux systems (Debian, Ubuntu, CentOS, RedHat).

### Installation on Linux

- [System requirements](#)
- [Uninstalling old versions of Altova server products](#)
- [Downloading the Linux package](#)
- [Installing StyleVision Server](#)
- [Installing Altova LicenseServer](#)

### Licensing on Linux

- [Licensing procedure](#)
- [Starting LicenseServer as a service](#)
- [Registering StyleVision Server](#)
- [Note on cores and licenses](#)



### 1.3.1 Installation on Linux

This section:

- [System requirements](#)
  - [Uninstalling old versions of Altova server products](#)
  - [Downloading the Linux package](#)
  - [Installing StyleVision Server](#)
  - [Installing Altova LicenseServer](#)
- 

#### System requirements

- Debian 6 or newer
  - Ubuntu 12.04 or newer
  - CentOS 6 or newer
  - RedHat 6 or newer
- 

#### Uninstalling old versions of Altova server products

Since you might need to uninstall a previous version, uninstalling is described first. On the Linux command line interface (CLI), you can check which Altova server products are installed with the following command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:  dpkg --get-selections | grep Altova
[CentOS, RedHat]:  rpm -qa | grep server
```

If StyleVision Server is not installed, go ahead with the installation as documented below in [Installing StyleVision Server](#).

If StyleVision Server is installed and you wish to install a newer version of StyleVision Server, uninstall the old version with the command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:  sudo dpkg --remove stylevisionserver
[CentOS, RedHat]:  sudo rpm -e stylevisionserver
```

If you need to uninstall an old version of Altova LicenseServer, do this with the following command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:  sudo dpkg --remove licenseserver
[CentOS, RedHat]:  sudo rpm -e licenseserver
```

---

#### Downloading the Linux package

StyleVision Server installation packages for the following Linux systems are available on the [Altova website](#).

Distribution	Package extension
Debian 6 and higher	.deb
Ubuntu 12.04 and higher	.deb
CentOS 6 and higher	.rpm
RedHat 6 and higher	.rpm

After downloading the Linux package, copy it to any directory on the Linux system. Since you will need an [Altova LicenseServer](#) in order to run StyleVision Server, you may want to download LicenseServer from the [Altova website](#) at the same time as you download StyleVision Server, rather than download it at a later time.

---

### Installing StyleVision Server

In a terminal window, switch to the directory where you have copied the Linux package. For example, if you copied it to a user directory called `MyAltova` (that is located, say, in the `/home/User` directory), then switch to this directory as follows:

```
cd /home/User/MyAltova
```

Install StyleVision Server with the following command:

```
[Debian]: sudo dpkg --install stylevisionserver-2014-debian.deb
[Ubuntu]: sudo dpkg --install stylevisionserver-2014-ubuntu.deb
[CentOS]: sudo rpm -ivh stylevisionserver-2014-1.x86_64.rpm
[RedHat]: sudo rpm -ivh stylevisionserver-2014-1.x86_64.rpm
```

The StyleVision Server package will be installed in the folder:

```
/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014
```

---

### Installing Altova LicenseServer

In order for any Altova Server product—including StyleVision Server—to run, that server product must be licensed via an [Altova LicenseServer](#) on your network.

On Linux systems, [Altova LicenseServer](#) will need to be installed separately. Download Altova LicenseServer from the [Altova website](#) and copy the package to any directory on the Linux system. Install it just like you did StyleVision Server (*see previous step*).

```
[Debian]: sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.5-debian.deb
[Ubuntu]: sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.5-ubuntu.deb
[CentOS]: sudo rpm -ivh licenseserver-1.5-1.x86_64.rpm
[RedHat]: sudo rpm -ivh licenseserver-1.5-1.x86_64.rpm
```

The LicenseServer package will be installed in:

```
/opt/Altova/LicenseServer
```

For information about how to register StyleVision Server with [Altova LicenseServer](#) and license it, see the section, [Licensing on Linux](#).

## 1.3.2 Licensing on Linux

*This section:*

- [Licensing procedure](#)
  - [Starting LicenseServer as a service](#)
  - [Registering StyleVision Server](#)
  - [Note on cores and licenses](#)
- 

### Licensing procedure

In order to license StyleVision Server installed on a Linux system (Debian, Ubuntu, CentOS, RedHat) with an [Altova LicenseServer](#) installed on any machine on the network, do the following:

1. If LicenseServer is not already running as a service, [start it as a service](#).
  2. [Register](#) StyleVision Server with LicenseServer.
  3. In the [Server Management tab](#) of the configuration page of LicenseServer, assign a license to StyleVision Server.
- 

### Starting LicenseServer as a service

To correctly register and license StyleVision Server with LicenseServer, LicenseServer must be running as a service on the network. Start LicenseServer as a service with the following command:

```
[Debian]: sudo /etc/init.d/licenseserver start
[Ubuntu]: sudo initctl start licenseserver
[CentOS]: sudo initctl start licenseserver
[RedHat]: sudo initctl start licenseserver
```

If at any time you need to stop LicenseServer, replace `start` with `stop` in the above command. For example:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/licenseserver stop
```

---

### Registering StyleVision Server

In order to assign StyleVision Server a license from LicenseServer, StyleVision Server must first be registered with LicenseServer. You can register StyleVision Server with the [licenseserver](#) command of the StyleVision Server CLI.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin/stylevisionserver licenseserver
[options] ServerName-Or-IP-Address
```

For example:

```
sudo /opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin/stylevisionserver licenseserver
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the StyleVision Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, it will be listed in the [Server Management tab](#) of the configuration page of LicenseServer. You can now go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server Server.

---

#### **Note on cores and licenses**

StyleVision Server licensing is based on the number of cores available on the StyleVision Server machine. The number of cores licensed must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on the server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine. For example, if a server has eight cores, you must purchase at least an eight-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

## 1.4 Setup on Mac OS X

This section describes the [installation](#) and [licensing](#) of StyleVision Server on Mac OS X systems.

### [Installation on Mac OS X](#)

- [System requirements](#)
- [Uninstalling old versions of Altova server products](#)
- [Downloading the Mac OS X package](#)
- [Installing StyleVision Server](#)
- [Installing Altova LicenseServer](#)

### [Licensing on Mac OS X](#)

- [Licensing procedure](#)
- [Starting LicenseServer as a service](#)
- [Registering StyleVision Server](#)
- [Note on cores and licenses](#)

## 1.4.1 Installation on Mac OS X

This section:

- [System requirements](#)
  - [Uninstalling old versions of Altova server products](#)
  - [Downloading the Mac OS X package](#)
  - [Installing StyleVision Server](#)
  - [Installing Altova LicenseServer](#)
- 

### System requirements

- Mac OS X 10.7 or newer
- 

### Uninstalling old versions of Altova server products

Since you might need to uninstall a previous version, uninstalling is described first.

In the Applications terminal, right-click the StyleVision Server icon and select **Move to Trash**. The application will be moved to Trash. You will, however, still need to remove the application from the `usr` folder. Do this with the command:

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/
```

If you need to uninstall an old version of Altova LicenseServer, you must first stop it running as a service. Do this with the following command:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenseServer.plist
```

To check whether the service has been stopped, open the Activity Monitor terminal and make sure that LicenseServer is not in the list. Then proceed to uninstall in the same way as described above for StyleVision Server.

---

### Downloading the Mac OS X package

After downloading the MacOS X package from the [Altova website](#), copy the package to any directory on the Mac OS X system. Since you will need to have an [Altova LicenseServer](#) installed in order to run StyleVision Server, you may want to download LicenseServer from the [Altova website](#) at the same time as you download StyleVision Server, rather than download it at a later time. The Mac OS X installer file has a `.pkg` file extension.

---

### Installing StyleVision Server

In a terminal window, switch to the directory where you have copied the installer file, and double-click it. Go through the successive steps of the installer wizard. These are

self-explanatory and include one step in which you have to agree to the license agreement before being able to proceed.

The StyleVision Server package will be installed in the folder:

```
/usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014
```

Clicking the StyleVision Server icon in the Application terminal pops up the onscreen help (this documentation).

---

### **Installing Altova LicenseServer**

In order for any Altova Server product—including StyleVision Server—to run, that server product must be licensed via an [Altova LicenseServer](#) on your network.

On Mac OS X systems, [Altova LicenseServer](#) will need to be installed separately. Download [Altova LicenseServer](#) from the [Altova website](#) and double-click the installer package to start the installation. Follow the onscreen instructions. You will need to accept the license agreement for installation to proceed.

The LicenseServer package will be installed in the folder:

```
/usr/local/Altova/LicenseServer
```

For information about how to register StyleVision Server with [Altova LicenseServer](#) and license it, see the section, [Licensing on Mac OS X](#).



## 1.4.2 Licensing on Mac OS X

*This section:*

- [Licensing procedure](#)
  - [Starting LicenseServer as a service](#)
  - [Registering StyleVision Server](#)
  - [Note on cores and licenses](#)
- 

### Licensing procedure

In order to license StyleVision Server installed on a Mac OS X system with an [Altova LicenseServer](#) installed on any machine on the network, do the following:

1. If LicenseServer is not already running as a service, [start it as a service](#).
  2. [Register](#) StyleVision Server with LicenseServer.
  3. In the [Server Management tab](#) of the configuration page of LicenseServer, assign a license to StyleVision Server.
- 

### Starting LicenseServer as a service

To correctly register and license StyleVision Server with LicenseServer, LicenseServer must be running as a service. Start LicenseServer as a service with the following command:

```
sudo launchctl load /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenseServer.plist
```

If at any time you need to stop LicenseServer, replace `load` with `unload` in the above command:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenseServer.plist
```

---

### Registering StyleVision Server

In order to assign StyleVision Server a license from LicenseServer, StyleVision Server must first be registered with LicenseServer. You can register StyleVision Server with the [licenseserver](#) command of the StyleVision Server CLI. For example:

```
sudo /usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin/StyleVisionServer licenseserver localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the StyleVision Server executable is:

```
/usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, it will be listed in the [Server Management tab](#) of the configuration page of LicenseServer. You can now go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server.

**Note on cores and licenses**

StyleVision Server licensing is based on the number of cores available on the StyleVision Server machine. The number of cores licensed must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on the server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine. For example, if a server has eight cores, you must purchase at least an eight-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

## 1.5 Command Line Usage

*This section:*

- [Default location of StyleVision Server executable](#)
- [Usage and list of valid CLI commands](#)

### Default location of StyleVision Server executable

Given below are the default locations of the StyleVision Server executable:

Windows	<ProgramFilesFolder>\Altova\StyleVisionServer2014 \bin\StyleVisionServer.exe
Linux	/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin/stylevisionserver where the first forward slash indicates the root directory.
Mac OS X	/usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/

### Usage and list of valid CLI commands

General command line syntax for `StyleVisionServer` is:

```
StyleVisionServer --h | --help | --version | <command> [options] [arguments]
```

*On Linux systems, use lowercase `stylevisionserver` to call the executable.*

where

<code>--h   --help</code>	Displays the help text.
<code>--version</code>	Displays the version of StyleVision Server.

Valid CLI commands are listed below and are explained in the sub-sections of this section.

<a href="#">licenseserver</a>	Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer on the local network.
<a href="#">generate   gen</a>	Generates one or several documents.
<a href="#">setfopath   sfp</a>	Selects an FO processor for subsequent PDF generation.
<a href="#">exportresourcestrings</a>	Exports all application resource strings to an XML file.
<a href="#">setdeflang   sdl</a>	Sets the default language.
<a href="#">help</a>	Displays help for a specific command. For example: <code>help generate</code>

## 1.5.1 licenseserver

This section:

- [Command syntax](#)
  - [Command description](#)
  - [Examples](#)
  - [Command options](#)
- 

### Command syntax

```
styleVisionServer licenseserver [options] Server-Or-IP-Address
```

Note the following points:

- On Linux systems, use lowercase `stylevisionserver` to call the executable.
  - *Server-Or-IP-Address* identifies the machine on the network on which Altova LicenseServer is installed and running. It can be the machine's name or its IP address.
- 

### Command description

On being executed, the `licenseserver` command registers StyleVision Server with the LicenseServer specified by the *Server-Or-IP-Address* argument.

For the `licenseserver` command to be executed successfully, the two servers must be connected on the network and LicenseServer must be running. You must have administrator privileges to be able to register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer.

Once StyleVision Server has been successfully registered with LicenseServer, you will receive a message to this effect. The message will also display the URL of the LicenseServer. You can now go to LicenseServer to assign StyleVision Server a license. *For details, see the [LicenseServer documentation](#).*

---

### Examples

Examples of the `licenseserver` command:

```
styleVisionServer licenseserver DOC.altova.com
styleVisionServer licenseserver localhost
styleVisionServer licenseserver 127.0.0.1
```

The commands above specify, respectively, the machine named `DOC.altova.com`, and the user's machine (`localhost` and `127.0.0.1`) as the machine running Altova LicenseServer. In each case, the command registers StyleVision Server with the LicenseServer on the machine specified.

---

**Command options**

Options are listed in their short forms (in the first column) and long forms (second column), together with their descriptions (third column). On the command line, one or two dashes can be used for both short and long forms.

<code>--j</code>	<code>--json</code>	Prints the result of the registration attempt as a machine-parsable JSON object. Form: <code>--json=true/false</code>
------------------	---------------------	---

## 1.5.2 generate

This section:

- [Command syntax](#)
- [Command description](#)
- [Examples](#)
- [Command options](#)

### Command syntax

```
styleVisionServer generate | gen [options] --inputxml=Filename InputPXF
```

**Note:** On Linux systems, use lowercase `stylevisionserver` to call the executable.

### Command description

The `generate` command (short form is `gen`) takes:

- an input XML file (`--inputxml`) as a [mandatory option](#), and
- an input PXF file (`InputPXF`) as its argument.

The command generates one or more output files (HTML, PDF, RTF, and/or DOCX) by transforming the input XML file using the XSLT document contained in the input PXF file. At least one [output-creation option](#) must be supplied.

### Examples

Example of the `generate` command:

```
styleVisionServer generate --inputxml=Test.xml --html=Test.html Test.pxf
```

The command above contains the mandatory [--inputxml option](#), the `InputPXF` argument (`Test.pxf`), and a minimum of one [output-creation option](#) (`--html`). If the output-creation option `--html` takes a relative path, as in the example above, the output file's location will be relative to the folder in which the PXF file is.

### Command options

Options are listed in their short forms (in the first column) and long forms (second column), together with their descriptions (third column). On the command line, one or two dashes can be used for both short and long forms.

<code>--xml</code>	<code>--inputxml</code>	The XML file to process. This option is mandatory.
--------------------	-------------------------	--

		Form: <code>--inputxml=Filename</code>
<code>--p</code>	<code>--param</code>	Assigns a value to a parameter defined in the PXF file. Form: <code>--param=ParamName:ParamValue</code> . The <code>--param</code> switch must be used before each parameter. Use quotes if <i>ParamName</i> or <i>ParamValue</i> contains a space. For example: <code>--p=company:"Nanonull Inc"</code> .
<code>--html</code>	<code>--outhtml</code>	The output HTML file to create. Form: <code>--outhtml=Filename</code>
<code>--pdf</code>	<code>--outpdf</code>	The output PDF file to create. Form: <code>--outpdf=Filename</code>
<code>--rtf</code>	<code>--outrtf</code>	The output RTF file to create. Form: <code>--outrtf=Filename</code>
<code>--docx</code>	<code>--outdocx</code>	The output DOCX file to create. Form: <code>--outdocx=Filename</code>
<code>--v</code>	<code>--verbose</code>	The display of all messages can be turned on or off, respectively, with <code>--verbose=true</code> or <code>--verbose=false</code> . Default is <code>false</code> if the option is not provided, <code>true</code> if the option is provided without a value.
<code>--l</code>	<code>--lang</code>	The language used for displaying messages. Form: <code>--lang=languagecode</code> . Languages supported on installation: <code>en</code> , <code>de</code> , <code>es</code> , <code>ja</code>
<code>--h</code>	<code>--help</code>	Displays the help text for the <code>generate</code> command.

**Note:** If the output-creation options (`--html`, `--pdf`, `--rtf`, `--docx`) are given a relative path, the output file's location will be relative to the folder in which the PXF file is.

### 1.5.3 setfopath

*This section:*

- [Command syntax](#)
- [Command description](#)
- [Examples](#)

---

#### Command syntax

```
styleVisionServer setfopath | sfp [options] --path=Path | --pa=Path
```

**Note:** On Linux systems, use lowercase `stylevisionserver` to call the executable.

---

#### Command description

The `setfopath` command (short form is `sfp`) specifies the path to an Apache FOP processor other than that included in the StyleVision Server package.

By default the Apache FOP processor that is included with StyleVision Server is used for processing FO documents and generating PDF output. If you wish to use some other Apache FOP processor instance than the processor supplied with StyleVision Server, use the `setfopath` command.

After an FO processor has been specified with the `setfopath` command, it is this processor that will be used when PDF is generated with subsequent [generate](#) commands. To change processors again, use the `setfopath` command again. To switch back to StyleVision Server's FOP processor, locate the FOP folder on your system and use this path as the argument of `setfopath`.

On Windows systems, the FOP folder will be located under `<ProgramFilesFolder>\Altova\`; on Linux systems in a descendant folder of `<ProgramFilesFolder>\Altova\StyleVisionServer2014`.

---

#### Examples

After running the `setfopath` command, you can use the [generate](#) command to generate a PDF output-file using the just-specified FO processor:

```
styleVisionServer setfopath --path=C:\FOP\FOP.bat
styleVisionServer generate --inputxml=Test.xml --pdf=Test.pdf Test.pxf
```

The commands above do the following:

1. The `setfopath` command specifies that the FO processor at the location `C:\FOP\FOP.bat` is to be used to generate PDF in subsequent PDF-generation commands.
2. The `generate` command generates a PDF file from the specified input XML, using



transformation files contained in the PXF file. The FO processor specified in the previous command is used for generating the PDF.

## 1.5.4 exportresourcestrings

*This section:*

- [Command syntax](#)
- [Arguments](#)
- [Command description](#)
- [Examples](#)
- [Creating localized versions of StyleVision Server](#)

### Command syntax

```
styleVisionServer exportresourcestrings LanguageCode XMLOutputFile
```

**Note:** On Linux systems, use lowercase `stylevisionserver` to call the executable.

### Arguments

The `exportresourcestrings` command takes the following arguments:

LanguageCode	Specifies the language of resource strings in the exported XML file. Supported languages are: en, de, es, ja
XMLOutputFile	Specifies the location and name of the exported XML file.

### Command description

The `exportresourcestrings` command outputs an XML file containing the resource strings of the StyleVision Server application. It takes two arguments: (i) the language of the resource strings in the output XML file, and (ii) the path and name of the output XML file. Allowed export languages (with their language codes in parentheses) are: English (`en`), German, (`de`), Spanish (`es`), and Japanese (`ja`).

### Examples

An example of the `exportresourcestrings` command:

```
styleVisionServer exportresourcestrings de c:\Strings.xml
```

This command creates a file called `Strings.xml` at `c:\` that contains all the resource strings of the StyleVision Server application in German.

### Creating localized versions of StyleVision Server

You can create a localized version of StyleVision Server for any language of your choice. Four localized versions (English, German, Spanish, and Japanese) are already available in the `C:\Program Files (x86)\Altova\StyleVisionServer2014\bin` folder, and therefore do not to be created.

Create a localized version as follows:

1. Generate an XML file containing the resource strings by using the `exportresourcestrings` command (see *command syntax above*). The resource strings in this XML file will be one of the four supported languages: English (`en`), German (`de`), Spanish (`es`), or Japanese (`ja`), according to the `LanguageCode` argument used with the command.
2. Translate the resource strings from one of the four supported languages into the target language. The resource strings are the contents of the `<string>` elements in the XML file. Do not translate variables in curly brackets, such as `{option}` or `{product}`.
3. Contact [Altova Support](#) to generate a localized StyleVision Server DLL file from your translated XML file.
4. After you receive your localized DLL file from [Altova Support](#), save the DLL in the `C:\Program Files (x86)\Altova\<%APPFOLDER%\bin` folder. Your DLL file will have a name of the form `StyleVisionServer2014_1c.dll`. The `_1c` part of the name contains the language code. For example, in `StyleVisionServer2014_de.dll`, the `de` part is the language code for German (Deutsch).
5. Run the `setdeflang` command to set your localized DLL file as the StyleVision Server application to use. For the argument of the `setdeflang` command, use the language code that is part of the DLL name.

**Note:** Altova StyleVision Server is delivered with support for four languages: English, German, Spanish, and Japanese. So you do not need to create a localized version of these languages. To set any of these four languages as the default language, use StyleVision Server's `setdeflang` command.

## 1.5.5 setdeflang

*This section:*

- [Command syntax](#)
  - [Command description](#)
  - [Examples](#)
  - [Supported languages](#)
- 

### Command syntax

```
styleVisionServer setdeflang | sdl LanguageCode
```

**Note:** On Linux systems, use lowercase `stylevisionserver` to call the executable.

---

### Command description

The `setdeflang` command (short form is `sdl`) sets the default language of StyleVision Server. It takes a mandatory `LanguageCode` argument.

---

### Examples

An example of the `setdeflang` command:

```
styleVisionServer setdeflang DE
```

The command above sets the default language for messages to German.

---

### Supported languages

The table below lists the languages currently supported together with their language codes.

EN	English
DE	German
ES	Spanish
JA	Japanese

## 1.5.6 help

This section:

- [Command syntax](#)
  - [Command description](#)
  - [Examples](#)
  - [The --help option](#)
- 

### Command syntax

```
styleVisionServer help Command
```

**Note:** On Linux systems, use lowercase `stylevisionserver` to call the executable.

---

### Command description

The `help` command takes a single argument (*Command*): the name of the command for which help is required. It displays the correct syntax of the command and other information relevant to the correct execution of the command.

---

### Examples

An example of the `help` command:

```
styleVisionServer help exportresourcestrings
```

The command above contains one argument: the command `exportresourcestrings`, for which help is required. When the example command above is executed, information about the `exportresourcestrings` command will be displayed in the terminal.

---

### The --help option

Help information about a command is also available by using the `--help` option with the command for which help information is required. For example, using the `--help` option with the `exportresourcestrings` command, as follows:

```
styleVisionServer exportresourcestrings --help
```

achieves the same result as does using the `help` command with an argument of `exportresourcestrings`:

```
styleVisionServer help exportresourcestrings
```

In both cases, help information about the `exportresourcestrings` command is displayed.

## 1.6 Altova LicenseServer

Altova LicenseServer (hereafter also called LicenseServer) provides a central location for the management of licenses for Altova products. Altova applications running in a network can have licenses assigned to them from the LicenseServer, thus giving administrators the flexibility to manage and monitor licenses.

### Licensing process with Altova LicenseServer

To assign an Altova server product a license using Altova LicenseServer, you need to do the following:

1. [Start LicenseServer](#).
2. Open the [LicenseServer Configuration page](#), which is the administrator's interface with LicenseServer, on [Windows](#) or [Linux](#).
3. [Upload the license/s](#) you have received from Altova to the license pool of your Altova LicenseServer. Do this in the [License Pool](#) tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page.
4. Register the Altova server product ([FlowForce Server](#), [MapForce Server](#), [StyleVision Server](#), [Register RaptorXML\(+XBRL\) Server with LicenseServer](#)) with LicenseServer. Depending on the product's type, the method of registering it with LicenseServer will be different: either via the product's GUI or its command line. See the documentation of your Altova server product for information about how to register it with LicenseServer.
5. In the [Server Management](#) tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page, [assign a license](#) to the Altova server product according to the number of cores on the product machine.

Licenses can thereafter be conveniently monitored and managed centrally with LicenseServer. See the [Configuration Page Reference](#) for available functionality.

### About this documentation

This documentation is organized into the following parts:

- Introductory information about: [network requirements](#); installation on [Windows](#) and [Linux](#); and [Altova ServiceController](#).
- [How to Assign Licenses](#), which describes in a step-by-step way how to assign licenses with Altova LicenseServer.
- [Configuration Page Reference](#): A description of the administrator's interface with LicenseServer.

Note:

The LicenseServer administration interface does not support SSL.

## 1.6.1 Network Information

Altova LicenseServer must be installed on a server machine that is accessible by all clients running Altova products that require a license. Any firewall on both the client and server must allow the network traffic to and from the LicenseServer that is necessary for the LicenseServer to operate correctly.

On the LicenseServer, **port 35355** is used to distribute licenses, and therefore it must be open for network traffic with client machines.

The following are the default networking parameters and requirements of LicenseServer:

- *For LicenseServer license distribution:*  
Either one or both of  
IPv4 TCP connection on port 35355  
IPv6 TCP connection on port 35355

For administrative tasks, The LicenseServer is accessed by a web interface that uses port 8088. The port used can be [configured to suit your requirements](#).

### **Connection to the Master Licensing Server at altova.com**

The Altova LicenseServer needs to be able to communicate with the Master Licensing Server at `altova.com` to validate and authenticate license-related data and to ensure continuous compliance with the Altova license agreements. This communication occurs over HTTPS using port 443. If the Altova LicenseServer, after making the initial verification with the `altova.com` Master Licensing Server, is unable to again connect with `altova.com` for a duration of more than 5 days (= 120 hours), then the Altova LicenseServer will no longer permit the usage of any Altova software products connected to the Altova LicenseServer.

Any such loss of connection with the `altova.com` master servers will be logged in the [Messages tab](#) of the [Configuration page of the Altova LicenseServer](#). In addition, the administrator can configure the Altova LicenseServer to automatically send an alert email when the connection to `altova.com` is lost. Alert Mail settings are available in the [Settings tab](#) of the [Configuration page](#).



## 1.6.2 Installation (Windows)

Altova LicenseServer can be installed on Windows systems in one of two ways:

- As an independent installation.
- As part of an Altova server product installation. (Altova server products are: Altova FlowForce Server, Altova MapForce Server, and Altova StyleVision Server.)

If LicenseServer is not installed on your system at the time an Altova server product is installed, the option to install LicenseServer is selected by default during installation setup. If LicenseServer is already installed, the option to install it is deselected by default. You can change the default option if you like.

**Note:** If you wish to re-install Altova LicenseServer, you must first de-install the older version.

For information about how to proceed with assigning licenses, see the section [How to Assign Licenses](#).

### 1.6.3 Installation (Linux)

Altova LicenseServer can be installed on Linux systems (Debian, Ubuntu, CentOS, RedHat).

#### Uninstalling old versions of LicenseServer

On the Linux command line interface (CLI), you can check whether LicenseServer is installed with the following command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:  dpkg --list | grep Altova
[CentOS, RedHat]:  rpm -qa | grep server
```

