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Index
Altova Authentic Browser Edition

Altova® Authentic® 2019 Browser Edition empowers business users to easily create and edit XML and database content through a user interface that closely resembles an easy-to-use word processor. The Browser Edition can be embedded in any Web page and allows editing directly within the Browser. Authentic Browser Edition is available as a plug-in for the Microsoft Internet Explorer and Mozilla Firefox browsers.

Authentic Browser is available in a single Enterprise Edition (license required), in a trusted version and an untrusted version.
Chapter 2

About This Documentation
About This Documentation

This documentation is the Authentic Browser Plug-in user manual. It is organized into the following sections:

- An **Overview** section that explains: (i) the *benefits of using Authentic Browser*; (ii) *how Authentic Browser works*; and (iii) the various *Authentic Browser Versions*.
- A **Server Setup** section, which describes the steps required to set up a server for an Authentic Browser project, including a detailed description of the *HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in*, and a section explaining how the Authentic Browser extension packages can be used for *on-demand installation*.
- A **Client Setup** section, which includes a section explaining the various ways of *installing the Authentic Browser plug-in in client browsers*.
- To ease deployment of the Authentic Browser Plug-in we provide an *ASP.NET Server Control* that completely integrates with Visual Studio .NET.

Related documentation
There are two sets of additional Altova documentation that are relevant:

- Documentation for creating StyleVision Power Stylesheets (SPSs) is available with the Altova StyleVision product at the [Altova website](http://www.altova.com). An SPS is the file that controls the Authentic View of an XML document. This documentation is relevant for persons developing the Authentic View interface for XML editing.
- Documentation for using Authentic View. Persons using Authentic View should be referred to the Authentic View tutorial and usage sections of the Authentic Desktop User Manual, which is available online at the [Altova website](http://www.altova.com).
Chapter 3

Overview
Overview

Altova® Authentic® 2019 Browser Edition enables users to edit XML documents based on StyleVision Power Stylesheets (.sps files) that have been created in Altova StyleVision. It is a unique solution that allows live XML content editing from within an Internet browser window on any desktop (client) in your organization.

This Overview section is organized into the following sub-sections:

- **Benefits of Authentic Browser**: notes the uses and advantages of using Authentic Browser.
- **How It Works**: briefly explains how the Authentic Browser solution works; it organizes the description in terms of server and client setup requirements.
- **Authentic Browser Versions**: explains the various Authentic Browser versions currently available at the Altova website.
1 Benefits of Authentic Browser

The Authentic Browser XML editing solution has several benefits, the most important of which are listed below:

- Enables multiple users to access and edit an XML document via their browsers. Currently, Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.5 or higher and Mozilla Firefox are supported. The 64-bit versions of Internet Explorer 10 and 11 are not supported.
- Dramatically eases organization-wide deployment and application maintenance while also reducing the total cost of ownership.
- Based upon open standards, such as XML Schema and XSLT.
- Is fully Unicode compatible.
- Uses Altova's Authentic View, which is based on the widely used and easily available Internet Explorer browser. Authentic View enables users to edit XML files in a WYSIWYG fashion, i.e. without users having to see the underlying XML code.
- Does not require deployment of any additional software since the Authentic Browser plug-in is a browser add-on.
- The Authentic Browser is an ActiveX control where the COM interface is defined by the Authentic object. The complete object model is described in the User Reference: Objects section of this documentation.
2 How It Works

To implement an Authentic Browser project, you will need one server machine, and one or more client machines that are connected to the server.

Authentic Browser Server

The Authentic Browser server carries out the following functions:

- The server stores files related to the Altova Authentic XML document that is to be edited. These files are:
  1. The XML Schema (XSD) on which the editable XML document is based;
  2. The XML document to be edited;
  3. The SPS or PXF file that controls the layout and input mechanisms of the XML document in Authentic View.

- The server stores the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in. This HTML page is the access point for Authentic View editing. It contains instructions to access the XML document, and it serves as a container for the Authentic View window in which the XML document is loaded and edited. To access this page, its URL is typed into client browsers.

- If you are deploying the Enterprise edition of Authentic Browser, then the Enterprise license must be stored on the server. Enterprise licenses are issued for one or more specified servers.

- If on-demand installation of the Authentic Browser plug-in is planned, the server stores the Authentic Browser extension package/s (CAB, XPI, and/or CRX file/s) for the download and installation of the plug-in on client machines. (Otherwise, the plug-in is installed directly in client browsers.)

The steps required to prepare the server are described in the section, Server Setup.

Authentic Browser Clients

An XML document can be viewed and edited in Altova's Authentic View if the XML document has an SPS or PXF file assigned to it. Authentic View editing is carried out on client machines, which must be set up as follows:

- Each client must have one of the following browsers installed: Internet Explorer 5.5 or higher (32-bit and 64-bit), Firefox (32-bit)
- Additionally, each client machine must have Internet Explorer 5.5 or higher installed on it. This is because the Authentic View interface (which will be displayed within the browser window) is generated using Internet Explorer.
- Unless on-demand installation has been planned, the Authentic Browser plug-in must be directly installed on client browsers.

The steps required to prepare clients are described in the section, Client Setup.

Authentic Browser mechanism

After the server and clients have been prepared as described above, the user enters the URL of the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in in the client browser. If the plug-in has not already been installed in the client browser, the HTML page can contain instructions to perform an on-demand
installation of the plug-in in the client browser.

Once the plug-in is installed on the client, code in the HTML page causes an Authentic View editing window to open within the browser window. The XML document to be edited is loaded into the Authentic View window from the server and the user can start editing it and saving changes directly to the XML document.
3 Authentic Browser Versions

Authentic Browser versions are available according to the following criteria:

- **Language**: English (EN), German (DE), Spanish (ES), French (FR), Japanese (JA)
- **Trusted/Untrusted**: Trusted, Untrusted
- **Client browser**: Microsoft Internet Explorer (32-bit and 64-bit), Mozilla Firefox (32-bit), Google Chrome (32-bit). Also see Browser Requirements.

For each supported language (English, German, Spanish, French, Japanese), separate trusted and untrusted versions are available for each supported browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer 32-bit and 64-bit, and Mozilla Firefox). One, some, or all of these versions of the Authentic Browser plugin can be installed on a client machine. Each will be displayed as a separate plug-in in the browser's Add-on Manager.

The different versions for English (EN), German (DE), Spanish (ES), French (FR), and Japanese (JA) are listed below with their class IDs (for CAB files) and MIME types (for XPI and CRX files). You will need to specify the relevant class ID or MIME type in the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in.

- **CAB files and their Class IDs (identical Class IDs for 32-bit and 64-bit Internet Explorer)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Class ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>Trusted</td>
<td>B4628728-E3F0-44a2-BEC8-F838555AE780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>Untrusted</td>
<td>A5985EA9-3332-4ddf-AD7F-F6E98BFEAF94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Trusted</td>
<td>91DDF44A-DFD1-4F47-8EE3-4CBEB874584F7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Untrusted</td>
<td>28A640E8-EAEE-4B5D-BEBE-BFA956081E66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ES</td>
<td>Trusted</td>
<td>23B503E7-269B-45CE-BAB2-22AA97BED8E2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ES</td>
<td>Untrusted</td>
<td>8AD3EF86-AC1E-4574-8C13-DE5E6CBCEBE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FR</td>
<td>Trusted</td>
<td>1B768F46-A9E8-4a88-91B0-2917FE47612A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FR</td>
<td>Untrusted</td>
<td>070F4B50-26F7-48cc-9AC1-52D562C1E749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JA</td>
<td>Trusted</td>
<td>5B15DB5A-1720-4264-BB65-70C3F7A860DA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JA</td>
<td>Untrusted</td>
<td>4B9512D2-A3D3-46e3-82C1-34248BBDCE58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **MIME types for XPI and CRX files**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>MIME Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>Trusted</td>
<td>application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>Untrusted</td>
<td>application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin-untrusted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Trusted</td>
<td>application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin-german</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Untrusted</td>
<td>application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin-untrusted-german</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
You can download one or more of these versions from the Altova Website according to your requirements.

Note the following points about the various Authentic Browser versions:

- All versions are Unicode versions and each provides full support of multiple character-sets in the XML document. Unicode versions are supported on the following client workstations: Windows 7 SP1 with Platform Update, Windows 8, Windows 10.
- Although there is a separate CAB file each for the 32-bit and 64-bit Internet Explorer versions, the Class IDs of the two .CAB files (for 32-bit and 64-bit IE browsers) are identical and as given in the table above for various EN/DE/ES/JA and Trusted/Untrusted versions.
- The **Trusted version** does not allow access to local files and is, therefore, marked as being "safe for scripting". It can be used in a browser-based scenario and can be invoked from any web page without causing security alerts on the client side.
- The **Untrusted version** is intended for intranet deployment, or for using the Authentic Browser Edition as an ActiveX control in your application. It provides access to local files and is therefore not marked as being "safe for scripting". If you try to use this version from within a browser window, it will ask the user for permission. You can decide whether ActiveX controls should be disabled or enabled, or whether the browser should prompt for permission to enable ActiveX controls (see the browser-specific section for details: Internet Explorer 9).

Note: To install and configure your browser service (e.g. Microsoft's Internet Information Services), refer to the supplier's documentation.
Chapter 4
Server Setup
Server Setup

Setting up the server for Authentic Browser entails the following steps.

Configuring the Browser Service
Install and configure the browser service of your server. If you use Microsoft’s Internet Information Services (IIS), note that the installation process creates a default directory called Inetpub with subdirectories. The root directory of the server would then be: //Inetpub/wwwroot. This is the directory reached with the IP Address of the server if you do not specify (in your browser service configuration) some other directory as the root directory. For details about installing and configuring your browser service, see the supplier’s documentation.

Setting up the XSD, XML, and SPS/PXF files
An SPS file enables the XML document to be displayed in an editable format in Authentic View. It is based on an XML Schema (XSD file) and is designed in Altova’s StyleVision product. The SPS file, together with the XSD file and XML document to be edited must be stored at a network location that is accessible to all client machines (typically on the Authentic Browser server). The section XSD, XML, and SPS/PXF Files describes this server preparation step in more detail.

Creating the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in
The HTML page for Authentic Plug-in is the access point for Authentic View editing. It contains instructions to access the XML document, and it serves as a container for the Authentic View window in which the XML document is loaded and edited. To access this page, its URL is typed into client browsers. This HTML page must be created correctly and stored on the server. How to create the HTML page is described in the section, HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in.

Storing extension packages for on-demand installation
Download Authentic Browser (a zipped CAB, XPI, or CRX file) from the Altova website to any location on the server. If you are deploying the Enterprise edition of Authentic Browser, then the package must be stored on the server for which the Enterprise license has been registered. Do not unzip this file. On the website, for each language version (English, German, Spanish, French, and Japanese), there are trusted and untrusted versions of Authentic Browser, each in four formats (CAB 32-bit, CAB 64-bit, XPI, and CRX). For information on which file format and which version to select, see the sub-sections of this section.

Note: Before installing Authentic Browser, make sure that no previous version of Authentic Browser is running. Otherwise the new version might not be registered correctly, and this could result in a defective installation. If that happens, register the plug-in by running: regsvr32 C:\Windows\Downloaded Program Files\AuthenticPlugin.dll. (Note that you need administrative privileges to run the program regsvr32.exe.)
IIS: Configuring the Browser Service

Microsoft's Internet Information Services (IIS) 6 serves up only file types that are defined in the MIME types for that specific site (website or folder). Required filetypes, therefore, must be added to the list of MIME types for a given site.