If LicenseServer is not installed, go ahead with the installation as documented in the next steps. If LicenseServer is installed and you wish to install a newer version of it, uninstall the old version with the command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:  sudo dpkg --remove licenseserver
[CentOS, RedHat]:  sudo rpm -e licenseserver
```

#### Installing Altova LicenseServer

On Linux systems, LicenseServer must be installed independently of other Altova server products. It is not included as part of the installation packages of Altova server products. Download Altova LicenseServer from the [Altova website](#) and copy the package to any directory on the Linux system.

Distribution	Installer extension
Debian	.deb
Ubuntu	.deb
CentOS	.rpm
RedHat	.rpm

In a terminal window, switch to the directory where you have copied the Linux package. For example, if you copied it to a user directory called `MyAltova` (that is located, say, in the `/home/User` directory), then switch to this directory as follows:

```
cd /home/User/MyAltova
```

Install LicenseServer with the following command:

```
[Debian]:  sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.5-debian.deb
[Ubuntu]:  sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.5-ubuntu.deb
[CentOS]:  sudo rpm -ivh licenseserver-1.5-1.x86_64.rpm
[RedHat]:  sudo rpm -ivh licenseserver-1.5-1.x86_64.rpm
```

The LicenseServer package will be installed in:

```
/opt/Altova/LicenseServer
```

For information about how to proceed with assigning licenses, see the section [How to Assign Licenses](#).



## 1.6.4 Installation (Mac OS X)

Altova LicenseServer can be installed on Mac OS X systems (version 10.7 or higher). Since you might need to uninstall a previous version, uninstalling is described first.

### Uninstalling old versions of LicenseServer

Before uninstalling LicenseServer, stop the service with the following command:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenseServer.plist
```

To check whether the service has been stopped, open the Activity Monitor terminal and make sure that LicenseServer is not in the list.

In the Applications terminal, right-click the LicenseServer icon and select **Move to Trash**. The application will be moved to Trash. You will, however, still need to remove the application from the `usr` folder. Do this with the command:

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/Altova/LicenseServer
```

---

### Installing Altova LicenseServer

Download Altova LicenseServer from the [Altova website](#) (the installer file has a `.pkg` file extension), and double-click the installer package to start the installation. Follow the on-screen instructions. You will need to accept the license agreement for installation to proceed.

The LicenseServer package will be installed in the folder:

```
/usr/local/Altova/LicenseServer
```

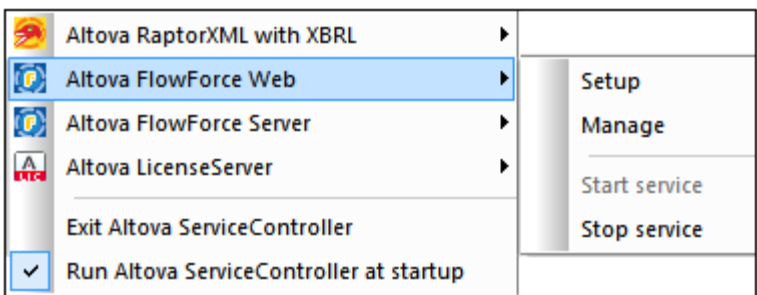
### 1.6.5 Altova ServiceController

The Altova ServiceController (hereafter also called ServiceController) is an application for conveniently starting, stopping and configuring Altova services **on Windows systems**. It is not available on Linux systems.

Altova ServiceController is installed with Altova LicenseServer, and can be started by clicking its command in the Altova LicenseServer folder of the **Start** menu. After the ServiceController has been started, it can be accessed via the system tray (*screenshot below*).



To run the ServiceController after logging in to the system, click the ServiceController icon in the system tray to pop up the ServiceController menu (*screenshot below*), and then toggle on the command **Run Altova ServiceController at Startup**. (This command is toggled on by default.) To exit ServiceController, click the ServiceController icon in the system tray and, in the menu that pops up (*see screenshot below*), click **Exit Altova ServiceController**.



#### Starting and stopping Altova services

Each installed Altova service component will have an entry in the ServiceController menu (see *screenshot above*). An Altova service can be started or stopped via a command in its ServiceController sub-menu. Additionally, important administration tasks of individual services can be accessed via the ServiceController menu. In the screenshot above, for example, the Altova FlowForce Web service has a sub-menu in which you can choose to access its Setup page.

## 1.6.6 How to Assign Licenses

To assign an Altova server product a license using Altova LicenseServer, you need to do the following:

1. [Start LicenseServer](#).
2. Open the [LicenseServer Configuration page](#), which is the administrator's interface with LicenseServer, on [Windows](#) or [Linux](#).
3. [Upload the license/s](#) you have received from Altova to the license pool of your Altova LicenseServer. Do this in the [License Pool](#) tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page.
4. Register the Altova server product ([FlowForce Server](#), [MapForce Server](#), [StyleVision Server](#)) with LicenseServer. Depending on the product's type, the method of registering it with LicenseServer will be different: either via the product's GUI or its command line. See the documentation of your Altova server product for information about how to register it with LicenseServer.
5. In the [Server Management](#) tab of the [LicenseServer Configuration page](#), [assign a license](#) to the Altova server product according to the number of cores on the product machine.

### Note on cores and licenses

The licensing of Altova server products is based on the number of processor cores available on the product machine. For example, a dual-core processor has two cores, a quad-core processor four cores, a hexa-core processor six cores, and so on. The number of cores licensed for a product on a particular server machine must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on that server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine.

For example, if a server has eight cores (an octa-core processor), you must purchase at least an 8-core license. You can also combine licenses to achieve the core count. So, two 4-core licenses can also be used for an octa-core server instead of an 8-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

**Note:** Each license can be used for only one client machine at a time, even if it has unused licensing capacity. For example, if a 10-core license is used for a client machine that has 6 CPU cores, then the remaining 4 cores of the license cannot be used simultaneously for another client machine.

### Start LicenseServer

*This section:*

- How to start LicenseServer on [Windows systems](#)
- How to start LicenseServer on [Linux systems](#)
- How to start LicenseServer on [Mac OS X systems](#)
- Note about [Connection to altova.com](#)

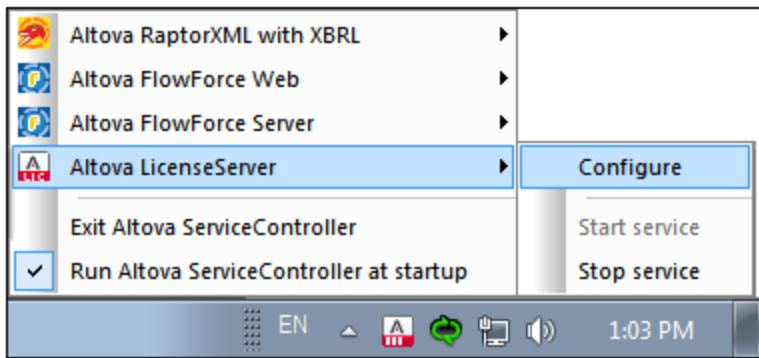
---

### Windows systems

You can start LicenseServer via the Altova ServiceController, which is available in the system

tray.

First, click **Start | All Programs | Altova LicenseServer | Altova ServiceController** to start Altova ServiceController and display its icon in the system tray (see screenshot below). If you select the *Run Altova ServiceController at Startup* option, Altova ServiceController will start up on system start and its icon will be available in the system tray from then onwards.



To start LicenseServer, click the Altova ServiceController icon in the system tray, mouse over **Altova LicenseServer** in the menu that pops up (see screenshot above), and then select **Start Service** from the LicenseServer submenu. If LicenseServer is already running, the *Start Service* option will be disabled.

### Linux systems

To start LicenseServer as a service on Linux systems, run the following command in a terminal window.

```
[Debian]:          sudo /etc/init.d/licenseserver start
[Ubuntu]:          sudo initctl start licenseserver
[CentOS]:          sudo initctl start licenseserver
[RedHat]:          sudo initctl start licenseserver
```

(If you need to stop LicenseServer, replace **start** with **stop** in the above command)

### Mac OS X systems

To start LicenseServer as a service on Mac OS X systems, run the following command in a terminal window:

```
sudo launchctl load /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenseServer.plist
```

If at any time you need to stop LicenseServer, use:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenseServer.plist
```

#### Connection to the Master Licensing Server at altova.com

The Altova LicenseServer needs to be able to communicate with the Master Licensing

Server at `altova.com` to validate and authenticate license-related data and to ensure continuous compliance with the Altova license agreements. This communication occurs over HTTPS using port 443. If the Altova LicenseServer, after making the initial verification with the `altova.com` Master Licensing Server, is unable to again connect with `altova.com` for a duration of more than 5 days (= 120 hours), then the Altova LicenseServer will no longer permit the usage of any Altova software products connected to the Altova LicenseServer.

Any such loss of connection with the `altova.com` master servers will be logged in the [Messages tab](#) of the [Configuration page of the Altova LicenseServer](#). In addition, the administrator can configure the Altova LicenseServer to automatically send an alert email when the connection to `altova.com` is lost. Alert Mail settings are available in the [Settings tab](#) of the [Configuration page](#).

### Open LicenseServer Config Page (Windows)

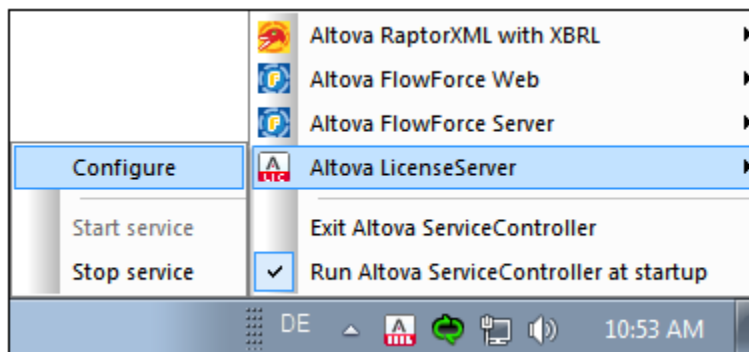
This section:

- [Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on the same machine](#)
- [Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on another machine](#)
- [Logging in with the initial password](#)
- [Setting a fixed port for the Configuration page](#)

#### Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on the same machine

On Windows systems, if LicenseServer is on the same machine, you can open the [Configuration page](#) of LicenseServer in one of two ways:

- Click **Start | All Programs | Altova LicenseServer | LicenseServer Configuration Page**. The Configuration page opens in a new tab of your Internet browser.
- Click the Altova ServiceController icon in the system tray, mouse over **Altova LicenseServer** in the menu that pops up (see *screenshot below*), and then select **Configure** from the LicenseServer submenu.