For working with Authentic Browser, the following filetypes are required and must be added:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File extension</th>
<th>MIME type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xsd</td>
<td>text/plain</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sps</td>
<td>text/plain</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pxf</td>
<td>application/x-zip-compressed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xpi</td>
<td>application/x-xpinstall</td>
<td>For Firefox.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Adding MIME types for a site in Internet Information Services

To add a MIME type to the list of MIME types for a particular site on a Windows XP machine, do the following. The process is similar on other supported systems (Windows 7 SP1 with Platform Update, Windows 8, Windows 10).

1. Open Control Panel and double-click Administrative Tools.
2. In the folder that pops up (screenshot below), double-click Internet Information Services.
3. In the Internet Information Services (IIS) folder that appears (screenshot below), first select the required site (website or folder) in the folders pane (at left) and then click the Properties icon (under cursor in screenshot below) or the Properties command from the context menu (accessed by right-clicking).
4. In the HTTP Headers tab of the Properties dialog, click the **File Types** button in the MIME Map pane (see screenshot below).
5. In the File Types dialog (screenshot below), click the **New Type** button.
6. In the dialog that pops up enter the required extension and its MIME type. See the table above for required filetypes and their corresponding MIME types.

7. Confirm with **OK**.

For a description of how to set up remote access to a folder on an internal server via Web-DAV, see this [Windows IT Pro article](https://windowsitpro.com/articles/).
2 XSD, XML, and SPS/PXF Files

The main purpose of implementing an Authentic Browser plug-in project is to view and edit an XML document in Authentic View format. This format hides the XML markup of an XML document and enables the editing of the document in a custom-designed WYSIWYG interface. The layout and data input mechanisms of an XML document in Authentic View is defined in an SPS file. The SPS file, the XML file, and the XML Schema file (XSD file) on which both the SPS and XML documents are based must therefore be stored on the network so that they are accessible to Authentic Browser clients.

SPS files
An SPS file is created in Altova’s StyleVision product. It is based on the same XML Schema as that on which the XML file is based. In StyleVision, an SPS designer can use drag-and-drop and page layout mechanisms to design the SPS. The SPS file determines the layout and data input mechanisms of the XML document when it is displayed in Authentic View.

In the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in, the locations of the XML file, SPS file, and XSD file are specified. The XML file is loaded in the Authentic View window (in the HTML page) and displayed according to the design specified in the SPS file. Both the XML file and the SPS file are based on the same XML Schema (though the XML file can be based on a part of the larger schema the SPS uses).

Note: For Authentic Browser to work correctly, you must ensure that a schema is assigned as a main schema in the SPS file. For detailed information about creating StyleVision Power Stylesheets (SPSs), see the user manual of Altova’s StyleVision product. You can also read a description of the StyleVision product at the Altova website.

XML files
The Authentic View user edits the XML document on a client machine by accessing the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in. This page contains an Authentic View window in which the XML file is loaded. The Authentic View user edits the document in the client browser and saves changes back to the XML document.

XSD files
The XSD file serves two purposes. It is used to validate the XML document, and it provides the generic document structure on which the SPS is based. Both the XML file and the SPS file reference the XSD file. So the XSD file must also be stored in at the correct location as referenced by the XML and SPS files.

Storage location of XSD, XML and SPS/PXF files
The XSD, XML, and SPS (or PXF) files must be saved at network locations that can be accessed by all client machines. The best location is the Authentic Browser server. It is best to locate these files in a single folder on the server and to specify the references within them to each other as relative paths. So, for example, the XML file should be created with the XSD reference within it specified as a relative path.
Note about DB-based SPSs

If Authentic Browser will be used to view or edit databases (DBs) using a DB-based StyleVision Power Stylesheet (SPS), then you need to make the following settings to ensure that the client connects correctly to the DB.

**Connection information in the SPS:** All the information required to connect to the DB is stored in a connection string in the SPS. The connection string in the SPS is created in StyleVision at the time you create the StyleVision Power Stylesheet. The mechanism used to connect to MS Access DBs is different than for other DBs. For other DBs, ADO connections are used. The settings you need to make for these two types of connection mechanism are described below.

- **For MS Access DBs:** In the connection string for MS Access DBs, a UNC path must be used so that clients can correctly connect to the DB. This UNC path is specified when the StyleVision Power Stylesheet is built in StyleVision. You must, however, make sure that the folder containing the DB (or some ancestor folder) is set up for sharing. (In Windows XP, the sharing settings are accessed by right-clicking the folder and selecting **Sharing and Security.**) You must also enable Advanced File Sharing on this machine (**My Computer** | **Tools** | **Folder Options**, then uncheck Simple File Sharing). No settings are required on clients.

  **Note:** The format of the UNC path used in the connection string is: `\\servername \sharename\path\file.mdb`, where **servername** is the name of the server, **sharename** is the name of the shared folder (specified in the Share settings you make for the shared folder on the server), **path** is the path to the DB, and **file.mdb** is the name of an MS Access DB in the shared folder or a descendant folder of the shared folder.

- **For ADO connections:** The ADO connection string in the SPS is specified when the SPS is built in StyleVision. It contains all the required connection information, including security information. You must ensure that the driver used when testing the connection string in StyleVision is also installed on all client machines that will host Authentic Browser. This enables the SPS to correctly connect to the DB from clients. Note also that ADO database connections will only work with local file paths and not with **http://** URLs.

Note about PXF Files

An SPS design that uses XSLT 2.0 can be saved as a Power XML Form (PXF) file. The PXF file format has been specially developed by Altova to package the SPS design with related files (such as the schema file, source XML file, image files used in the design, and XSLT files for transformation of the source XML to an output format). The benefit of the PXF file format is that all the files required for Authentic View editing and for the generation of output from Authentic View can be conveniently distributed in a single file.

**Note:** If a PXF file is located on a web server and will be used with the Authentic Browser Plug-in, you must ensure that the server does not block the file. You can do this by adding (via the IIS administration panel, for example) the following MIME type for PXF (.pxf) file extensions: `application/x-zip-compressed`. 
3 **HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in**

The **HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in** carries out the following important functions:

1. The first time that the **HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in** is opened on a client, code within the HTML page causes the Authentic Browser plug-in to be downloaded from the server to the client and installed on the client. This code has to be written correctly to identify the correct file on the server. The format of the file that is downloaded (CAB, XPI, or CRX) will depend on the client's browser. The code will also be different because Internet Explorer and Firefox process code differently than each other.

2. Code within the HTML page sets up the Authentic View interface within the browser window, including the dimensions of the Authentic View interface, and the locations of the XML, XSD, and SPS files.

3. It specifies the XML file to edit, as well as the schema file and SPS on which the XML file is based.

4. It contains, within HTML **SCRIPT** elements, definitions for subroutines and the handling of events. For example, it can be specified what action to carry out when a button in the HTML page is clicked. See [Internet Explorer Example 1: Simple](#) and [Firefox Example 1: Simple](#) for examples.

**Note:** If you are deploying the Enterprise edition of Authentic Browser, then the HTML page must be installed on the server for which the Enterprise license has been registered.

**Embedding Authentic Browser**

To use the Authentic Browser plug-in, an object that identifies the plug-in must be embedded in the HTML page that downloads the plug-in. This is done using the following HTML elements and attributes:

- **Internet Explorer:** `<OBJECT clsid="clsid:<CLSID>"/>`
- **Firefox:** `<embed type="<MIMEType>"/>`

For information on what CLSID and MIME type values to use, see [Authentic Browser Versions](#).

**This section**

The sub-sections of this section describe how the functions listed above are to be implemented in the HTML page. These sections are organized at the first level by browser-type because of the different ways used to download the Authentic Browser DLL for particular browsers:

- [Licensing for Enterprise Edition](#) describes the licensing mechanism for the Enterprise Edition of Authentic Browser.
- [Internet Explorer](#) describes how to download a CAB file (having a .cab extension) via an HTML **OBJECT** element.
- [Firefox](#) describes how to download an XPI file (extension .xpi) via an HTML **EMBED** element.
- [Independent browsers](#) describes how to determine the browser type making the request and how to then download the correct plug-in version for that browser.

In these sub-sections, you will find descriptions and examples of how the HTML **OBJECT**, **EMBED**, and **SCRIPT** elements are to be used, as well as examples of complete HTML pages that invoke the Authentic Browser plug-in. For information about individual objects, see the respective [Object](#).
descriptions in the Reference section.
3.1 Licensing for Enterprise Edition

The license for Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition can be purchased at the Altova Website.

Overview of setting up the Enterprise Edition license

Given below is a list summarizing the steps you must take to correctly set up your license information for Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition.

- Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition requires the following valid license information: (i) the server name for which the license is valid; (ii) the name of the company to which the license has been registered, and (iii) the license key. This information will be sent to you in the License Email you will receive on purchasing your Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition license.
- The license information must be located in the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in. How exactly this is to be done in the HTML page is explained below. (Note that there is no specific license key file that Authentic Browser will reference.)
- If the licensing information supplied in the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in is valid, Enterprise Edition functionality in the Authentic Browser File will be unlocked.
- The HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in must be stored on the server for which the license is valid.

How to enter the license information

The three license key parameters (server name, company name, and license key) must be entered in the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in and can be done in the following ways:

- As parameter values of the OBJECT or EMBED elements. How to do this is described in the respective HTML page sections for Internet Explorer and Firefox.
- If the HTML page is to be browser-independent, the license parameters can be registered as shown in the code listing in the Browser-Independent Example.
- The license parameters can also be set on the object directly, as shown in the code listing below, which adapts the code listing in the Browser-Independent Example.

```
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE=javascript>
  // event subscription if running on Firefox
  if ( isFirefoxOnWindows() )
  {
    objPlugIn.addEventListener("ControlInitialized", InitAuthenticPluginPage, false);
  }
</SCRIPT>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript" FOR=objPlugIn EVENT="ControlInitialized">  
  // event subscription if running on Internet Explorer
  if ( isIEOnWindows() )
  {
    InitAuthenticPluginPage();
  }
</SCRIPT>

<SCRIPT type="text/javascript" LANGUAGE="javascript" >
function InitAuthenticPluginPage( )
{
```
var serverstr='DevAuthBrowTest';
var basedir='Authentic/';
objPlugIn.LicServer = 'DevAuthBrowTest';
objPlugIn.LicCompany = 'Altova';
objPlugIn.LicKey = 'XXXXXXXXXX';
objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir + 'OrgChart.xsd';
objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir + 'OrgChart.xml';
objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir + 'OrgChart.sps';
objPlugIn.StartEditing();
}
</SCRIPT>
3.2 Internet Explorer

If the HTML page for the Authentic plug-in is opened in Internet Explorer (32-bit or 64-bit), then it must contain the following elements:

- An HTML **OBJECT** element, which (i) causes the correct DLL for the Authentic Plug-in (32-bit or 64-bit) to be downloaded from the server to the client, and (ii) specifies the dimensions of the Authentic View window in the client's browser. The **OBJECT** element contains the location of the Authentic Browser plug-in. **Note that the Authentic Plug-in is available in versions for 32-bit and 64-bit Internet Explorer (except 64-bit IE 10 and 11), so the correct Authentic Browser plug-in version (.cab file) must be downloaded to the client.** See the section, Browser-Independent Example, for example code which automatically checks the X-bit version of Internet Explorer and downloads the correct Authentic Plug-in.