The [Configuration page](#) opens in a new browser window, and its login mask is displayed (*screenshot below*).

#### Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on another machine



To open the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) from some other Windows machine on the local network (than that on which LicenseServer is installed), enter the URL of the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) in the address bar of a browser and press **Enter**. By default, the URL of the Configuration page will be:

```
http://<serverIPAddressOrName>:8088/
```

The URL is present in the HTML code of the Configuration page itself, which is named `webUI.html` and is located at:

```
C:/ProgramData/Altova/LicenseServer/WebUI.html
```

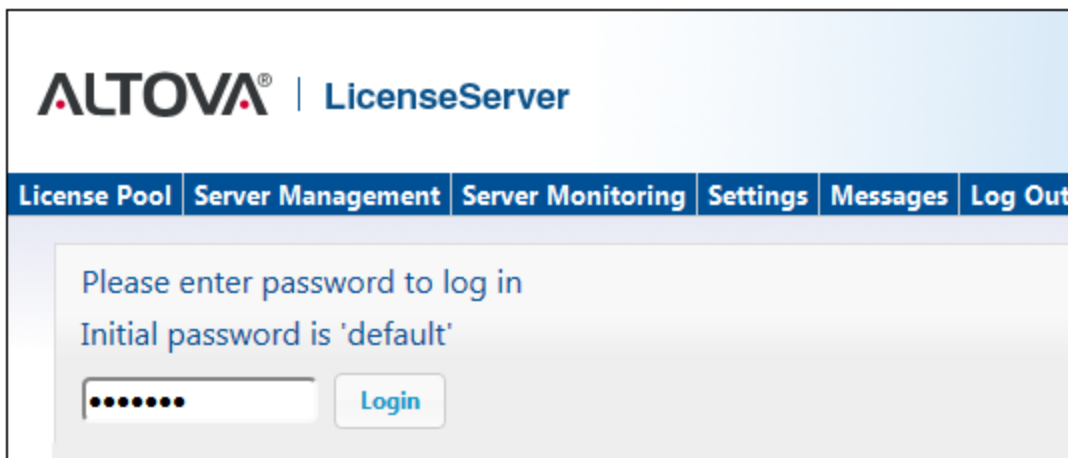
If you have [set the URL of the Configuration page](#) to be generated dynamically (in the Settings tab of the Configuration page), then a new URL is generated each time LicenseServer is started. You will need to check the current version of `webUI.html` to find out the current URL of the [Configuration page](#).

The dynamically generated URL in `webUI.html` will have a form something like:

`http://127.0.0.1:55541/optionally-an-additional-string`, and it is located in the function `checkIfServiceRunning()` in a script near the end of the `<head>` element. While the port number in the URL is dynamically assigned, the IP address part identifies the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. If you wish to access the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) from another machine, make sure that the IP address part of the URL has the correct IP address or name of the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. For example, the URL could be something like: `http://MyServer:55541`.

### Logging in with the initial password

After going through the steps above, the [Configuration page](#) is opened with the login mask displayed (*screenshot below*). You can log in with the initial password of `default`. After you have logged in, you can change your password in the [Settings](#) tab.



### Setting a fixed or dynamic port for the Configuration page

The port of the Configuration page (and consequently its address) can be specified in the [Settings page](#). By default the port is `8088`. You can set any other port you want for the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) (see *screenshot below*). Alternatively, you allow the port to

be selected dynamically each time LicenseServer starts up. In this case, you will need to find out the URL of the Configuration page from the file `WebUI.html` (see [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Windows\)](#) and [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Linux\)](#)).

### Web UI

Configure the host addresses where the web UI is available to administrators.

All interfaces and assigned IP addresses  
 Local only (localhost)  
 Only the following hostname or IP address:   
Ensure this hostname or IP address exists or LicenseServer will fail to start!

---

Configure the port used for the web UI.

Dynamically chosen by the operating system  
 Fixed port   
Ensure this port is available or LicenseServer will fail to start!

The advantage of a fixed port is that the page URL is known in advance and therefore can be accessed easily. If the port is assigned dynamically, the port part of the URL will have to be looked up in the file `WebUI.html` each time LicenseServer is started afresh.

### Open LicenseServer Config Page (Linux)

This section:

- [Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL](#)
- [URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page](#)
- [Logging in with the initial password](#)
- [Setting a fixed port for the Configuration page](#)

### Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL

On Linux systems, when you register your Altova server product with LicenseServer via the CLI, the URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page is returned. On opening this URL in a browser, you are prompted to read and accept the license agreement. After accepting the license agreement, the Configuration page's login mask is displayed (*screenshot below*).

### URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page

To open the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) at any time, enter its URL in the address bar of a browser and press **Enter**. By default, the URL of the Configuration page will be:

```
http://<serverIPAddressOrName>:8088/
```

The URL is present in the HTML code of the Configuration page itself, which is named `webUI.html` and is located at:

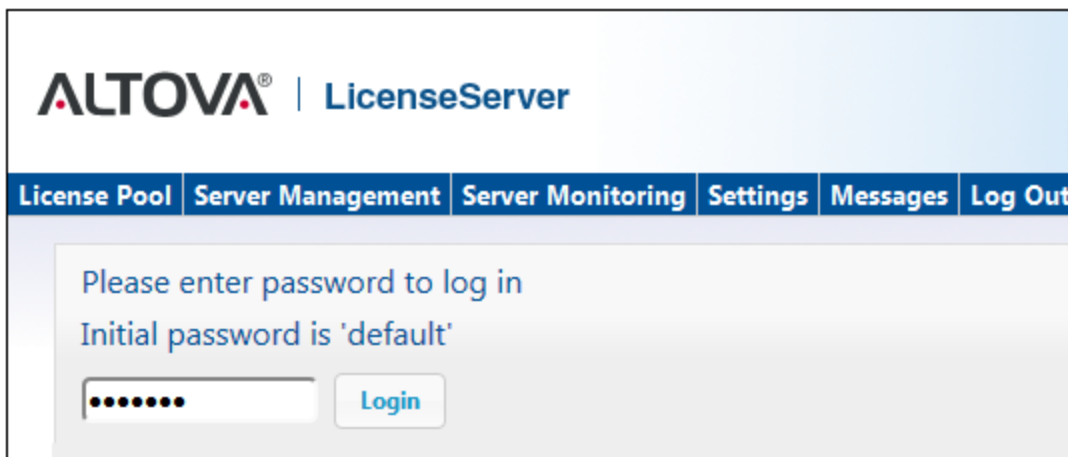
```
/var/opt/Altova/LicenseServer/webUI.html
```

If you have [set the URL of the Configuration page](#) to be generated dynamically (in the Settings tab of the Configuration page), then a new URL is generated each time LicenseServer is started. You will need to check the current version of `webUI.html` to find out the current URL of the [Configuration page](#).

The dynamically generated URL in `webUI.html` will have a form something like: `http://127.0.0.1:55541`, and it is located in the function `checkIfServiceRunning()` in a script near the end of the `<head>` element. While the port number in the URL is dynamically assigned, the IP address part identifies the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. If you wish to access the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) from another machine, make sure that the IP address part of the URL has the correct IP address or name of the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. For example, the URL could be something like: `http://MyServer:55541`.

### Logging in with the initial password

After going through the steps above, the [Configuration page](#) is opened with the login mask displayed (*screenshot below*). You can log in with the initial password of `default`. After you have logged in, you can change your password in the [Settings](#) tab.



### Setting a fixed or dynamic port for the Configuration page

The port of the Configuration page (and consequently its address) can be specified in the [Settings page](#). By default the port is `8088`. You can set any other port you want for the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) (see *screenshot below*). Alternatively, you allow the port to be selected dynamically each time LicenseServer starts up. In this case, you will need to find out the URL of the Configuration page from the file `WebUI.html` (see [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Windows\)](#) and [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Linux\)](#)).

**Web UI**

Configure the host addresses where the web UI is available to administrators.

All interfaces and assigned IP addresses

Local only (localhost)

Only the following hostname or IP address:

Ensure this hostname or IP address exists or LicenseServer will fail to start!

Configure the port used for the web UI.

Dynamically chosen by the operating system

Fixed port

Ensure this port is available or LicenseServer will fail to start!

The advantage of a fixed port is that the page URL is known in advance and therefore can be accessed easily. If the port is assigned dynamically, the port part of the URL will have to be looked up in the file `webUI.html` each time LicenseServer is started afresh.

### Open LicenseServer Config Page (Mac OS X)

*This section:*

- [Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL](#)
- [URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page](#)
- [Logging in with the initial password](#)
- [Setting a fixed port for the Configuration page](#)

---

### Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL

On Mac OS X systems, when you register your Altova server product with LicenseServer via the CLI, the URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page is returned. On opening this URL in a browser, you are prompted to read and accept the license agreement. After accepting the license agreement, the Configuration page's login mask is displayed (*screenshot below*).

### URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page

To open the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) at any time, enter its URL in the address bar of a browser and press **Enter**. By default, the URL of the Configuration page will be:

```
http://<serverIPAddressOrName>:8088/
```

The URL is present in the HTML code of the Configuration page itself, which is named `webUI.html` and is located at:

```
/var/Altova/LicenseServer/webUI.html
```

If you have [set the URL of the Configuration page](#) to be generated dynamically (in the Settings tab of the Configuration page), then a new URL is generated each time LicenseServer is started. You will need to check the current version of `webUI.html` to find out the current URL of the [Configuration page](#).

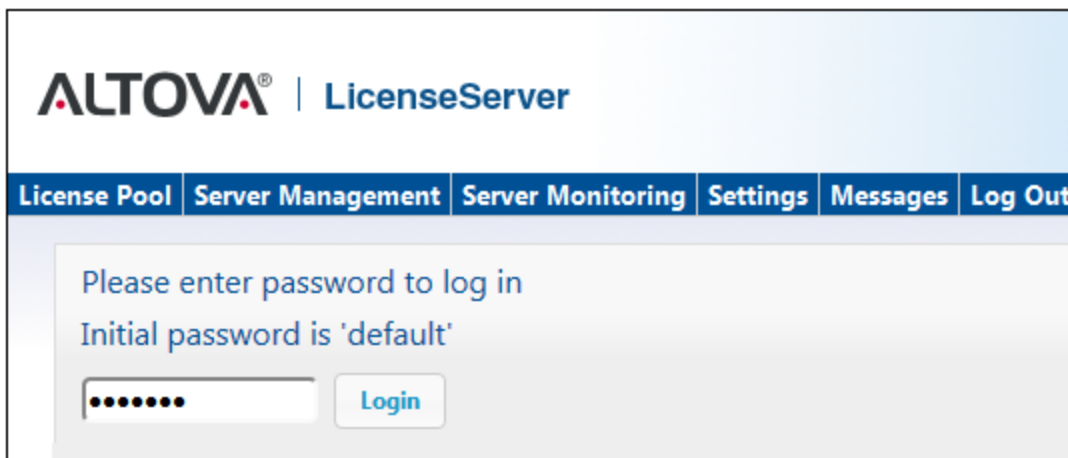
The dynamically generated URL in `webUI.html` will have a form something like:

`http://127.0.0.1:55541`, and it is located in the function `checkIfServiceRunning()` in a script near the end of the `<head>` element. While the port number in the URL is dynamically assigned, the IP address part identifies the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. If you wish to access the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) from another machine, make sure that the IP address part of the URL has the correct IP address or name of the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. For example, the URL could be something like: `http://MyServer:55541`.

**Note:** The [Configuration page](#) can also be accessed directly via the **Finder | Applications | Altova License Server** icon.

#### Logging in with the initial password

After going through the steps above, the [Configuration page](#) is opened with the login mask displayed (*screenshot below*). You can log in with the initial password of `default`. After you have logged in, you can change your password in the [Settings](#) tab.



#### Setting a fixed or dynamic port for the Configuration page

The port of the Configuration page (and consequently its address) can be specified in the [Settings page](#). By default the port is `8088`. You can set any other port you want for the LicenseServer [Configuration page](#) (see *screenshot below*). Alternatively, you allow the port to be selected dynamically each time LicenseServer starts up. In this case, you will need to find out the URL of the Configuration page from the file `webUI.html` (see [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Windows\)](#) and [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Linux\)](#)).

### Web UI

Configure the host addresses where the web UI is available to administrators.

All interfaces and assigned IP addresses

Local only (localhost)

Only the following hostname or IP address:   
Ensure this hostname or IP address exists or LicenseServer will fail to start!

---

Configure the port used for the web UI.

Dynamically chosen by the operating system

Fixed port   
Ensure this port is available or LicenseServer will fail to start!

The advantage of a fixed port is that the page URL is known in advance and therefore can be accessed easily. If the port is assigned dynamically, the port part of the URL will have to be looked up in the file `webUI.html` each time LicenseServer is started afresh.

## Upload Licenses to LicenseServer

*This section:*

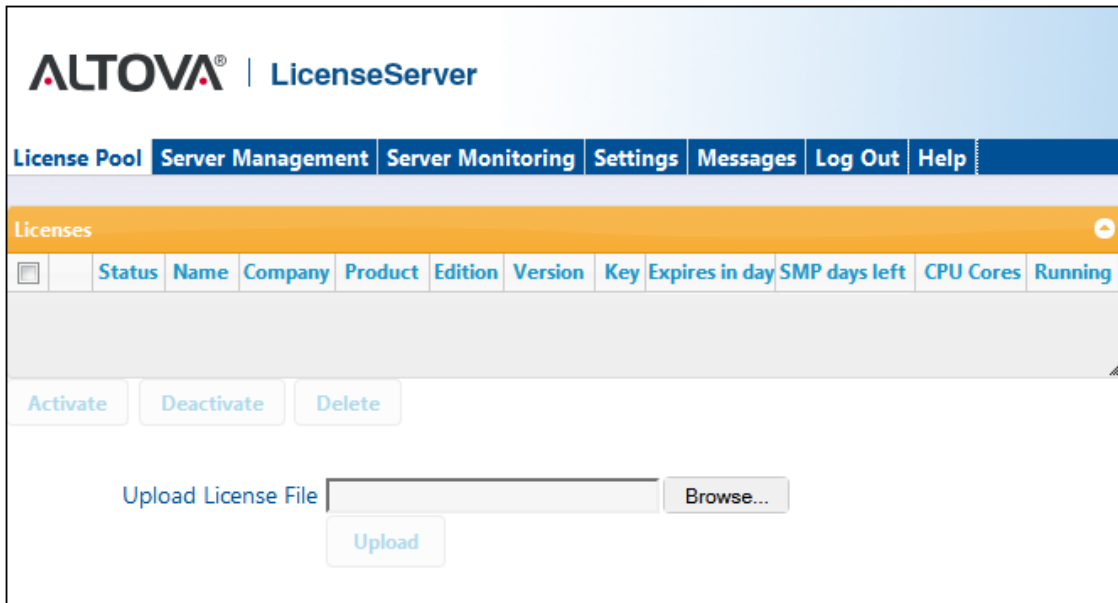
- [Uploading a license file to the license pool of LicenseServer](#)
- [License status](#)
- [Activating the licenses you wish to use](#)
- [Next steps](#)

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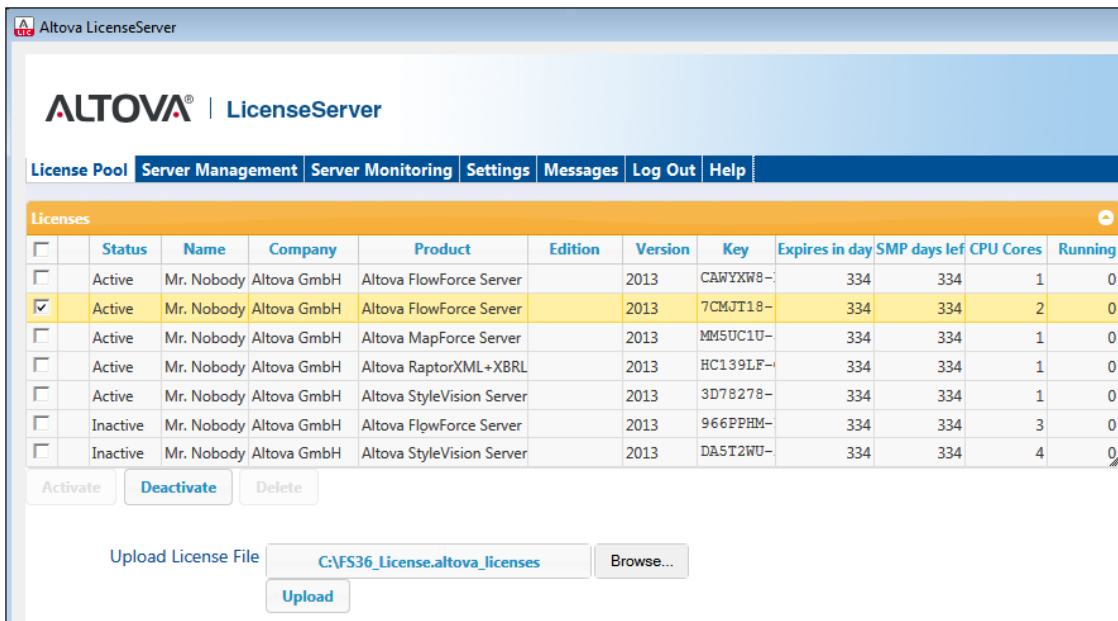
### Uploading a license file to the license pool of LicenseServer

After you have obtained a license file from Altova, you must upload it to the Altova LicenseServer. (How to do this is described below.) Each license file can contain one or more licenses and depends on your purchase. When you upload a license file, all the licenses in it will be uploaded to the server and can be assigned to an Altova product that has been registered with that LicenseServer. All the uploaded licenses, from one or more license files and for all Altova products, are collected in a license pool on the LicenseServer. The license pool is displayed in the License Pool tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page (*screenshot below*).

License files are uploaded to the LicenseServer using the Upload function of the License Pool tab (*see screenshot below*).



Click the **Browse** button and select the license file you want. The license file will appear in the Upload License File text field and the **Upload** button will be enabled. Click the **Upload** button to upload the license file. All the licenses in the file are uploaded and displayed in the License Pool tab. The screenshot below shows multiple licenses, uploaded from multiple license files.



**License status**

License status values are as follows:

- *Activating:* When a license is uploaded into the license pool of LicenseServer, the server will transmit license-related data to the `altova.com` master licensing server to validate, authenticate, and activate the license that was supplied. This is necessary to

ensure compliance with the Altova license agreements. During this initial activation and authentication transaction—which typically lasts between 30 seconds and a couple of minutes, depending on your Internet connection, speed, and overall network traffic—the status of the license will be indicated as *Activating...*

- *Failed Verification*: If a connection with the `altova.com` master licensing server cannot be made, then the status of the license in the pool will be shown as *Failed Verification*. If this happens, check your Internet connection and firewall rules to ensure that LicenseServer is able to communicate with the `altova.com` master licensing server.
- *Active*: Once the license has been authenticated and activated, the status in the pool will change to *Active*.
- *Inactive*: If a license has been verified, but is present on another LicenseServer on the network, the status in the pool will be shown as *Inactive*. An *Inactive* status also results when a license is manually deactivated in the license pool by the administrator.
- *Blocked*: A license is shown in the license pool as *Blocked* if there was a problem authenticating the license and the `altova.com` master licensing server has not granted permission to the LicenseServer to use this license. This could be the result of a license agreement violation, over-usage of a license, or other compliance issues. Should you see a license showing up as *Blocked*, please contact Altova Support with your license information and any other relevant data.

These statuses are summarized in the table below:

Status	Meaning
<i>Activating...</i>	On upload, license information is sent to <code>altova.com</code> for verification. Refresh the browser to view the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.
<i>Failed Verification</i>	A connection to <code>altova.com</code> could not be made. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or activate the license (with the <b>Activate</b> button).
<i>Active</i>	Verification was successful, the license is active.
<i>Inactive</i>	Verification was successful, but the license is on another LicenseServer on the network. Licenses can be made inactive with the <b>Deactivate</b> button.
<i>Blocked</i>	Verification was not successful. License is invalid and is blocked. Contact <a href="#">Altova Support</a> .

**Note:** After a license has been sent to `altova.com` for verification, the browser must be refreshed to see the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.

**Note:** If a connection to `altova.com` could not be made, the status will be *Failed Verification*. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or try activating the license with the **Activate** button.

**Note:** When a license is given a status of *Inactive* or *Blocked*, a message explaining the status is also added to the Messages log.

Only an active license can be assigned to a product installation. An inactive license can be activated or deleted from the license pool. If a license is deleted from the license pool, it can be



uploaded again to the pool by uploading the license file containing it. When a license file is updated, only those licenses in it that are not already in the pool will be uploaded to the pool. To activate, deactivate, or delete a license, select it and then click the **Activate**, **Deactivate**, or **Delete** button, respectively.

### Activate the license/s you wish to use

Before you can assign a license to an Altova product, it must be active. So do ensure it is active. If it is inactive, select it and click **Activate**.

### Next Steps

After you have uploaded the license file to the LicenseServer and checked that the license you want is active, do the following:

1. Register the Altova server product ([FlowForce Server](#), [MapForce Server](#), [StyleVision Server](#)) with LicenseServer. (If you have already done this prior to uploading the license file, you can now start assigning licenses.)
2. [Assign a license](#) to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

### Register FlowForce Server with LicenseServer

This section:

- [Methods of registering FlowForce Server with LicenseServer](#)
- [Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page \(Windows\)](#)
- [Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page \(Linux\)](#)
- [Registering FlowForce Server via the Setup page \(Windows and Linux\)](#)
- [Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI \(Windows\)](#)
- [Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI \(Linux\)](#)
- [Next steps](#)

---

### Methods of registering FlowForce Server

FlowForce Server can be registered with LicenseServer using any of the following methods:

- [Via the FlowForce Server Setup page \(Windows and Linux\)](#)
- [Via the FlowForce CLI \(Windows\)](#)
- [Via the FlowForce CLI \(Linux\)](#)

### Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page (Windows)

The FlowForce Server Setup page can be accessed in one of the following ways:

- Via the **Start** menu:  
*Start | Altova FlowForce Server 2014 | FlowForce Server Setup Page*
- Via [Altova ServiceController](#): Click the ServiceController icon in the system tray. In the

menu that pops up, select *Altova FlowForce Web | Setup*.

This pops up the FlowForce Server Setup page (*screenshot above*).

### **Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page (Linux)**

After you have installed FlowForce Server on Linux (see the FlowForce Server user documentation for information about how to do this), start FlowForce Web Server as a service with the following command:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/flowforcewebserver start
```

A message containing the URL of the FlowForce Server Setup appears in the terminal window:

```
FlowForceWeb running on http://127.0.1.1:3459/setup?key=52239315203
```

Enter the URL into the address field of a browser and hit Enter to access FlowForce Server Setup page (*screenshot above*).

### **Registering FlowForce Server via the Setup page (Windows and Linux)**

In the Setup page (*screenshot below*)—how to access it is described above—the LicenseServer field specifies the Altova LicenseServer to be used for registration.

The LicenseServer can be specified in one of two ways.

- You can search for Altova LicenseServers that are currently available on the network—that is, those that are currently running. Do this by clicking the **Search for Altova LicenseServers** button (*highlighted yellow in the screenshot below*).

The search returns a list of available Altova LicenseServers on the network. One LicenseServer will be selected (*screenshot below*) and the others will be available in the dropdown list of the combo box. Select the LicenseServer on which your FlowForce license is stored.

LicenseServer

techwriter.altova.com

Register with LicenseServer

- Alternatively, you can enter the address of the LicenseServer in the LicenseServer field. If the currently running LicenseServers are available as a dropdown list, you must click the **Manually Enter Address** button to be able to enter an address in the LicenseServer field.

After you have specified the LicenseServer, click **Register with LicenseServer**. The Altova server application will be registered with the specified LicenseServer, and that LicenseServer's [Configuration page](#) will open in a browser with its Server Management tab active (*screenshot below*).

**Note:** You may need to allow pop-ups in order for the LicenseServer Configuration page to be displayed.

**ALTOVA® | LicenseServer**

License Pool | **Server Management** | Server Monitoring | Settings | Messages | Log Out | Help

▼ DOC.altova.com

Altova FlowForce Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Key Code Max licensed CPU cores	CPU Cores 0		
Altova MapForce Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Key Code Max licensed CPU cores	CPU Cores 0		
Altova StyleVision Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Key Code Max licensed CPU cores	CPU Cores 0		

Request evaluation licenses

Unregister server and all products

In the screenshot below, three Altova products have been registered with the Altova LicenseServer at `DOC.altova.com`. How to assign licenses is described in the next section, [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI (Windows)

On Windows machines, FlowForce Server can also be registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network via the command line (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
FlowForceServer licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For example, if LicenseServer is running on `http://localhost:8088`, then register FlowForce Server with:

```
FlowForceServer licenseserver localhost
```

If FlowForce Server was installed with other Altova server products as sub-packages, registering FlowForce Server will automatically also register the Altova server products. After successfully registering FlowForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to FlowForce Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI (Linux)

On Linux machines, FlowForce Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the `licenseserver` command of the FlowForce Server CLI. Note that FlowForce Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/FlowForceServer2014/bin/flowforceserver licenseserver localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the FlowForce Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/MapForceServer2014/bin
```

After successfully registering FlowForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to FlowForce Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Next Steps

After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, [Upload Licenses to LicenseServer](#)), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, [Assign Licenses](#).
2. [Assign a license](#) to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

## Register MapForce Server with LicenseServer

*This section:*

- [Registering MapForce Server from FlowForce Server \(Windows\)](#)
  - [Registering a standalone MapForce Server \(Windows\)](#)
  - [Registering MapForce Server \(Linux\)](#)
  - [Next steps](#)
- 

MapForce Server can be installed as part of the FlowForce Server package or as a standalone server product. In either case, it must be registered with Altova LicenseServer. Only after it has been registered with LicenseServer can a [license be assigned](#) to it from LicenseServer. On Windows systems, if MapForce Server was installed as part of the FlowForce Server package, it will automatically be registered when FlowForce is registered. On Linux systems, only if MapForce Server is installed after FlowForce Server will it be registered automatically when FlowForce Server is registered subsequently.