- One or more HTML **SCRIPT** elements for defining subroutines and the handling of events. A **SCRIPT** element can be used to specify the XML document to be edited, and the XML Schema and SPS file on which the XML document is based.

This section

This section is organized into the following sub-sections:

- **The OBJECT Element**, which describes how the HTML **OBJECT** element is to be used in an HTML page for the Authentic plug-in.
- **The SCRIPT Element**, which describes how HTML **SCRIPT** elements are to be used in an HTML page for the Authentic plug-in.
- Examples of full HTML pages: **IE Example 1: Simple** and **IE Example 2: Sort a Table**.

For information about individual objects, see the respective Object descriptions in the Reference section.

**Note:** The Authentic Browser plug-in is supported for **Internet Explorer 5.5 or higher**. However the 64-bit versions of Internet Explorer 10 and 11 are not supported.
3.2.1 The OBJECT Element

The OBJECT element has the following functions:

- It gives the Authentic Browser Plug-in a name (via the id attribute).
- It selects which version of the Authentic Browser Plug-in to use (with the value of the classid attribute).
- It specifies a .CAB file and version number (codebase attribute). The .CAB file contains a DLL, which registers a COM object (the Authentic Browser Plug-in) with an ID that is the value of the classid attribute. Typically, both the 32-bit and 64-bit versions of the Authentic Browser Plug-in will be stored on the server. Each version is identified by a different file name. The codebase attribute specifies the file name of the required .CAB file (see code listing below). The Class IDs for 32-bit and 64-bit .CAB files are identical to each other and are as given in the table for various EN/DE and Trusted/Untrusted versions.

Filename for 32-bit version: AuthenticBrowserEdition.CAB
Filename for 64-bit version: AuthenticBrowserEdition_x64.CAB

- It specifies the dimension of the Authentic View window in the client's browser (via the style attribute).
- It can specify any number of parameters.

Sample OBJECT element

Given below is a sample HTML OBJECT element. It selects the Trusted Unicode version (with the value given in the classid attribute) and sets the dimensions of the Authentic View window in the client's browser to 600 x 500 pixels. All the attributes and parameters available to the OBJECT element are explained below.

Note: The version number given below may not be the current version number. See codebase below for details.

For 32-bit Authentic Browser Plug-in:

```html
<OBJECT id="objPlugIn" style="WIDTH:600px; HEIGHT:500px"
        codeBase="http://yourserver/cabfiles/AuthenticBrowserEdition.CAB#Version=12,3,0,0"
        classid="clsid:B4628728-E3F0-44a2-BEC8-F838555AE780">
    <PARAM NAME="XMLDataURL" VALUE="http://yourserver/OrgChart.xml">
    <PARAM NAME="SPSDataURL" VALUE="http://yourserver/OrgChart.sps">
    <PARAM NAME="SchemaDataURL" VALUE="http://yourserver/OrgChart.xsd">
</OBJECT>
```

For 64-bit Authentic Browser Plug-in:

```html
<OBJECT id="objPlugIn" style="WIDTH:600px; HEIGHT:500px"
        codeBase="http://yourserver/cabfiles/AuthenticBrowserEdition_x64.CAB#Version=12,3,0,0"
        classid="clsid:B4628728-E3F0-44a2-BEC8-F838555AE780">
    <PARAM NAME="XMLDataURL" VALUE="http://yourserver/OrgChart.xml">
    <PARAM NAME="SPSDataURL" VALUE="http://yourserver/OrgChart.sps">
    <PARAM NAME="SchemaDataURL" VALUE="http://yourserver/OrgChart.xsd">
</OBJECT>
```
id
The value of the id attribute is used as the name of the Authentic Browser Plug-in objects when these are used in scripts. For example, objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL is a call to the object that loads the schema file. See The SCRIPT element for more details.

style
This is the usual HTML style attribute, and is used to specify the dimensions of the Authentic View window in the client’s browser.

codebase
The codebase attribute gives the location of the .CAB file. Note that there is a different .CAB file for the 32-bit Authentic Browser plug-in and for the 64-bit Authentic Browser Plug-in, named, respectively: AuthenticBrowserEdition.CAB and AuthenticBrowserEdition_x64.CAB.

The value of the optional #Version extension gives the version number of the component that is currently available on the server. If the client has an earlier version and a newer version is specified in the codebase attribute, the newer version is installed from the server. If the #Version extension is not specified, no update will take place until the component has been removed manually from the client. The current version number of the component is listed with the properties of the .dll file of the component’s .CAB file (right-click the file and select the Properties command).

classid
The Class IDs for 32-bit and 64-bit .CAB files are identical to each other and are listed in the topic Authentic Browser Versions.

From version 5.0 onwards of the Browser Plug-in, the classid value for Unicode versions from versions 5.0 onwards is different from that of previous Unicode versions. So, if you are updating the Unicode .CAB file on your server from a version prior to 5.0, make sure that you change the classid values in your HTML files. Note also that if a new .CAB file on the server has the same CLSID as that of a .CAB file which has been installed previously on the client, then the new .CAB file will not automatically replace the old one on the client. You must remove the previously installed .CAB file before downloading the new .CAB file. The CLSID values of different language versions are different.

Parameters
Any number of the following parameters may be used.

LicServer
The name of the server for which the Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition license key is valid.

LicKey
The license key for validating the use of Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition.

LicCompany
The company name for validating the use of Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition.
**XMLDataURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location of the XML file to be edited. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**XMLDataSaveURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location where the XML file is to be saved. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**SPSDataURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location of the StyleVision Power Stylesheet (.sps file). For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**SchemaDataURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location of the associated schema file. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**TextStateBmpURL**
The folder where bitmap image for text-state icons are to be stored.

**TextStateToolbarLine**
The toolbar line in which text-state icons are to be placed. The default is 1.

**AutoHideUnusedCommandGroups**
Determines whether unused toolbar command groups should be hidden. The default is True.

**ToolbarsEnabled**
Specifies general support for toolbars. The default is True.

**ToolbarTooltipsEnabled**
Specifies whether Tooltips are enabled or not.

**HideSaveButton**
If set to True, removes the Save button from the Authentic toolbar, which is visible by default.

**BaseURL**
Gives the base URL for use with relative paths.

**SaveButtonUsePOST**
If set to True, the HTTP POST command is used instead of a PUT when saving the document.

**EntryHelpersEnabled**
If set to True the Authentic entry helpers are visible

**EntryHelperSize**
Width of the entry helper window in pixels.

**EntryHelperAlignment**
Specifies the location of the entry helpers relative to the document window.

0 = Align toolbar at top of document
1 = Align toolbar at left of document
2 = Align toolbar at bottom of document
3 = Align toolbar at right of document

**EntryHelperWindows**
Selects which of the entry helper sub-windows are visible.

1 = Elements
2 = Attributes
4 = Entities

Any combination is allowed (bit-check)

**SaveButtonAutoEnable**
See [Authentic.SaveButtonAutoEnable](#)

**LoaderSettingsFileURL**
Gives the URL of the `LoaderSettingsFile` for package management.
3.2.2 The SCRIPT Element

The `SCRIPT` elements define the event handlers and subroutines that can be called from within the HTML file.

Here is a sample of a script for handling an event:

```html
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript" FOR=objPlugIn EVENT="ControlInitialized">
    objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xsd"
    objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xml"
    objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.sps"
    objPlugIn.StartEditing
</SCRIPT>
```

Here is a sample of a script that contains subroutines:

```html
<SCRIPT ID=clientEventHandlers LANGUAGE=vbscript>
    Sub BtnOnClick
        objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xsd"
        objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xml"
        objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.sps"
        objPlugIn.StartEditing
    End Sub
    Sub OnClickFind
        objPlugIn.FindDialog
    End Sub
    Sub BtnOnTestProp
        If objPlugIn.IsRowInsertEnabled Then
            msgbox "true"
        Else
            msgbox "false"
        End If
    End Sub
</SCRIPT>
```

Scripting languages

The Authentic Browser Plug-in has been tested with JavaScript and VBScript.

Handling events

The value of the `ID` attribute of the `OBJECT` element in the HTML body is specified as the value of the `FOR` attribute. Authentic Browser Plug-in objects that are called must have a name that is this value. For a list of events see also `Events: Reference`.

Subroutines

Subroutines can be created for any event that you wish to define in the HTML file. The Authentic Browser Plug-in object name must be the same as the value of the `ID` attribute of the `OBJECT` element in the HTML body. In the example above, the prefix is `objPlugIn`, which must be the value of the `ID` attribute of the `OBJECT` element. The methods, properties, and sub-objects available in the Authentic Browser Plug-in are described in the reference section of this documentation.
### 3.2.3 IE Example 1: Simple

The HTML code below generates a page that has the following features:

- It installs the Trusted Unicode version of Authentic Browser on the client if this is not already installed.
- The body contains a window of 600px wide and 500px high into which the Authentic Browser is loaded.
- Below the Authentic Browser window is a row of four buttons.
- The Authentic View of OrgChart.xml is loaded.
- The Find and Replace buttons pop up the Find and Replace dialogs respectively.
- The Save button saves changes to a file called SaveFile.xml located in the root directory of the server.
- The Test Property button tests a simple property.

When this HTML page is opened on the client, the user can start editing the XML file OrgChart.xml and save the edited file as SaveFile.xml.

You may wish to use this simple HTML page to test whether Authentic Browser functions properly. If you do so, be sure to use the correct URLs to locate the the CAB file, the xsd, xml, and sps files, and any other resources on the server. Note that case-sensitivity might be an issue with some servers, so if there is a problem locating a file, check the casing of filenames and of commands in the code. You can expand or modify this example to build more complex solutions using Authentic Browser. Also see The OBJECT Element for details.

```html
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=windows-1252">
<title>Minimal XMLSpyDocEditPlugIn page</title>

<!-- Script for handling the ControlInitialized event -->
<script LANGUAGE="javascript" FOR="objPlugIn" EVENT="ControlInitialized">
objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xsd"
objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xml"
objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.sps"
objPlugIn.StartEditing()
</script>

<!-- Script with subroutines -->
<script ID=clientEventHandlers LANGUAGE=vbscript>
Sub OnClickFind
objPlugIn.FindDialog
End Sub

Sub OnClickReplace
objPlugIn.ReplaceDialog
End Sub

Sub BtnOnSave
objPlugIn.XMLDataSaveUrl = "http://yourserver/SaveFile.xml"
objPlugIn.Save
End Sub

Sub BtnOnTestProp
</script>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```
If objPlugIn.IsRowInsertEnabled Then
    msgbox "true"
Else
    msgbox "false"
End If
End Sub
</SCRIPT>
</head>
<body>
<!-- Object element has id with value that must be used -->
<!-- as name of Authentic Browser Plug-in objects -->
<!-- Classid selects the Trusted Unicode version -->
<OBJECT id="objPlugIn"
<!-- or 64-bit CAB file (AuthenticBrowserEdition_x64.CAB) -->
CodeBase="http://yourserver/AuthenticBrowserEdition.CAB#Version=12,3,0,0"
<!-- Class Id for 32-bit and 64-bit CAB files is the same -->
Classid="clsid:B4628726-E3F0-44a2-BEC8-F838555AE780" width="600" height="500">
</OBJECT>
<p>
<input type="button" value="Find" name="B4" onclick="OnClickFind()">
<input type="button" value="Replace" name="B5" onclick="OnClickReplace()">
<input type="button" value="Save" name="B6" onclick="BtnOnSave()">
<input type="button" value="Test property" name="B7" onclick="BtnOnTestProp">
</p>
</body>
</html>
3.2.4  IE Example 2: Sort a Table

This is an example HTML page with an embedded JavaScript. The sample requires the Authentic Browser Plug-in (CAB file) to be installed on your computer. Note that case-sensitivity might be an issue with some servers, so if there is a problem locating a file, check the casing of filenames and of commands in the code.

The code shows:

- How to access the browser plug-in. Modify the code to refer to your CAB file and the class identifier (CLSID) of your browser plug-in version (trusted or untrusted).
- How to load a file into the browser plug-in. Modify the code to refer to your sample document.
- Implement buttons for simple cursor positioning.
- Implement more complex commands like the sorting of tables.
- How to use the SelectionChanged event.

Also see The OBJECT Element for details.