### Registering MapForce Server from FlowForce Server (Windows)

MapForce Server is packaged with FlowForce Server, so when FlowForce Server is registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network, MapForce Server will automatically also be registered with LicenseServer. How to register FlowForce Server is described in the FlowForce Server documentation and in the section, [Register FlowForce Server with LicenseServer](#).

After the registration, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a MapForce Server license to MapForce Server. How to do this is described in the section, [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Registering a standalone MapForce Server (Windows)

If you have installed MapForce Server as a standalone package, you must register it with an Altova LicenseServer on your network and then license it from the Altova LicenseServer. You can register MapForce Server via its command line interface (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
MapForceServer licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For example, if LicenseServer is running on `http://localhost:8088`, then register MapForce Server with:

```
MapForceServer licenseserver localhost
```

After successfully registering MapForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to MapForce Server. How to do this is described in the section, [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Registering MapForce Server (Linux)

On Linux machines, MapForce Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the

`licenseserver` command of the MapForce Server CLI. Note that MapForce Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/MapForceServer2014/bin/mapforceserver licenseserver
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the MapForce Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/MapForceServer2014/bin
```

After successfully registering MapForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to MapForce Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Next Steps

After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, [Upload Licenses to LicenseServer](#)), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, [Assign Licenses](#).
2. [Assign a license](#) to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

### Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer

This section:

- [Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce Server \(Windows\)](#)
- [Registering a standalone StyleVision Server \(Windows\)](#)
- [Registering StyleVision Server \(Linux\)](#)
- [Next steps](#)

---

StyleVision Server can be installed as part of the FlowForce Server package or as a standalone server product. In either case, it must be registered with Altova LicenseServer. Only after it has been registered with LicenseServer can a [license be assigned](#) to it from LicenseServer. On Windows systems, if StyleVision Server was installed as part of the FlowForce Server package, it will automatically be registered when FlowForce is registered. On Linux systems, only if StyleVision Server is installed after FlowForce Server will it be registered automatically when FlowForce Server is registered subsequently.

### Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce (Windows)

StyleVision Server is packaged with FlowForce Server, so when FlowForce Server is registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network, StyleVision Server will automatically also be registered with LicenseServer. How to register FlowForce Server is described in the FlowForce Server documentation and in the section, [Register FlowForce Server with LicenseServer](#).

After the registration, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a StyleVision Server license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Registering a standalone StyleVision Server (Windows)

If you have installed StyleVision Server as a standalone package on Windows, you must register it with an Altova LicenseServer on your network and then license it from the Altova LicenseServer. You can register StyleVision Server via its command line interface (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
StyleVisionServer licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For example, if LicenseServer is running on `http://localhost:8088`, then register StyleVision Server with:

```
StyleVisionServer licenseserver localhost
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Registering StyleVision Server (Linux)

On Linux machines, StyleVision Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the `licenseserver` command of the StyleVision Server CLI. Note that StyleVision Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin/stylevisionserver licenseserver  
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the StyleVision Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2014/bin
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Next Steps

After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, [Upload Licenses to LicenseServer](#)), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, [Assign Licenses](#).
2. [Assign a license](#) to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

### Register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server with LicenseServer

*This section:*

- [Registering RaptorXML\(+XBRL\) Server \(Windows\)](#)



- [Registering RaptorXML\(+XBRL\) Server \(Linux\)](#)
  - [Next steps](#)
- 

RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server must be installed on the server machine and then be started as a service. It must then be registered with LicenseServer. Only after it has been registered with LicenseServer can a [license be assigned](#) to it from LicenseServer. This section describes how to register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server with LicenseServer.

### Registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server (Windows)

You can register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server via its command line interface (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
RaptorXML licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For example, if LicenseServer is running on `http://localhost:8088`, then register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server with:

```
RaptorXML licenseserver localhost
```

After successfully registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server (Linux)