```html
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=windows-1252">
  <title>test page For Authentic Browser Plug-in</title>
  <SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript" For="objPlugIn" EVENT="ControlInitialized">
    var strSampleRoot = "http://myRoot/myPath/myDocBaseName";
    objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = strSampleRoot + ".xsd";
    objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = strSampleRoot + ".xml";
    objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = strSampleRoot + ".sps";
    objPlugIn.StartEditing();
  </SCRIPT>

  <SCRIPT ID="clientEventHandlers" LANGUAGE="javascript">
    var objCurrentRange = Null;
    Function BtnDocumentBegin()
    { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.DocumentBegin.Select(); }
    Function BtnDocumentEnd()
    { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.DocumentEnd.Select(); }
    Function BtnWholeDocument()
    { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.WholeDocument.Select(); }
    Function BtnSelectNextWord()
    { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.Selection.SelectNext(1).Select(); }
    Function BtnSortDepartmentOnClick()
    {
      var objCursor = Null;
      var objTableStart = Null;
      var objBubble = Null;
      var strField1 = "";
      var strField1 = "";
      var nColIndex = 0;
      var nRows = 0;
      objCursor = objPlugIn.AuthenticView.Selection;
      ```
If (objCursor.IsInDynamicTable())
{
    // calculate current column index
    nColIndex = 0;
    While (True)
    {
        try { objCursor.GotoPrevious(11); } // calculate current column index
        catch (err) { break; }
        nColIndex++;
    }
}

// GoTo begin of table
objTableStart = objCursor.ExpandTo(9).CollapsToBegin().Clone();

// count number of table rows
nRows = 1;
While (True)
{
    try { objTableStart.GotoNext(10); } // count number of table rows
    catch (err) { break; }
    nRows++;
}

// bubble sort through table
For (var i = 0; i < nRows - 1; i++) { // bubble sort through table
    for(var j = 0; j < nRows-i-1; j++) {
        objBubble = objCursor.ExpandTo(9).CollapsToBegin().Clone();
        objBubble.GotoNext(6).Goto(10,j,2).Goto(11,nColIndex,2).ExpandTo(6); // Select correct column in jth table row
        strField1 = objBubble.Text;
        strField2 = objBubble.GotoNext(10).Goto(11,nColIndex,2).ExpandTo(6).Text;
        if(strField1 > strField2) {
            if(!objBubble.MoveRowUp()) {
                alert('Table row move is not allowed!');
                return;
            }
        }
    }
}

</SCRIPT>
</head>
<body>
<Object id="objPlugIn"
<!-- or 64-bit Cab file (AuthenticBrowserEdition_x64.CAB) -->
<codeBase="http://myCabfileLocation/
AuthenticBrowserEdition.CAB#Version=12,3,0,0"
<!-- Class Id for 32-bit and 64-bit CAB files is the same -->
classid="clsid:B4628728-E3F0-44a2-BEC8-F838555AE780"
<Object>
   <PARAM NAME="EntryHelpersEnabled" VALUE="TRUE">
   <PARAM NAME="SaveButtonAutoEnable" VALUE="TRUE">
</Object>

<TABLE>
   <TR>
      <TD><Input Type="button" value="Goto Begin" id="B1"
onclick="BtnDocumentBegin()"></TD>
      <TD><Input Type="button" value="Goto End" name="B2"
onclick="BtnDocumentEnd()"></TD>
      <TD><Input Type="button" value="Whole Document" name="B3"
onclick="BtnWholeDocument()"></TD>
      <TD><Input Type="button" value="Select Next Word" name="B4"
onclick="BtnSelectNextWord()"></TD>
   </TR>
   <TR>
      <TD><Input Type="button" value="Sort Table by this Column" id="B6"
onclick="BtnSortDepartmentOnClick()"></TD>
   </TR>
</TABLE>

<TABLE id=SelTable border=1>
   <TR><TD id=SelTable_FirstTextPosition></TD><TD id=SelTable_LastTextPosition></TD></TR>
   <TR><TD id=SelTable_FirstXMLData></TD><TD id=SelTable_FirstXMLDataOffset></TD></TR>
   <TR><TD id=SelTable_LastXMLData></TD><TD id=SelTable_LastXMLDataOffset></TD></TR>
   <TR><TD id=SelTable_Text></TD></TR>
</TABLE>

<SCRIPT LANGUAGE=javascript For=objPlugIn EVENT=selectionchanged>
   var CurrentSelection = Null;
   CurrentSelection = objPlugIn.AuthenticView.Selection;
   SelTable_FirstTextPosition.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.FirstTextPosition;
   SelTable_LastTextPosition.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.LastTextPosition;
   SelTable_FirstXMLData.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.FirstXMLData.Name;
   SelTable_FirstXMLDataOffset.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.FirstXMLDataOffset;
   SelTable_LastXMLData.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.LastXMLData.Name;
   SelTable_LastXMLDataOffset.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.LastXMLDataOffset;
</SCRIPT>

</html>
3.3 Firefox

If the HTML page for the Authentic plug-in is to be opened in Firefox, then it must contain the following elements:

- An HTML **EMBED** element, which (i) causes the DLL for the Authentic Plug-in to be downloaded from the server to the client, and (ii) specifies the dimensions of the Authentic View window in the client’s browser. The **EMBED** element contains the location of the Authentic Browser plug-in.
- One or more **Event Listeners** for defining subroutines and handling events. Event listeners are constructed within **SCRIPT** elements.

**This section**

This section is organized into the following sub-sections:

- **The EMBED Element**, which describes how the HTML **EMBED** element is to be used in an HTML page for the Authentic plug-in.
- **Adding Event Listeners**, which describes how **Event Listeners** are to be used in an HTML page for the Authentic plug-in.
- Examples of full HTML pages: Firefox Example 1: Simple and Firefox Example 2: Sort a Table.

For information about individual objects, see the respective **Object descriptions** in the **Reference section**.

**Note:**

- The Authentic Browser plug-in is supported for Firefox.
- Ensure that the MIME type for XPI and/or CRX files has **been added in the browser service** of your server to the list of MIME types for the site you will use.
3.3.1 The EMBED Element

The `EMBED` element has the following functions:

- It gives the Authentic Browser Plug-in a name (via the `id` attribute).
- It selects which version of the Authentic Browser Plug-in to use (via the `type` attribute).
- It specifies an XPI file or CRX file (which is the Authentic Browser Plug-in DLL) via the `PluginsPage` attribute. The value of the `PluginsPage` attribute is a path that locates the XPI or CRX file.
- It specifies the dimension of the Authentic View window in the client's browser (via the `height` and `width` attributes).

Example of EMBED element

Here is a sample HTML `EMBED` element. It selects the English-language Trusted version (with the value of the `type` attribute) and sets the width and height of the Authentic View window in the client's browser to 100% and 60%, respectively.

```html
<embed id="objPlugIn" type="application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin" width="100%" height="60%" PluginsPage="http://your-server-including-path/AuthenticFirefoxPlugin_trusted.xpi" [Name-Of-Parameter="Value of Parameter"] />
```

id

The value of the `id` attribute is used as the name of the Authentic Browser Plug-in objects when these are used in scripts. For example, `objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL` is a call to the object that loads the schema file.

type

This value is the MIME type of the required Authentic Browser version. In the code listing above, the value `application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin` identifies the English-language Trusted version. See the section, Authentic Browser Versions for a list of the available versions and their MIME types.

width, height

These attributes specify the dimensions of the Authentic View window to be created within the browser window.

PluginsPage

The value of this attribute specifies the location of the Authentic Browser XPI file (for Firefox) on your server. Make sure that you use the correct path in the URL that locates the XPI file. Case-sensitivity might be an issue with some servers, so if there is a problem locating a file, check the casing of paths and filenames.

LicServer

The name of the server for which the Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition license key is valid.

LicKey
The license key for validating the use of Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition.

**LicCompany**
The company name for validating the use of Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition.

**Parameters**
A parameter (see list below) can be used in the following ways:

- By giving the parameter name and its value as an attribute-value pair of the **EMBED** element. For example, the parameter **ToolbarsEnabled** can be specified with a value of **true** by adding the attribute-value pair `ToolbarsEnabled="true"` to the **EMBED** element. See listing above.
- A **PARAM** element can be specified as a child of the **OBJECT** element, as in the example below:

  ```xml
  <object id="objPlugIn"
       type="application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin"
       width="100%"
       height="60%">
    <param name="ToolbarsEnabled" value="true"/>
  </object>
  ```

  Note, however, that there is a drawback if parameters are specified in this way—that is, as a child of the **OBJECT** element. Since Firefox does not accept the **PLUGINSPAGE** attribute of the **OBJECT** element, Firefox will have no reference to the Authentic Browser XPI file on the server and cannot start installation of the Authentic Browser plug-in on the client. Therefore, this way of specifying parameters is of use only on clients where the plug-in has already been installed.

**XMLDataURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location of the XML file to be edited. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**XMLDataSaveURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location where the XML file is to be saved. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**SPSDataURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location of the StyleVision Power Stylesheet (*.sps file). For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**SchemaDataURL**
An absolute URL that gives the location of the associated schema file. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

**TextStateBmpURL**
The folder where bitmap image for text-state icons are to be stored.

**TextStateToolbarLine**
The toolbar line in which text-state icons are to be placed. The default is 1.
AutoHideUnusedCommandGroups
Determines whether unused toolbar command groups should be hidden. The default is True.

ToolbarsEnabled
Specifies general support for toolbars. The default is True.

ToolbarTooltipsEnabled
Specifies whether Tooltips are enabled or not.

HideSaveButton
If set to True, removes the Save button from the Authentic toolbar, which is visible by default.

BaseURL
Gives the base URL for use with relative paths.

SaveButtonUsePOST
If set to True, the HTTP POST command is used instead of a PUT when saving the document.

EntryHelpersEnabled
If set to True the Authentic entry helpers are visible

EntryHelperSize
Width of the entry helper window in pixels.

EntryHelperAlignment
Specifies the location of the entry helpers relative to the document window.
0 = Align toolbar at top of document
1 = Align toolbar at left of document
2 = Align toolbar at bottom of document
3 = Align toolbar at right of document

EntryHelperWindows
Selects which of the entry helper sub-windows are visible.
1 = Elements
2 = Attributes
4 = Entities

Any combination is allowed (bit-check)

SaveButtonAutoEnable
See Authentic.SaveButtonAutoEnable

LoaderSettingsFileURL
Gives the URL of the LoaderSettingsFile for package management.
3.3.2 Adding Event Listeners

The following `SCRIPT` element defines an event listener and registers it with the plug-in object. The event listener function will be called each time the specified event is triggered inside the plug-in.

```javascript
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript">
var selCount = 0;
function OnSelectionChanged()
{
    selCount = selCount + 1;
    selectionCounter.value = "SelectionCount = " + selCount;
}
var objPlugIn = document.getElementById('objPlugIn');
objPlugIn.addEventListener("selectionchanged", OnSelectionChanged, false)
</SCRIPT>
```

For a list of events see also Events: Reference.

Scripting languages

The Authentic Browser Plug-in has been tested with JavaScript and VBScript.

Event listeners

For information about event listeners, see the relevant W3C Recommendation.

Authentic Browser object model

The methods, properties, and sub-objects available in the Authentic Browser Plug-in are described in the reference section of this documentation.
3.3.3 **Firefox Example 1: Simple**

The HTML code below generates a page that has the following features:

- It installs the Trusted version of Authentic Browser for Firefox on the client if this is not already installed.
- The Authentic Browser window within the page has a width that is 100% that of the browser window and 60% of its height.
- Below the Authentic Browser window is a row of four buttons.
- The Authentic View of OrgChart.xml is loaded.
- The **Find** and **Replace** buttons pop up the Find and Replace dialogs respectively.
- The **Save** button saves changes to a file called **SaveFile.xml** located in the root directory of the server.
- The **Test Property** button tests a simple property.

When this HTML page is opened on the client, the user can start editing the XML file **OrgChart.xml** and save the edited file as **SaveFile.xml**.

You may wish to use this simple HTML page to test whether Authentic Browser functions properly. If you do so, be sure to use the IP Address and the correct path to the respective files in the URLs that locate the the XPI file, the xsd, xml, and sps files, and any other resource on the server. Note that case-sensitivity might be an issue with some servers, so if there is a problem locating a file, check the casing of filenames and of commands in the code. You can expand or modify this example to build more complex solutions using Authentic Browser.

```html
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=windows-1252">
<title>Minimal Authentic Browser PlugIn page</title>
</head>

<!-- to disable the fast-back cache in Firefox, define an unload handler -->
<BODY id="bodyId" onunload="Unload()">
<!-- Embed element has id with value that must be used -->
<!-- as name of Authentic Browser Plug-in objects -->
<!-- type selects the Trusted Unicode version -->
<embed
   id="objPlugIn"
   type="application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin"
   width="100%"
   height="60%"
   PLUGINSPAGE="http://your-server-including-path/AuthenticFirefoxPlugin_trusted.xpi"
   LicServer="DevAuthBrowTest"
   LicCompany="Altova"
   LicKey="XXXXXXXX" />
<!-- Script with subroutines -->
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript">
   var objPlugIn = document.getElementById('objPlugIn');
   function OnClickFind()
   {
      objPlugIn.FindDialog();
   }
</SCRIPT>
</BODY>
</html>
```
function OnClickReplace()
{
    objPlugIn.ReplaceDialog();
}

function BtnOnSave()
{
    objPlugIn.XMLDataSaveUrl = "http://your-server/Authentic/
SaveFile.xml"
    objPlugIn.Save();
}

function BtnOnTestProp()
{
    alert ( objPlugIn.IsRowInsertEnabled );
}

function Unload()
{
}

function InitAuthenticPluginPage( )
{
    var serverstr='your-server/';
    var basedir='Authentic/';
    objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir +
    'OrgChart.xsd';
    objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir +
    'OrgChart.xml';
    objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr +
    basedir + 'OrgChart.sps';
    objPlugIn.StartEditing();
}

    // event subscription if running on Firefox
    objPlugIn.addEventListener("ControlInitialized", InitAuthenticPluginPage,
false);
</SCRIPT>

<p>
<input type="button" value="Find" name="B4" onclick="OnClickFind()"/>
<input type="button" value="Replace" name="B5" onclick="OnClickReplace()"/>
<input type="button" value="Save" name="B6" onclick="BtnOnSave()"/>
<input type="button" value="Test property" name="B7" onclick="BtnOnTestProp()"/>
</p>

</body>
</html>

**Note:** The script above contains license information for activating Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition.
3.3.4 Firefox Example 2: Sort a Table

This is an example HTML page with an embedded JavaScript. The sample requires the Authentic Browser Plug-in (XPI file) to be installed on your computer. Note that case-sensitivity might be an issue with some servers, so if there is a problem locating a file, check the casing of filenames and of commands in the code.

The code shows:

- How to access the browser plug-in. Modify the code to refer to your XPI file and the class identifier (MIME Type) of your browser plug-in version (trusted or untrusted).
- How to load a file into the browser plug-in. Modify the code to refer to your sample document.
- Implement buttons for simple cursor positioning.
- Implement more complex commands like the sorting of tables.
- How to use the `SelectionChanged` event.

```html
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=windows-1252">
<title>Test Page For Authentic Browser Plug-in</title>
</head>

<!-- to disable the fast-back cache in Firefox, define an unload handler -->
<BODY id="bodyId" onunload="Unload()">
<embed
    id="objPlugIn"
    type="application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin"
    width="100%"
    height="60%"
    PLUGINSPAGE="http://your-server-including-path/AuthenticFirefoxPlugin_trusted.xpi"
    EntryHelpersEnabled="TRUE"
    SaveButtonAutoEnable="TRUE" >

<TABLE>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript">
var objCurrentRange = null;
var objPlugIn = document.getElementById('objPlugIn');

function BtnDocumentBegin() { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.DocumentBegin.Select(); }
function BtnDocumentEnd() { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.DocumentEnd.Select(); }
function BtnWholeDocument() { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.WholeDocument.Select(); }
function BtnSelectNextWord() { objPlugIn.AuthenticView.Selection.SelectNext(1).Select(); }
function BtnSortDepartmentOnClick() {
    var objCursor = null;
    var objTableStart = null;
    var objBubble = null;
    var strField1 = "";
    var strField2 = "";
```
var nColIndex = 0;
var nRows = 0;

objCursor = objPlugIn.AuthenticView.Selection;
if (objCursor.IsInDynamicTable())
{
    // calculate current column index
    nColIndex = 0;
    bContinue = true;
    while ( bContinue )
    {
        try { objCursor.GotoPrevious(11); } catch (err) { bContinue = false; nColIndex--; }
        nColIndex++;
    }

    // GoTo begin of table
    objTableStart = objCursor.ExpandTo(9).CollapsToBegin().Clone();

    // count number of table rows
    nRows = 1;
    bContinue = true;
    while ( bContinue )
    {
        try { objTableStart.GotoNext(10); } catch (err) { bContinue = false; }
        nRows++;
    }

    // bubble sort through table
    for ( i = 0; i < nRows - 1; i++ )
    {
        for( j = 0; j < nRows-i-1; j++ )
        {
            objBubble = objCursor.ExpandTo(9).CollapsToBegin().Clone();
            // Select correct column in jth table row
            objBubble.GotoNext(6).Goto(10,j,2).Goto(11,nColIndex,2).ExpandTo(6);
            strField1 = objBubble.Text;
            try
            {
                strField2 = objBubble.GotoNext(10).Goto(11,nColIndex,2).ExpandTo(6).Text;
            }
            catch (err) { continue; }
            if(strField1 > strField2) {
                if(!objBubble.MoveRowUp()) {
                    alert('Table row move is not allowed!');
                    return;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
function InitAuthenticPluginPage() {
    var serverstr='your-server/';
    var basedir='Authentic/';
    objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = 'http://'+serverstr+basedir+'OrgChart.xsd';
    objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://'+serverstr+basedir+'OrgChart.xml';
    objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://'+serverstr+basedir+'OrgChart.sps';
    objPlugIn.StartEditing();
}

function Unload() {
}

function OnSelectionChanged() {
    var CurrentSelection = null;
    CurrentSelection = objPlugIn.AuthenticView.Selection;
    SelTable_FirstTextPosition.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.FirstTextPosition;
    SelTable_LastTextPosition.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.LastTextPosition;
    SelTable_FirstXMLData.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.FirstXMLData.Parent.Name;
    SelTable_FirstXMLDataOffset.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.FirstXMLDataOffset;
    SelTable_LastXMLData.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.LastXMLData.Parent.Name;
    SelTable_LastXMLDataOffset.innerHTML = CurrentSelection.LastXMLDataOffset;
}

objPlugIn.addEventListener("selectionchanged", OnSelectionChanged, false) // event subscription if running on Firefox
objPlugIn.addEventListener("ControlInitialized", InitAuthenticPluginPage, false);
</SCRIPT>
</BODY>
</HTML>
<TABLE border=1><TR><TD id=SelTable_FirstTextPosition></TD><TD id=SelTable_LastTextPosition></TD></TR><TR><TD id=SelTable_FirstXMLData></TD><TD id=SelTable_FirstXMLDataOffset></TD></TR><TR><TD id=SelTable_LastXMLData></TD><TD id=SelTable_LastXMLDataOffset></TD></TR><TR><TD id=SelTable_Text></TD></TR></TABLE>
3.4 Browser-Independent

In some projects, it may not be known what browser (Internet Explorer or Firefox) will be used on the client. In such cases, Authentic Browser versions for both Internet Explorer and Firefox can be stored on the server (that is, both the CAB file and XPI file can be stored on the server). In the HTML page you can insert a script to determine which browser has been used to open the HTML page, and accordingly cause the correct Authentic Browser Plug-in to be loaded.

Additionally, if Internet Explorer is the browser that is used on the client, then the correct .cab file (for 32-bit or 64-bit Internet Explorer) must be selected for download from the server. A script can test for the X-bit version of Internet Explorer and select the correct .cab file for download from the server.

This section contains an example file, which does the following: determines the browser, loads the correct Authentic Browser version, and carries out a few functions. For information about individual objects, see the respective Object descriptions in the Reference section.

Note:
- The Authentic Browser plug-in is supported for Internet Explorer 5.5 or higher, Mozilla Firefox
- For Firefox usage, ensure that the MIME type for XPI files has been added in the browser service of your server to the list of MIME types for the site you will use.
3.4.1 Browser-Independent Example

The HTML code below generates a page that has the following features:

- It checks what browser is installed on the client (Internet Explorer, Firefox) and installs an Authentic Browser version for the detected browser type.
- Furthermore, if the installed browser is Internet Explorer, then it checks whether the system is 32-bit or 64-bit, and then selects the correct .CAB file (for 32-bit or 64-bit Internet Explorer).
- The Authentic Browser window within the page has a width that is 100% that of the browser window and 60% of its height.
- Below the Authentic Browser window is a row of five buttons
- The Start Editing button loads the Authentic View of OrgChart.xml, which is in the root directory of your server
- The Find and Replace buttons pop up the Find and Replace dialogs respectively
- The Save button saves changes to a file called SaveFile_OrgChart.xml located in the root directory of the server
- The Test property button tests a simple property

When this HTML page is opened on the client, the user can start editing the XML file OrgChart.xml and save the edited file as SaveFile_OrgChart.xml.