On Linux machines, RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the `licenseserver` command of the RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server CLI. Note that RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/RaptorXMLServer2014/bin/raptorxmlserver licenseserver localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/RaptorXMLServer2014/bin
```

After successfully registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server. How to do this is described in the section [Assign Licenses to Registered Products](#).

### Next Steps

After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, [Upload Licenses to LicenseServer](#)), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, [Assign Licenses](#).
2. [Assign a license](#) to your Altova product that has been registered with the

LicenseServer.

## Assign Licenses to Registered Products

*This section:*

- [Before assigning a license](#)
  - [The Server Management tab](#)
  - [Icons in the Server Management tab](#)
  - [Note on cores and licenses](#)
  - [Assigning a license](#)
  - [Unregistering products from LicenseServer](#)
- 

### **Before assigning a license**

Before you assign a license to an Altova product, make sure that:

- The relevant license has been uploaded to the [license pool of LicenseServer](#) and that the license is active.
- Your Altova product has been registered with LicenseServer.

### **The Server Management tab**

Licenses are assigned in the Server Management tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page (*screenshot below*). The screenshot shows that three Altova products have been registered with LicenseServer. (Since MapForce Server and StyleVision Server are bundled with FlowForce Server, registering FlowForce Server with LicenseServer automatically also registers MapForce Server and StyleVision Server. No additional registration of the latter two products are required if FlowForce Server is registered.)

The screenshot displays the Altova LicenseServer interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: License Pool, Server Management, Server Monitoring, Settings, Messages, Log Out, and Help. Below the navigation bar, a dropdown menu shows the client machine name 'DOC.altova.com'. The main content area lists three registered products:

Product Name	Key Code	CPU Cores	Actions
Altova FlowForce Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Max licensed CPU cores	0	[Edit] [Delete]
Altova MapForce Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Max licensed CPU cores	0	[Edit] [Delete]
Altova StyleVision Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Max licensed CPU cores	0	[Edit] [Delete]

At the bottom of the interface, there are two buttons: 'Request evaluation licenses' and 'Unregister server and all products'.

Note the following points about the Server Management tab:

- Each product is listed under the name of its client machine. In the screenshot above, one client machine, named `Doc.altova.com`, is listed. This client machine (`Doc.altova.com`) has three Altova products registered with the LicenseServer. If an Altova product on a different client machine is registered with this LicenseServer, then that client machine, with its registered products, will also be listed in the Server Management tab.
- Each registered Altova product on a client machine has its own *Key Code* entry, which takes the key code of a license. A registered product's key code is assigned by clicking its **Edit Assigned Licenses** button (see *icon list below*) and selecting the required license from those available for that product (for example, FlowForce Server) in the license pool. This procedure is explained in more detail below.
- Each product also has a line stating how many CPU cores need to be licensed to run that product on that client. If the number of licensed cores is less than the number required, then the information is marked in red (see *screenshot above*). (The number of CPU cores that need to be licensed is the number of CPU cores on that client and is obtained from the client machine by LicenseServer.)

### Icons in the Server Management tab



*Edit Assigned Licenses.* Available with each product. Pops up the Manage Licenses dialog, in which new licenses can be assigned to the product and already assigned licenses can be edited.



*Show Licenses.* Appears with each license. Switches to the License Pool tab and highlights the selected license, so that license details can be read.



*Unregister This Product.* Available with each product. The selected product (on the selected client machine) will be unregistered from LicenseServer.

### Note on cores and licenses

The licensing of Altova server products is based on the number of processor cores available on the product machine. For example, a dual-core processor has two cores, a quad-core processor four cores, a hexa-core processor six cores, and so on. The number of cores licensed for a product on a particular server machine must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on that server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine.

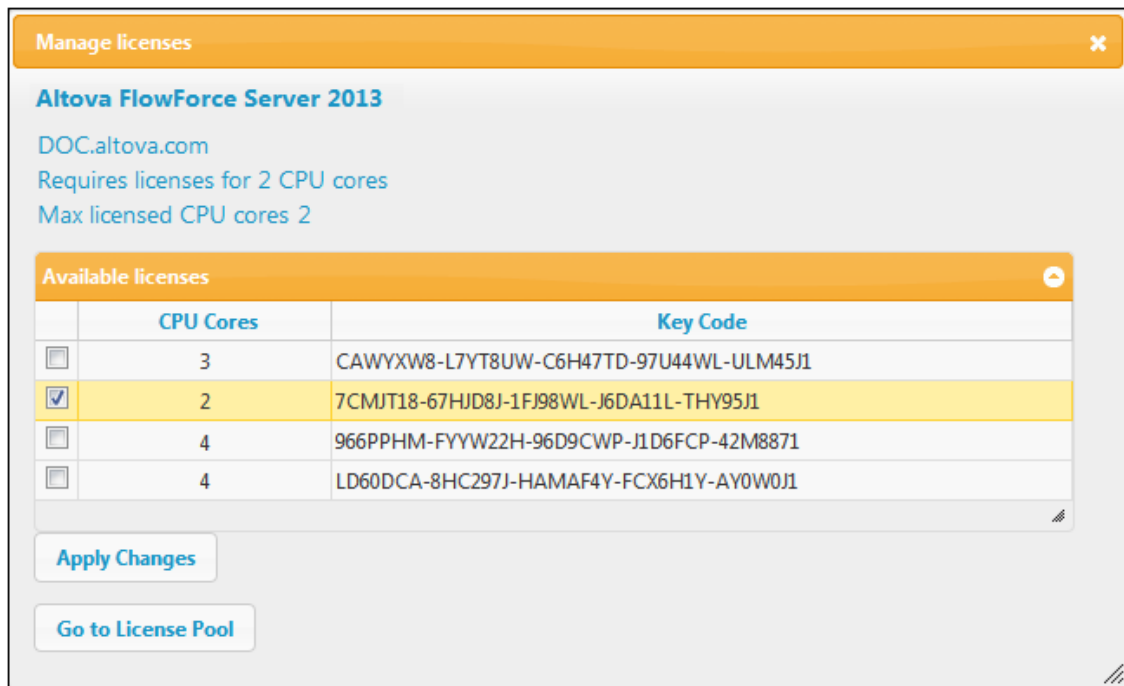
For example, if a server has eight cores (an octa-core processor), you must purchase at least an 8-core license. You can also combine licenses to achieve the core count. So, two 4-core licenses can also be used for an octa-core server instead of an 8-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

**Note:** Each license can be used for only one client machine at a time, even if it has unused licensing capacity. For example, if a 10-core license is used for a client machine that has 6 CPU cores, then the remaining 4 cores of the license cannot be used simultaneously for another client machine.

### Assigning a license

To assign a license to a registered product, click the **Edit Assigned Licenses** button of that product. This pops up the Manage Licenses dialog (*screenshot below*).






Note the following points about the licenses displayed in the Manage Licenses dialog:

- The product to be licensed is listed at the top left of the dialog. In the screenshot above the product is Altova FlowForce Server 2013.
- The dialog displays all the currently active licenses for that product in the license pool. In our screenshot, four currently active FlowForce Server licenses are in the license pool. LicenseServer will automatically detect from each license in the pool the product for which it has been issued.
- The licenses in the screenshot above have been licensed, respectively, for 3 CPU cores, 2 CPU cores, 4 CPU cores, and 4 CPU cores.
- You need to know the number of processor cores on the server on which the Altova server product has been installed. If the machine has a dual-core processor, you need a two-core (the CPU Cores count) license. This license could be, for example, the second license in the list shown in the screenshot above. You can also combine licenses. So, if the machine's processor is octa-core (eight-core), you can combine two 4-core licenses; for example, the third and fourth licenses in the list shown in the screenshot above.
- The Manage Licenses dialog will list only currently active licenses for that product. Licenses for other Altova products will not be listed.
- Licenses that have been assigned already—for example, to another installation of the product on the network—will have their check boxes checked. So only unchecked licenses may be selected.
- CPU cores indicates for how many CPU cores a license is valid.
- If you wish to make modifications to the license pool—for example, to upload, activate, deactivate, or delete a license—click the **Go to License Pool** button.

Select the license you wish to assign. The license's check box will be checked. Also, the total number of CPU cores licensed for that product on that client is listed near the top left of the dialog as *Max licensed CPU cores* (see screenshot above). You can select more licenses if you wish to increase the number of licensed CPU cores for that product on that client. The *Max licensed CPU cores* in this case will be the sum of the CPU cores of all the selected licenses.

After selecting the license/s, click **Apply Changes**. The license/s will be assigned to that product and displayed in the Server Management tab (*see screenshot below*). The screenshot below shows that a 2-CPU-core license for Altova FlowForce Server has been assigned (to the client machine `Doc.altova.com`).

Altova FlowForce Server 2013	Key Code	CPU Cores		
Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	7CMJT18-67HJD8J-1FJ98WL-J6DA11L-THY95J1	2		
	<b>Max licensed CPU cores</b>	2		

### Unregistering products

Each Altova product registered with LicenseServer is listed in the Server Management tab under its client machine name and has an **Unregister** icon to its right. Click this icon to unregister the product. If a license was assigned to the product, the assignment will be terminated when the product is unregistered. To unregister all products, click the **Unregister Server and All Products** button at the bottom of the Server Management tab (*see first screenshot in this section*).

To re-register a product, go to the product's pre-configuration page.

### 1.6.7 Configuration Page Reference

The LicenseServer Configuration page is the administrator's interface with LicenseServer. It allows the management of LicenseServer and the licensing of Altova products that have been registered with LicenseServer ([FlowForce Server](#), [MapForce Server](#), [StyleVision Server](#), [RaptorXML\(+XBRL\) Server](#)).

The LicenseServer Configuration page is opened via a web browser. How to open the Configuration page is described in the sections, [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Windows\)](#) and [Open LicenseServer Config Page \(Linux\)](#).

This section is a user's reference for the Configuration page and is organized by the tabs of the Configuration page:

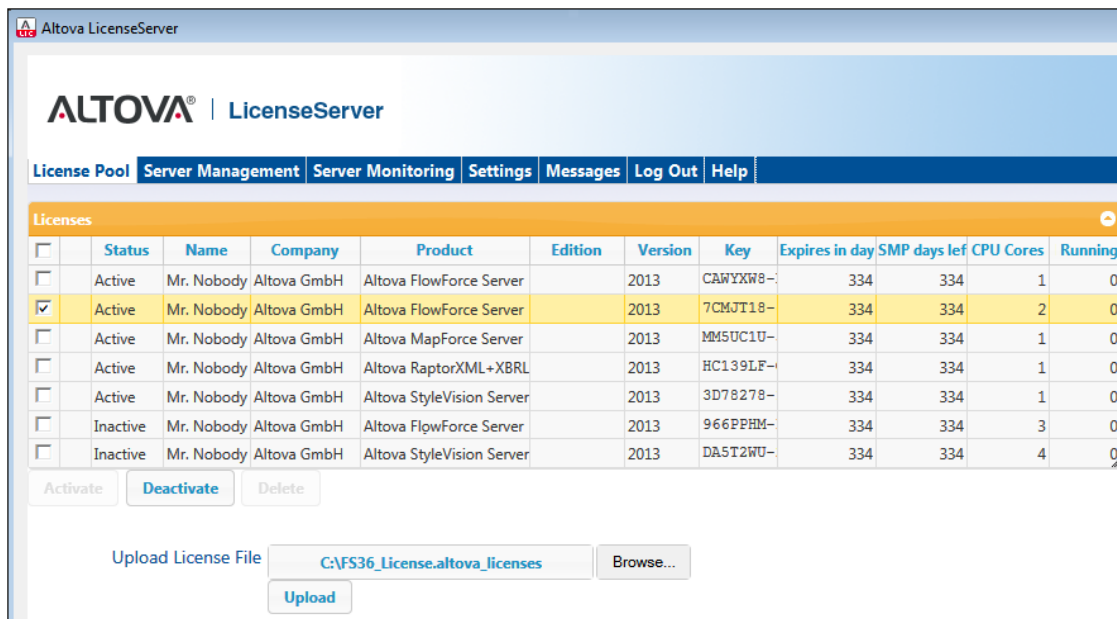
- [License Pool](#)
- [Server Management](#)
- [Server Monitoring](#)
- [Settings](#)
- [Messages, Log Out](#)

For a step-by-step guide of how to assign licenses with LicenseServer, see the section [How to Assign Licenses](#).

#### License Pool

The **License Pool** tab displays all the licenses that are currently on the LicenseServer (see *screenshot below*). When a license file is uploaded to the LicenseServer with the **Upload** button on this page, all the licenses contained in the license file are placed in the license pool on the server and are displayed on the License Pool page.

The License Pool page displays information about all the licenses currently on the LicenseServer and thus provides a convenient overview of all Altova product licenses. On this page you can also activate, deactivate, and delete selected licenses.



### Uploading a license

To upload a license file (which you receive from Altova GmbH for your Altova product), click the **Browse** button, browse for the license file and select it. On clicking **Upload**, all the licenses contained in the license file are placed in the license pool and displayed on the License Pool page (*screenshot above*).

### License status

License status values are as follows:

- *Activating*: When a license is uploaded into the license pool of LicenseServer, the server will transmit license-related data to the `altova.com` master licensing server to validate, authenticate, and activate the license that was supplied. This is necessary to ensure compliance with the Altova license agreements. During this initial activation and authentication transaction—which typically lasts between 30 seconds and a couple of minutes, depending on your Internet connection, speed, and overall network traffic—the status of the license will be indicated as *Activating...*
- *Failed Verification*: If a connection with the `altova.com` master licensing server cannot be made, then the status of the license in the pool will be shown as *Failed Verification*. If this happens, check your Internet connection and firewall rules to ensure that LicenseServer is able to communicate with the `altova.com` master licensing server.
- *Active*: Once the license has been authenticated and activated, the status in the pool will change to *Active*.
- *Inactive*: If a license has been verified, but is present on another LicenseServer on the network, the status in the pool will be shown as *Inactive*. An *Inactive* status also results when a license is manually deactivated in the license pool by the administrator.
- *Blocked*: A license is shown in the license pool as *Blocked* if there was a problem authenticating the license and the `altova.com` master licensing server has not granted permission to the LicenseServer to use this license. This could be the result of a license agreement violation, over-usage of a license, or other compliance issues. Should you see a license showing up as *Blocked*, please contact Altova Support with your license information and any other relevant data.

These statuses are summarized in the table below:

Status	Meaning
<i>Activating...</i>	On upload, license information is sent to <code>altova.com</code> for verification. Refresh the browser to view the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.
<i>Failed Verification</i>	A connection to <code>altova.com</code> could not be made. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or activate the license (with the <b>Activate</b> button).
<i>Active</i>	Verification was successful, the license is active.
<i>Inactive</i>	Verification was successful, but the license is on another LicenseServer on the network. Licenses can be made inactive with the <b>Deactivate</b>



	button.
<i>Blocked</i>	Verification was not successful. License is invalid and is blocked. Contact <a href="#">Altova Support</a> .

**Note:** After a license has been sent to `altova.com` for verification, the browser must be refreshed to see the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.

**Note:** If a connection to `altova.com` could not be made, the status will be *Failed Verification*. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or try activating the license with the **Activate** button.

**Note:** When a license is given a status of *Inactive* or *Blocked*, a message explaining the status is also added to the Messages log.

Only an active license can be assigned to a product installation. An inactive license can be activated or deleted from the license pool. If a license is deleted from the license pool, it can be uploaded again to the pool by uploading the license file containing it. When a license file is updated, only those licenses in it that are not already in the pool will be uploaded to the pool. To activate, deactivate, or delete a license, select it and then click the **Activate**, **Deactivate**, or **Delete** button, respectively.

#### Connection to the Master Licensing Server at `altova.com`

The Altova LicenseServer needs to be able to communicate with the Master Licensing Server at `altova.com` to validate and authenticate license-related data and to ensure continuous compliance with the Altova license agreements. This communication occurs over HTTPS using port 443. If the Altova LicenseServer, after making the initial verification with the `altova.com` Master Licensing Server, is unable to again connect with `altova.com` for a duration of more than 5 days (= 120 hours), then the Altova LicenseServer will no longer permit the usage of any Altova software products connected to the Altova LicenseServer.

Any such loss of connection with the `altova.com` master servers will be logged in the [Messages tab](#) of the [Configuration page of the Altova LicenseServer](#). In addition, the administrator can configure the Altova LicenseServer to automatically send an alert email when the connection to `altova.com` is lost. Alert Mail settings are available in the [Settings tab](#) of the [Configuration page](#).

#### Activating, deactivating, and deleting a license

An active license can be deactivated by selecting the license and clicking **Deactivate**. An inactive license can be activated (**Activate** button) or deleted (**Delete** button). When a license is deleted it is removed from the license pool. A deleted license can be added again to the license pool by uploading the license file containing it. If a license file is re-uploaded, only licenses that are not already in the license pool will be added to the license pool; licenses that are already in the pool will not be re-added.

#### License information

The following license information is displayed:

- *Status*: There are five values: *Failed Verification* | *Activating* | *Active* | *Inactive* | *Blocked*. See [License status](#) above.
- *Name, Company*: The name and company of the licensee. This information was submitted at the time of purchase.
- *Product, Edition, Version*: The version and edition of the licensed products.
- *Key, Expires in days, SMP (days left)*: The license key to unlock the product, and the number of days left before the license expires. Each licensed purchase comes with a Support & Maintenance Package, which is valid for a certain number of days. The *SMP* column notes how many SMP days are still left.
- *CPU Cores*: The number of CPU cores that the license allows.