You may wish to use this simple HTML page to test whether Authentic Browser functions properly. If you do so, be sure to use the IP Address and the correct path to the respective files in the URLs that locate the the XPI file, the xsd, xml, and sps files, and any other resource on the server. Note that case-sensitivity might be an issue with some servers, so if there is a problem locating a file, check the casing of filenames and of commands in the code. You can expand or modify this example to build more complex solutions using Authentic Browser.

```html
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<html>
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
  <title>Orgchart.sps Scriptable Plug-in Test - browser independent</title>
  <script type="text/javascript">
    function BtnOnSave() { objPlugIn.Save();}

    function InitAuthenticPluginPage() {
      
      var schema= document.getElementById('xsd');
      var instance=document.getElementById('xml');
      var design=document.getElementById('sps');
      objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = instance.innerHTML;
      objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = design.innerHTML;
      objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL= schema.innerHTML;
      // alert(schema.innerHTML + " "+instance.innerHTML + " "+design.innerHTML);  
      
      var serverstr='your-server/';

    }
  </script>
</head>
<body>
<!--
function BtnOnSave() { objPlugIn.Save();}

function InitAuthenticPluginPage() {
  
  var schema= document.getElementById('xsd');
  var instance=document.getElementById('xml');
  var design=document.getElementById('sps');
  objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = instance.innerHTML;
  objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = design.innerHTML;
  objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL= schema.innerHTML;
  // alert(schema.innerHTML + " "+instance.innerHTML + " "+design.innerHTML);

  var serverstr='your-server/';

    -->
</body>
</html>
```
var basedir='Authentic/';
objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir + 'OrgChart.xsd';
objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir + 'OrgChart.xml';
objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = 'http://' + serverstr + basedir + 'OrgChart.sps';
*/

objPlugIn.StartEditing();

function Unload() {
}

//-->
</script>

<body id="bodyId" onunload="Unload()">
<table border="1">
<tbody>
<tr><th><span>DesignLoadURL</span></th><td id="sps">http://your-server/Authentic/Orgchart.sps</td></tr>
<tr><th><span>SchemaLoadURL</span></th><td id="xsd">http://your-server/Authentic/Orgchart.xsd</td></tr>
<tr><th><span>XMLDataLoadURL</span></th><td id="xml">http://your-server/Authentic/Orgchart.xml</td></tr>
<tr><th><span>XMLDataSaveURL</span></th><td id="xmlsave">http://your-server/Authentic/SaveFile_OrgChart.xml</td></tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<div class="block">
<h3>Authentic Platformindependent Plug-in Enterprise Edition</h3>
</div>

<script language="JavaScript" type="text/javascript">

// return true if the page loads in Firefox
function isFirefoxOnWindows() {
    return (navigator.userAgent.indexOf('Firefox') !== -1) &&
    (navigator.userAgent.indexOf('Win') !== -1);
}

// return true if the page loads in Internet Explorer
function isIEOnWindows() {
    return (navigator.userAgent.indexOf('IE') !== -1) &&
    (navigator.userAgent.indexOf('Win') !== -1);
}
</script>
return ((navigator.userAgent.indexOf('MSIE') != -1) &&
(navigator.userAgent.indexOf('Win') != -1))
}

//return true if Browser is 64bit
function is64bitBrowser()
{
    return ((navigator.userAgent.indexOf('Win64') != -1)&&
(navigator.userAgent.indexOf('x64') != -1))
}

//return Codebase for 32 bit  or 64 bit
function getCodeBase()
{
    if ( is64bitBrowser() )
    {
        return('CodeBase="http://your-server/
AuthenticBrowserEdition_x64.CAB#Version=12,2,0,0" ')
    }
    else {
        return('CodeBase="http://your-server/
AuthenticBrowserEdition.CAB#Version=12,2,0,0" ')
    }
}

// Create the plugin object instance, according to the browser loading the page
// -Firefox uses EMBED tag for embeding plugins and supports PLUGINSPAGE
// attribute to redirect to an installation file if the plugin is not currently installed;
// -IE uses <OBJECT> tag for embeding plugins and supports CODEBASE attribute
// to indicate a .cab file for the installation if the plugin is not currently installed

function createObject( codebase, clsid)
{
    if ( isFirefoxOnWindows() )
    {
        document.write ( '<embed ' +
'id="objPlugIn" +
'type="application/x-authentic-scriptable-plugin" ' +
'width="100%" ' +
'height="60%" ' + 'PLUGINSPAGE="http://your-server/Authentic/AuthenticFirefoxPlugin_trusted.xpi" ' +
'SaveButtonAutoEnable="true" ' +
'EntryHelpersEnabled="true" ' +
'LicServer="your-server" ' +
'LicCompany="Altova" ' +
'LicKey="XXXXXXXXXX" ' +
'XMLDataSaveUrl="http://your-server/Authentic/SaveFile_OrgChart.xml"> ' +
'"</embed>" );
}
```javascript
else if ( isIEOnWindows() )
{
    document.write ( '<OBJECT ' +
        'id="objPlugIn" ' +
        getCodeBase() +
        'Classid="clsid:B4628728-E3F0-44a2-BEC8-F838555AE780" ' +
        'width="100%" ' +
        'height="60%" ' +
        '>' +
        '<PARAM NAME="XMLDataSaveUrl" VALUE="http://your-server/Authentic/SaveFile_OrgChart.xml"> ' +
        '<PARAM NAME="EntryHelpersEnabled" VALUE="TRUE"> ' +
        '<PARAM NAME="SaveButtonAutoEnable" VALUE="TRUE"> ' +
        '<PARAM NAME="LicServer" VALUE="your-server"> ' +
        '<PARAM NAME="LicCompany" VALUE="Altova"> ' +
        '<PARAM NAME="LicKey" VALUE="XXXXXXXXXX"> ' +
        '</OBJECT>');
}
createObject();
// after running createObject the plugin object exists. Initialize the javascript variable to be used in the scripts
var objPlugIn = document.getElementById('objPlugIn');
</script>
<br><br>
<button onclick="objPlugIn.StartEditing()"><span>Start Editing</span></button>
<button onclick="objPlugIn.FindDialog()"><span>Find</span></button>
<button onclick="objPlugIn.ReplaceDialog();"><span>Replace</span></button>
<button onclick="BtnOnSave()"><span>Save</span></button>
<button onclick="alert ( objPlugIn.IsRowInsertEnabled );"><span>Test</span></button>
</center>
<script language="javascript" type="text/javascript">
// event subscription if running on Firefox
if ( isFirefoxOnWindows() )
{
    objPlugIn.addEventListener("ControlInitialized", InitAuthenticPluginPage, false);
}
</script>
<script event="ControlInitialized" for="objPlugIn" language="javascript" type="text/javascript">
// event subscription if running on Internet Explorer
if ( isIEOnWindows() )
{
    InitAuthenticPluginPage();
    //if ( isIEx64OnWindows() ) alert("IE x64");
</script>
```
Note: The script above contains license information for activating Authentic Browser Enterprise Edition.
Extension Packages for On-Demand Installation

If on-demand installation of the Authentic Browser plug-in is planned, the zipped Authentic Browser extension package/s (CAB, XPI, and/or CRX file/s) must be stored on the server. When the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in is accessed in the client browser for the first time, instructions in the HTML page cause the relevant extension package to be downloaded from the server to the client, unzipped, and installed on the client.

The required Authentic Browser extension package/s for on-demand installation can be downloaded from the Altova website. They must be stored on the server as a zipped (CAB, XPI, or CRX) file. Whether you store a CAB, XPI, or CRX file on the server depends upon which browser is used on the client to open the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Browser</th>
<th>Installer File Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internet Explorer v6.5 or higher (32-bit)</td>
<td>CAB file (for 32-bit IE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internet Explorer (64-bit)</td>
<td>CAB file (for 64-bit IE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firefox</td>
<td>XPI file</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If a client may use multiple browsers or any browser (Internet Explorer or Firefox), then two or all three extension packages (CAB, XPI, and CRX files) should be stored on the server. If the client browser is not known, you could include a script in the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in to detect which browser is currently being used. The appropriate file (CAB for Internet Explorer; XPI for Firefox) will then be downloaded automatically from the server to the client. For information about this scenario, see HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in | Browser-Independent.

CAB files for Internet Explorer are available for 32-bit IE browsers and 64-bit IE browsers. Again, you may wish to store both types of CAB file (32-bit and 64-bit) on the server. The HTML page for Authentic Plug-in could have a script that determines whether the browser is a 32-bit or 64-bit version and then downloads the correct CAB file. How to create such a script is described in the section, HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in | Browser-Independent.

Downloading and storing the CAB/XPI/CRX file

The CAB file, XPI file, and/or CRX file is to be downloaded from the Altova Website and can be downloaded to any location on your server. If you are deploying the Enterprise edition of Authentic Browser, then the package must be stored on the server for which the Enterprise license has been registered.

All three types of installer file (CAB, XPI, CRX) are zipped file formats. Do not unzip these files. The file extraction and installation on the client takes place automatically when the client opens the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in for the first time. The location of the CAB/XPI/CRX file on the server is specified in the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in.
Chapter 5
Client Setup
Client Setup

The client machine is the machine on which the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in is opened and on which the Altova Authentic XML page is edited. To achieve this functionality, the Authentic Browser plug-in must be installed as an add-on in the client browser that will be used to open the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in.

The Authentic Browser plug-in can be installed in the client browser automatically from the server when the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in is opened in the client browser. Alternatively, the Authentic Browser plug-in can be installed directly in the client browser, either manually or by using a centrally administered MSI-based push system.

This section describes how to set up the client machine for these functions. It describes the following:

- The Internet browser requirements for enabling Authentic Browser functionality.
- The different methods of installing the Authentic Browser plug-in as an add-on in supported browsers on the client machine. It also describes how to upgrade and de-install the Authentic Browser plug-in.
- IE9 Security Settings to allow the proper functioning of the plug-in.
- IE10 Security Settings to allow the proper functioning of the plug-in. Note that, for Authentic Browser plug-in to be allowed in Internet Explorer 10, the IE 10 mode should be set to Compatible Mode.
1 Browser Requirements

For a client machine to display an Altova Authentic XML page, it requires an Internet browser that allows plug-ins. Since a number of browser providers discontinued support for the NPAPI architecture, Authentic Browser Edition is currently supported only on Microsoft Internet Explorer 32-bit version 9 and newer. If you wish to use another Internet browser, you will need to use an older version that supports plug-ins.

The list below provides information about support levels for Authentic Browser plug-in among the major Internet browsers.

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 32-bit version 9 and newer support Authentic Browser.
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 64-bit version 9 is the last 64-bit version that can be used. Versions newer than that are Microsoft Edge.
- Microsoft Edge does not support Authentic Browser since it never supported ActiveX controls as plug-ins.
- Firefox version 26.0 is the last to offer NPAPI support, and versions up to 26.0 (latest preferable) can be used for Authentic Browser.
- Google Chrome version 44 is the last to offer NPAPI support, and versions up to 44 (latest preferable) can be used for Authentic Browser.

Note: Internet Explorer must be installed because the Authentic View interface (which will be displayed within the browser window) is generated using Internet Explorer.
2 Authentic Browser Plug-in

This section describes the various ways in which Authentic Browser can be installed on a client machine, as well as how the plug-in can be upgraded and de-installed.

- Installation on Demand
- Manual Installation via Extension Packages
- Manual Installation via MSI
- Push Installation using MSI
- Automatic Updates
- De-installation, Disabling

Installation of multiple versions

There are several versions of Authentic Browser. For each supported language (English, German, Spanish, French, Japanese), separate trusted and untrusted versions are available for each supported browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer 32-bit and 64-bit, Mozilla Firefox).

One, some, or all of these versions of the Authentic Browser plug-in can be installed on a client machine. Each will be displayed as a separate plug-in in the browser's Add-on Manager.

For more information about versions, see Authentic Browser Versions.
2.1 **Installation on Demand**

The best way of installing the Authentic Browser plug-in is to have it automatically installed when needed. This mechanism works as follows:

1. The extension packages (CAB, XPI, and/or CRX file/s) are stored on the server.
2. When the HTML page for Authentic Plug-in is opened in the client's browser, instructions in the HTML page download the relevant extension package and install the Authentic Browser plug-in in the client browser.

The instruction in the HTML page will be different for different browsers.

*For Internet Explorer*

Use the `CODEBASE` attribute of the `OBJECT` element to specify the URL of the CAB file. See the example for Internet Explorer for details.

*For Mozilla Firefox*

Use the `pluginspage` attribute of the `embed` element to specify the URL of the XPI file. See the example for Firefox for details.

*Alternative method for Mozilla Firefox*

Add a link that points to the extension package and, when clicked, will install the plug-in. For example: `<a href="plugin.crx">Click to install Authentic Browser extension</a>`. See the section, Extension Packages for On-Demand Installation, for information about server-side setup of the extension packages. For information about versions, see Authentic Browser Versions.
2.2 Manual Installation via Extension Packages

In some browsers, the Authentic Browser plug-in can also be installed manually.

**Internet Explorer**
There is no way to manually install an Internet Explorer add-on contained in a CAB file. Use Manual Installation via MSI.

**Firefox**
Drag and drop the XPI file into the Firefox window. The Add-on Manager (Tools | Add-ons | Extensions) should display the Authentic Browser plug-in in its list of installed extensions.

For information about versions, see Authentic Browser Versions
2.3 **Manual Installation via MSI**

You can download an MSI installer (Microsoft Windows Installer) file for Authentic Browser from the Altova website. This file is an executable installer file (with a `.exe` extension) that installs the Authentic Browser plug-in in all the supported browsers (Microsoft Internet Explorer 32-bit and 64-bit, Mozilla Firefox) currently installed on the client machine.

**Installation**

Download the MSI installer file to the client machine and double-click it to start the installation. The plug-in will be installed (by default to the folder `C:\Program Files (x86)\Altova\AuthenticBrowserPlugin\...`) and integrated in the currently installed supported browsers in one step. Selective installation for different browsers is possible via the Custom Installation dialog.

The *Add/Remove Programs* list on a client machine will show the installed browser edition.

**MSI versions**

There is an MSI installer file for each supported language (English, German, Spanish, French, Japanese), each trusted/untrusted type, and each 32-bit/64-bit browser-type. So, for example, there will be one MSI installer file for English Trusted 32-bit browsers, another for English Trusted 64-bit browsers, another for English Untrusted 32-bit browsers, and so on.

For more information about versions, see [Authentic Browser Versions](#).
2.4 Push Installation using MSI

Where installation of new software is managed by a central IT team and installers are pushed out within an administration framework, installation via a native MSI installer (Microsoft Windows Installer) is an advantage. This is especially true for Internet Explorer where installation of a plug-in requires administration rights.

You can download an MSI installer (Microsoft Windows Installer) file for Authentic Browser from the Altova website. This file is an executable installer file (with a .exe extension) that installs the Authentic Browser plug-in in all the supported browsers currently installed on the client machine. Currently supported browsers are: Microsoft Internet Explorer 32-bit and 64-bit, Mozilla Firefox.

Installation

Download the MSI installer file to the administration server and include it in your administrative procedures for installing to client machines. The plug-in will be installed (by default to the folder: C:\Program Files (x86)\Altova\AuthenticBrowserPlugin\...) and integrated in the currently installed supported browsers in one step. Selective installation for different browsers is possible via the Custom Installation dialog.

For silent installation, use the command line input parameter /q.

The Add/Remove Programs list on a client machine will show the installed browser edition.

MSI versions

There is an MSI installer file for each supported language (English, German, Spanish, French, Japanese), each trusted/untrusted type, and each 32-bit/64-bit browser-type. So, for example, there will be one MSI installer file for English Trusted 32-bit browsers, another for English Trusted 64-bit browsers, another for English Untrusted 32-bit browsers, and so on.

For more information on versions, see Authentic Browser Versions
2.5 Automatic Updates

The availability of Authentic Browser upgrades and the installation of these updates varies according to browser.

Internet Explorer
The codebase attribute value of the object element in the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in can be suffixed with #Version=... to indicate the version number of the plug-in available on the server. If the version of the plug-in installed on the user's machine is less than that version, the user will be asked if the plug-in should be upgraded.

For Mozilla Firefox
The standard mechanism for updating Firefox extensions is as follows. The install.rdf file in the Firefox extension contains a link to an update.rdf file on a download server. The install.rdf file specifies the version installed on the user's machine. The update.rdf file lists the versions and extension files available for download on the server. If newer versions are available for download, the user will be informed.

This is currently not supported for Authentic Browser.
2.6 De-installation, Disabling

If installation has been via MSI, then the Add/Remove Programs list on a client machine will show the installed browser edition. If you uninstall the product via the Add/Remove Programs list, the plug-in will be removed from the browser and from the MSI list.

When a plug-in is installed in a browser, it is displayed as enabled in the browser's Add-on Manager. If you remove the plug-in from the browser's Add-on Manager, the plug-in will be disabled but stays on disk.
3  **IE9 Security Settings**

If the [Untrusted version of Authentic Browser](#) is being used in Internet Explorer 9, you might get the following error message:

> Internet Explorer blocked an ActiveX control, so this page might not display correctly.

To enable ActiveX controls, you must set the relevant security option in the Internet Options of Internet Explorer. Do this as follows:

1. Open the Internet Options dialog (screenshot below) of Internet Explorer by clicking the menu command **Tools | Internet Options**.

![Internet Options](image)

2. Select the Security tab (see screenshot above), then the zone for which you wish to make the setting (Internet or Local intranet).

3. Next, click the **Custom Level** button. This pops up the Security Settings dialog (screenshot below).

![Custom Level](image)
4. Scroll down to the ActiveX controls and plug-ins section, and within this to the setting Initialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as safe for scripting. Select the Prompt option (see screenshot above).

5. Restart Internet Explorer for the new setting to take effect.

From now onwards, each time an HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in attempts to load an ActiveX file, Internet Explorer will prompt you about whether you wish to load the control or not.
4 IE10 Security Settings

Internet Explorer 10 (IE10) has two browser modes:

- Metro-style, which runs Enhanced Protection Mode security, and
- Desktop, which runs Compatible Mode security.

To run Authentic Browser plug-in, you must set IE10 to Compatible mode (Tool | Options | Security).
User Reference

This section contains a listing and description of Authentic Browser mechanisms, objects, and enumerations.

- Authentic Browser Mechanisms
- Authentic Browser Objects
- Authentic Browser Enumerations
1  Mechanisms

This section contains a description of some commonly used Authentic Browser mechanisms.
1.1 Events: Connection Point (IE-Specific)

Authentic Browser provides various connection point events (see also Events: Reference), for which you can provide event handlers in the SCRIPT blocks on your HTML page.

**Note:** The description in this section applies to Internet Explorer only.

The following samples show SCRIPT blocks for the ControlInitialized and SelectionChanged events:

**ControlInitialized**
This connection point event is triggered immediately after the control is created and initialized. Additional startup scripting for the control can be handled inside the ControlInitialized event handler.

```html
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE=javascript FOR=objPlugIn EVENT=controlinitialized>
    // add your code here
</SCRIPT>
```

**SelectionChanged**
The SelectionChanged event is triggered each time the current selection in the view changes. Use a SCRIPT block to execute your event-specific code.

```html
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE=javascript FOR=objPlugIn EVENT=selectionchanged>
    // add your code here
</SCRIPT>
```

Please note that the Authentic.event object is not populated when this event occurs. If event handlers are registered in your script, the Authentic.event object properties contain values from the last event to have occurred. The Authentic.CurrentSelection object now contains valid information.

**Loading SPS, XSD, and XML files without user intervention**

If you wish to load the .sps, .xsd and .xml files without user intervention when loading the HTML page, it is the preferred method to write an event handler that handles the ControlInitialized event. Alternatively a property bag can be used as in the second example:

**Recommended:**

```html
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript" FOR=objPlugIn EVENT="ControlInitialized">
    objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xsd"
    objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xml"
    objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.sps"
    objPlugIn.StartEditing()
</SCRIPT>
```

or

```html
<OBJECT id=objPlugIn style="WIDTH:600px; HEIGHT:500px"
    codeBase="http://yourserver/cabfiles/"...
It is not recommended to load these files in an event handler that handles the "body" elements "onload" event as the Authentic Browser Plugin control may be initialized after the "onload" event is fired. If this is the case the Plugin's methods and properties will not be available, and the files will not load. Also see The OBJECT Element for details.

**Not recommended:**

```javascript
function load () {
  objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xsd"
  objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.xml"
  objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = "http://yourserver/OrgChart.sps"
  objPlugIn.StartEditing()
}
</SCRIPT>

<body onload = "load files">
1.2 Events: Adding Event Listeners (Firefox-specific)

For each connection point event Authentic Browser provides (see also Events: Reference) you can write event handlers in the SCRIPT blocks on your HTML page by using the addEventListener method.

**Note:** The description in this section applies to Firefox only.

Here is an example of how to provide an event handler for the SelectionChanged event in Firefox:

```javascript
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript">
var selCount = 0;
function OnSelectionChanged()
{
    selCount = selCount + 1;
    selectionCounter.value = "SelectionCount = " + selCount;
}
var objPlugIn = document.getElementById('objPlugIn');
objPlugIn.addEventListener("selectionchanged", OnSelectionChanged, false)
</SCRIPT>
```

Please note that the Authentic.event object is not populated when this event occurs. If event handlers are registered in your script, the Authentic.event object properties contain values from the last event to have occurred. The Authentic.CurrentSelection object now contains valid information.
1.3 Events: Toolbar Button

Each toolbar button has default behavior, which may need to be changed. The AuthenticCommand event allows you to add additional tasks to, or entirely redefine, the default behavior of toolbar buttons. Scripts can use the AuthenticCommand event to receive notification each time the user clicks a toolbar icon. Note that not every command (from the Authentic.UICommands collection) has its own associated event. To find out which icon the user clicked, the script has to check the AuthenticEvent.srcElement property, which contains a reference to a corresponding AuthenticCommand object.