- *Running*: The number of CPU cores currently using the license.

#### **Note on cores and licenses**

The licensing of Altova server products is based on the number of processor cores available on the product machine. For example, a dual-core processor has two cores, a quad-core processor four cores, a hexa-core processor six cores, and so on. The number of cores licensed for a product on a particular server machine must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on that server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine.

For example, if a server has eight cores (an octa-core processor), you must purchase at least an 8-core license. You can also combine licenses to achieve the core count. So, two 4-core licenses can also be used for an octa-core server instead of an 8-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

**Note:** Each license can be used for only one client machine at a time, even if it has unused licensing capacity. For example, if a 10-core license is used for a client machine that has 6 CPU cores, then the remaining 4 cores of the license cannot be used simultaneously for another client machine.

#### **Server Management**

In the **Server Management** tab (*screenshot below*), you can assign licenses to [registered products](#).

**ALTOVA® | LicenseServer**

License Pool | **Server Management** | Server Monitoring | Settings | Messages | Log Out | Help

▼ DOC.altova.com

Altova FlowForce Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Key Code Max licensed CPU cores	CPU Cores 0		
Altova MapForce Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Key Code Max licensed CPU cores	CPU Cores 0		
Altova StyleVision Server 2013 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores	Key Code Max licensed CPU cores	CPU Cores 0		

Request evaluation licenses

Unregister server and all products

Note the following points about the Server Management tab:

- Each product is listed under the name of its client machine. In the screenshot above, one client machine, named `Doc.altova.com`, has three Altova products registered with the LicenseServer. If an Altova product on a different client machine is registered with this LicenseServer, then that client machine, with its registered products, will also be listed in the Server Management tab.
- Each registered Altova product on a client machine has its own *Key Code* entry, which takes the key code of a license. A registered product's key code is assigned by clicking its **Edit Assigned Licenses** button and selecting the required license from those available for that product (for example, FlowForce Server) in the license pool. This procedure is explained in more detail below.
- Each product also has a line stating how many CPU cores need to be licensed to run that product on that client. If the number of licensed cores is less than the number required, then the information is marked in red (see screenshot above). (The number of CPU cores that need to be licensed is the number of CPU cores on that client and is obtained from the client machine by LicenseServer.)

#### Icons in the Server Management tab



*Edit Assigned Licenses.* Available with each product. Pops up the Manage Licenses dialog, in which new licenses can be assigned to the product and already assigned licenses can be edited.



*Show Licenses.* Appears with each license. Switches to the License Pool tab and highlights the selected license, so that license details can be read.



*Unregister This Product.* Available with each product. The selected product (on the selected client machine) will be unregistered from LicenseServer.

### Assigning a license

To assign a license to a registered product, click the **Edit Assigned Licenses** button of that product. This pops up the Manage Licenses dialog (*screenshot below*).

**Manage licenses** [Close]

**Altova FlowForce Server 2013**  
 DOC.altova.com  
 Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores  
 Max licensed CPU cores 2

**Available licenses** [Refresh]

	CPU Cores	Key Code
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	CAWYXW8-L7YT8UW-C6H47TD-97U44WL-ULM45J1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	7CMJT18-67HJD8J-1FJ98WL-J6DA11L-THY95J1
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	966PPHM-FYYW22H-96D9CWP-J1D6FCP-42M8871
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	LD60DCA-8HC297J-HAMAF4Y-FCX6H1Y-AY0W0J1

**Apply Changes**

**Go to License Pool**

Select the license you wish to assign. After selecting the license/s, click **Apply Changes**. The license/s will be assigned to that product and displayed in the Server Management tab (see *screenshot below*).

**Altova FlowForce Server 2013** [Key] [Trash]

Requires licenses for 2 CPU cores

Key Code	CPU Cores	[Info]
7CMJT18-67HJD8J-1FJ98WL-J6DA11L-THY95J1	2	[Info]
<b>Max licensed CPU cores</b>	<b>2</b>	

### One client machine under different names

If a client machine is registered more than once with LicenseServer, it might appear in the Server Management tab under multiple names, that is, with multiple entries. This could happen, for example, if a machine is re-registered with the host name given in a different form.

To ensure that additional licenses are not redundantly assigned to the same machine under its different names, you should unregister redundant client machine entries by clicking the

**Unregister server and all products** button of these machines. (Note: While the client machines are considered for the purposes of this documentation to be clients of LicenseServer, they are in effect servers of their own products.) Also, if the same license is assigned multiple times to the same machine under its different names, licensing conflicts could arise. So, to avoid these two situations (redundant licensing and multiple assignments of a single license), it is recommended that redundant entries of a single client machine be unregistered.

Given below are forms a machine name might take in the Server Management tab:

- *Host name with domain name (the fully qualified domain name, FQDN), such as: "win80-x64\_1.my.domain.com" or "Doc3.my.domain.com".* This happens when the host name of the machine (with or without the domain information) is passed as the argument of the `licenseserver` CLI command that is used to register the server product with LicenseServer. For example: `<AltovaServerProduct> licenseserver Doc3`. This produces an FQDN such as: `Doc3.my.domain.com`.

An FQDN is also produced when `localhost` is supplied on Windows 7 systems as the host name.

- *Host name without domain name. For example: "win80-x64\_1" or "Doc3".* This happens on Windows 8 systems when `localhost` is given as the machine name.
- *localhost.* In some cases, `localhost` is also displayed as a machine name.

**Note:** If, during installation of the Altova server product on Windows machines, the machine is automatically registered with LicenseServer, `localhost` is used by the installer as the machine name.

### Requesting an evaluation license

You can obtain a 30-day free evaluation license for each of a client's installed Altova products that have been registered with LicenseServer. Click the **Request Evaluation Licenses** button near the bottom of the Server Management tab. A dialog pops up containing a list of the Altova server products (on that client machine) which have been registered with LicenseServer. Make sure that the products for which you want an evaluation license are checked, then fill in the registration fields, and send the request. You will receive an e-mail from Altova containing the 30-day evaluation license/s. The number of cores for which the license will be valid per product will be exactly the number required by the product at the time the request is sent. Save the license/s to disk and [upload to the license pool](#).

### Unregistering products

Each Altova product registered with LicenseServer is listed in the Server Management tab under its client machine name and has an **Unregister** icon to its right. Click this icon to unregister the product. If a license was assigned to the product, the assignment will be terminated when the product is unregistered. To unregister all products, click the **Unregister Server and All Products** button at the bottom of the Server Management tab (see *first screenshot in this section*).

To re-register a product with LicenseServer, go to the product's Setup page or its CLI and register it. See: [Register FlowForce Server](#), [Register MapForce Server](#), [Register StyleVision Server](#), and [Register RaptorXML\(+XBRL\) Server](#).

For more information, see the section, [Assigning Licenses to Registered Products](#).

## Server Monitoring

The **Server Monitoring** tab provides an overview of servers currently running licensed Altova products. It contains product information along with information about users and licenses.

## Settings

The **Settings** tab is as shown below. You can set the following:

- The password for logging in to LicenseServer. Enter the desired password and click **Change Password**.
- Network settings for the web-based configuration page (Web UI), the proxy server used to connect to the Internet (if any), for and for LicenseServer (License Service). These settings are described below the screenshot.
- Email server settings and the alert mail recipient to contact in the event of a significant LicenseServer occurrence. These settings are described below the screenshot.
- Test the settings by clicking **Test Connection to Altova**. Note that you must save new settings (by clicking the **Save** button at the bottom of the pane) before testing the connection. The **Test Connection to Altova** button is disabled while the test is in progress, and becomes enabled again when the test has been completed.

<b>License Pool</b>	<b>Server Management</b>	<b>Server Monitoring</b>	<b>Settings</b>	<b>Messages(6)</b>	<b>Log Out</b>	<b>Help</b>
---------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------	-----------------	--------------------	----------------	-------------

### LicenseServer Password

### Connectivity Test

### Web UI

Configure the host addresses where the web UI is available to administrators.

- All interfaces and assigned IP addresses
- Local only (localhost)
- Only the following hostname or IP address:   
Ensure this hostname or IP address exists or LicenseServer will fail to start!

Configure the port used for the web UI.

- Dynamically chosen by the operating system
- Fixed port   
Ensure this port is available or LicenseServer will fail to start!

### Proxy Server

Configure the proxy server connection details if a proxy server is needed to communicate with Altova's servers.

Hostname

Port Number   
If the port number is left blank the default port 1080 will be used.

User Name

Password

Leave the user name and password blank if no authentication is required.

### License Service

Configure the host addresses where the LicenseServer service is available to clients.

- All interfaces and assigned IP addresses
- Local only (localhost)
- Only the following hostnames or IP addresses:   
Ensure the hostnames or IP addresses exist or LicenseServer will fail to start!

### Network settings

Administrators can specify network access points to the LicenseServer configuration page and to LicenseServer:

- *Web UI:* Allowed IP addresses can vary from all interfaces and IP addresses on that machine to a fixed address, and ports can be either dynamically calculated or fixed. This allows a wide range of allowed IP-Address:Port settings. The default port setting is **8088**.
- *Proxy Server (available from v1.3 onwards):* If a proxy server is being used to connect to the Internet, the details of the proxy server must be entered in the Proxy Server pane (see *screenshot above*). These fields need to be filled in only if a proxy server is being used. Also, proxy servers often do not need authentication (a user-name and password), in which case these two fields can be left blank. To configure LicenseServer for the proxy server, enter the proxy server's host name, and, if required, a port number.
- *License Service:* IP addresses can vary from all interfaces and IP addresses on that machine to a fixed address. If you list hostnames and/or IP addresses, use a comma-separated list without any spaces (for example: `hostname1,IPAddress1,hostname2`). The port number is fixed at **35355**.

By default, these settings allow unrestricted access to LicenseServer and its configuration page from within the networks to which LicenseServer is connected. If you wish to restrict access to either LicenseServer or its configuration page, enter the appropriate settings and click **Save**.

Run a connectivity test (see *above*) to check that the settings are correct.

### Alert Mail settings

Altova LicenseServer needs to be connected to the `altova.com` server. If the connection is broken for more than 24\*5 hours (5 days), LicenseServer will not allow licenses. As a result, work sessions with Altova products licensed by LicenseServer could be disrupted.

In order to alert the administrator that a connection is broken, an alert mail can be sent to an email address. The Alert Mail pane (see *screenshot below*) is where you enter settings for sending alert mails to an administrator's email address.



**Alert Mail**

Configure email settings for communication with administrator.

SMTP Host

SMTP Port

User authentication

User password

From

To

**Miscellaneous**

Show hint how to receive evaluation licenses for a server product

*SMTP Host* and *SMTP Port* are the access details of the email server from which the email alert will be sent. *User Authentication* and *User Password* are the user's credentials for accessing the email server. The *From* field takes the address of the email account from which the email will be sent. The *To* field takes the recipient's email address.

Click **Save** when done. After saving the Alert Mail settings, email alerts will be sent to the address specified whenever a significant event occurs, such as when connection to `altova.com` is lost. Note that such events are also recorded in the [Messages tab](#), and can be looked up there.

### Show hints for receiving and deploying evaluation licenses

Checking this box (see screenshot above) displays, at the top of the configuration page, brief instructions about how to evaluate and deploy evaluation licenses.

### Messages, Log Out

The **Messages** tab displays all messages relevant to licenses in the license pool of the LicenseServer. Each message has a **Delete** button that allows you to delete that particular message.

The **Log Out** tab serves as the Log Out button. Clicking the tab logs you out immediately and then displays the Login mask.



# Index

## A

**Administrator interface, 67**  
**Alert emails, 74**  
**Altova LicenseServer,**  
    (see LicenseServer), 35  
**Altova ServiceController, 41**  
**Assigning licenses, 62, 70**

## C

**Command line usage, 23**  
**Commands,**  
    exportresourcestrings, 30  
    generate, 26  
    help, 33  
    licenseserver, 24  
    setdeflang, 32  
    setfopath, 28  
**Configuration page, 67**  
    opening on Linux, 46  
    opening on Mac OS X, 48  
    opening on Windows, 44  
    URL of, 44  
    URL of (Linux), 46  
    URL of (Mac OS X), 48

## D

**Default password, 44**

## E

**exportresourcestrings command, 30**

## F

**FlowForce Server,**  
    and StyleVision Server, 5  
    registering with LicenseServer, 53

## G

**generate command, 26**

## H

**help command, 33**

## I

**Installation on Linux, 13**  
**Installation on Mac OS X, 19**  
**Installation on Windows, 8**

## L

**License Pool, 50, 67**  
**Licenses,**  
    assigning, 62, 70  
    uploading, 50, 67  
**LicenseServer,**  
    Configuration page, 67  
    installation on Mac OS X, 40  
    installation on Windows, 37, 38  
    interface with, 67  
    registering FlowForce Server with, 53  
    registering MapForce Server with, 58  
    registering StyleVision Server with, 59  
    settings, 74  
    starting, 42  
    steps for assigning licenses, 42  
**licenseserver command, 24**  
**LicenseServer configuration page,**

**LicenseServer configuration page,**

(see Configuration page), 44, 46, 48

**Licensing on Linux, 16****Licensing on Mac OS X, 21****Licensing on Windows, 10****Linux,**

installation on, 13

licensing on, 16

**Localization, 30, 32****Logout, 77**

## M

**Mac OS X,**

installation on, 19

licensing on, 21

**MapForce Server,**

registering with LicenseServer, 58

**Messages, 77**

## N

**Network information, 36****Network settings, 74**

## P

**Password,**

default at startup, 44

## R

**Registering FlowForce Server with LicenseServer, 53****Registering MapForce Server with LicenseServer, 58****Registering StyleVision Server with LicenseServer, 59**

## S

**Server Management tab, 62, 70****Server Monitoring tab, 74****ServiceController, 41****setdeflang command, 32****setfopath command, 28****Settings, 74****Setup,**

on Linux, 12

on Mac OS X, 18

on Windows, 7

**StyleVision Server,**

features, 4

functionality, 4

in the FlowForce workflow, 5

registering with LicenseServer, 59

## U

**Uploading licenses, 50, 67**

## W

**Windows,**

installation on, 8

licensing on, 10