Example

```javascript
// event handler for OnDocEditCommand
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE=javascript FOR=objPlugIn EVENT=doceditcommand>
// we are interested in the k_CommandSave button
if(objPlugIn.event.srcElement.CommandID == 1)
{
    // instead of the standard HTTP PUT we want to use
    // a HTTP POST
    objPlugIn.SavePOST();

    // no standard execution follows
    objPlugIn.event.cancelBubble = true;
}
</SCRIPT>
```

Reference

For available commands, see AuthenticToolbarButton.CommandID.
1.4 Events: Reference

List of connection point events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>since TypeLib</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SelectionChanged</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>Selection in the editor has changed. The Authentic.CurrentSelection object now contains valid information. The properties of the Authentic.event object are not set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ControlInitialized</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>The control is now fully loaded and initialized. The properties of the Authentic.event object are not set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dragover</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>A drag-over operation is occurring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drop</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>A drop operation has happened.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keydown</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>A key has been pressed but not yet released.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keyup</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>A key on the keyboard has been released. This is usually the event to react on keystrokes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keypressed</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>Raised on any keyboard input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mousemove</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>The mouse pointer has been moved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>buttonup</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>One of the mouse buttons has been released.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>buttondown</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>One of the mouse buttons has been pushed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contextmenu</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>Sent after receiving WM_CONTEXTMENU.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>editpaste</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>Called before a paste operation takes place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>editcut</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>Called before a cut operation takes place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>editcopy</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>Called before a copy operation takes place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>editlear</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>Called before a clear operation takes place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>doceditcommand</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>Raised on executing an Authentic command and to implement a custom command handler. See also Events: Toolbarbuttons. The properties of the Authentic.event object are not set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>buttondoubleclick</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>One of the mouse buttons has been double-clicked.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If no exception is mentioned in the description the properties of the Authentic.event object are set on calling the event handler.

**Note:** These event-handlers are synchronous, that is, they are called immediately when the event occurs.
1.5 Accessing and Modifying Document Content

To access and modify document content, you can use the AuthenticRange, AuthenticView, and Authentic objects (and their properties and methods).

Where there is a functionality overlap between the AuthenticRange and AuthenticView interface on the one hand and the interface provided by the Authentic object on the other, the AuthenticRange and AuthenticView interface is the preferred interface. The overlapping functionality of the Authentic object is being phased out and will be obsolete in a future version.
1.6 Editing Operations

When XML data is displayed in Authentic View, it is possible to manipulate individual elements using the standard editing operations of cut, copy, and paste. However, not all the XML data elements may be edited. It is therefore necessary to first test whether editing is possible. The mechanism used is as follows: First, check whether the particular editing operation is enabled; if it is, then call the method to perform that editing operation. The only method that does not have a test is the method `EditSelectAll`, which automatically selects all elements displayed in the document.

The following is a list of properties and methods that perform editing operations. Each property returns a boolean value. The methods have no parameter.

- **IsEditUndoEnabled** `Authentic.EditUndo` Undo an editing operation
- **IsEditRedoEnabled** `Authentic.EditRedo` Redo an editing operation
- **IsEditCopyEnabled** `Authentic.EditCopy` Copy the selected text to the clipboard
- **IsEditCutEnabled** `Authentic.EditCut` Cut the selected text to the clipboard
- **IsEditPasteEnabled** `Authentic.EditPaste` Paste clipboard text to current cursor position
- **IsEditClearEnabled** `Authentic.EditClear` Clear the selected text from the XML document
1.7 Find and Replace

The Authentic.FindDialog method, opens a Find dialog box, in which the user can enter a search term. The Authentic.FindNext method allows the next instance of the same item to be found. The FindNext method can be tested using the boolean property IsFindNextEnabled. A variation of the FindDialog method is the Authentic.ReplaceDialog method. This operation finds a specific item, and is used to replace it with a specific value entered by the user in the Replace dialog box. If the FindNext method is then called, the next item is found and replaced.
1.8 Row Operations

In Authentic View, a repeating element structure may be created as a dynamic table, in which each row represents an instance of the repeated element. Once a dynamic table is created, the Authentic View user can manipulate the rows and their data. These row operations can be carried out with the use of a script.

If an external script is to perform row operations then two steps must occur:

- The first step checks whether the row that the cursor is in uses a property. A property, such as `IsRowInsertEnabled`, is used and returns a True or False value.
- If the return value is True, then the required row method can be called.

The following is a list of properties and methods that perform row operations. Each property returns a boolean, and the methods have no parameter.

- `IsRowInsertEnabled` (Authentic.RowInsert) - Row insertion operation.
- `IsRowAppendEnabled` (Authentic.RowAppend) - Append row operation.
- `IsRowDeleteEnabled` (Authentic.RowDelete) - Delete row operation.
- `IsRowMoveUpEnabled` (Authentic.RowMoveUp) - Move the XML data up one row.
- `IsRowMoveDownEnabled` (Authentic.RowMoveDown) - Move the XML data down one row.
- `IsRowDuplicateEnabled` (Authentic.RowDuplicate) - Duplicate the current row.
1.9 Shortcut Keys

The following shortcut keys are valid if the Authentic Browser has the input focus:

- **CTRL + P**: Print document
- **CTRL + Z**: Undo
- **CTRL + Y**: Redo
- **CTRL + X**: Cut
- **CTRL + C**: Copy
- **CTRL + V**: Paste
- **CTRL + A**: Select all
- **CTRL + F**: Open Find dialog box
- **CTRL + H**: Open Find-Replace dialog box
1.10 Text State Buttons

The Authentic View toolbar of Authentic Browser provides support for text state icons. These are icons that insert elements having pre-defined text-formatting properties. To be able to use this function, the element that is to be created as a text state icon must be:

- declared as a global template in the schema, and
- the SPS must contain the necessary definitions (see the StyleVision documentation)

The Plug-in needs to have the path to the .bmp that will be used as the text state icon or custom button in the toolbar. This URL to the icon's image file is provided as the value of the Authentic.TextStateBmpURL.
1.11 **Entry Helpers**

The Authentic Browser enables you to provide entry helper windows as in XMLSpy. This provides the Authentic View user ready access to the elements, attributes, and entities allowed at any location in the document. The entry helpers are disabled by default and do not appear unless they are explicitly activated. To enable entry helpers, use the following PROPERTYBAG parameters in the OBJECT tag (Internet Explorer) or as an attribute of the EMBED element (Firefox):

- **EntryHelpersEnabled**: TRUE / FALSE
- **EntryHelperSize**: Size in pixels
- **EntryHelperAlignment**: Takes SPYAuthenticToolbarAlignment values
- **EntryHelperWindows**: Takes SPYAuthenticEntryHelperWindows values. Any combination is allowed (bit-check)

Instead of using the parameters in the OBJECT or EMBED tags you can also use properties and methods in the API:

**Properties**
- `Authentic.EntryHelpersEnabled`
- `Authentic.EntryHelperAlignment`
- `Authentic.EntryHelperSize`
- `Authentic.EntryHelperWindows`

**Method**
- `Authentic.RedrawEntryHelpers`
1.12 Packages

Authentic Browser Plug-in supports packages that extend program module functionality. Packages are stored on the server and are installed locally (on the client) on demand via the Authentic Browser GUI. Once a package is installed locally, it is activated on every startup until the user removes it.

Currently, Authentic Browser supports spellchecker packages.

This section is organized into two parts:

- **Working with packages**, which describes how the packages mechanism works
- **Spellchecker packages**, which explains how spellchecker packages are to be stored on the server and how they are installed and used
1.12.1 Working with Packages

Packages are stored on the server and are installed locally (on the client), on demand via the Authentic Browser GUI. Once a package is installed locally, it is activated on every startup until the user removes it.

Package management

Package management is an Authentic Browser functionality that gives the Authentic Browser user control over available packages. This functionality is available via the Package Management dialog.

To enable package management functionality, you must use the LoaderSettingsFileURL parameter in the HTML Page for Authentic Plug-in. This parameter specifies the URL of the LoaderSettings file for package management (which can reside at any accessible location):

- In an HTML page for Internet Explorer, the LoaderSettingsFileURL parameter is used as a child PARAM element of the OBJECT element:

  ```html
  <OBJECT>
  ...
  <PARAM NAME="LoaderSettingsFileURL" VALUE="http://www.server.com/AuthenticFiles/XMLSpyPlugInLoaderSettings.xml"/>
  </OBJECT>
  ```

- In an HTML page for Firefox, the LoaderSettingsFileURL parameter is used as an attribute of the EMBED element:

  ```html
  <EMBED ...
  LoaderSettingsFileURL="http://www.server.com/AuthenticFiles/XMLSpyPlugInLoaderSettings.xml"/>
  ```

The LoaderSettings file contains the definitions of the packages, along with the URLs of the respective packages. Given below is the listing of a LoaderSettings file.

Example of a LoaderSettings XML file

The document element of the LoaderSettings XML file is loadsersettings (see listing below). This element can contain multiple child package and/or multiple zippackage elements.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<loadsersettings>
```

- The package element is used to reference the older .pck spelling packages and is used by Authentic Browser versions previous to version 2011r3. These Authentic Browser versions ignore the zippackage element.
- The zippackage element is used to reference the .zip spelling packages and is used by Authentic Browser versions from version 2011r3 onwards. These Authentic Browser versions ignore the package element.

For more details about the spelling packages, see the section, Spellchecker Packages.

```xml
</loadsersettings>
```
The following should be noted:

- The location of a package must be specified as content of the packageurl child of the package or zippackage element. The location path can be absolute, or be relative to the HTML file that calls the LoaderSettings file. The package can be located anywhere on the server.

- Removing a package from the XML file (by removing a package element) causes the package to not be available for installation on the client.

- The mode attribute of the package element specifies the level of user influence over the decision to install the package. The following values may be used:
  
  1. user: Causes the user to be asked at every Authentic Browser startup whether the package should be installed.
  2. user_demand: Installs the package when this is specifically asked for by the user.
     The user specifically requests this by clicking either the toolbar button to spellcheck or to open the Package Management dialog.
  3. force: Causes the package to be installed without notifying the user.

- The content of the description child of package can be edited will be used as descriptive text in the package management dialog.

One-time installation of packages
If Authentic Browser is updated to a newer version, there is no need to reinstall a package that was previously installed on the client. The already installed package will be used by the new version. Authentic Browser on the client PC reads the LoaderSettings file on the server, retrieves
package information from this file, and checks whether the package is locally installed.

**Note:** Spelling packages supported in version 2011r3 and later (.zip packages) use a different spellchecker than the spelling packages of previous versions (.pck packages). Authentic Browser versions from version 2011r3 onwards use either the .zip spelling packages. Older versions of Authentic Browser use the .pck spelling packages.
1.12.2  Spellchecker Packages

From version 2011r3 onwards, Authentic Browser uses Hunspell dictionaries.

Installation location

On a client machine, these dictionaries are located in a Lexicons folder at the following location:

On Windows 7/8: C:\ProgramData\Altova\SpellChecker\Lexicons
On Windows XP: C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Application Data\Altova\SharedBetweenVersions\SpellChecker\Lexicons

If any Altova product has been installed on the client machine, then a set of built-in dictionaries will have been installed in the Lexicons folder at the location listed above. All installed dictionaries are shared by the different users of the machine and the different major versions of Altova products (whether 32-bit or 64-bit).

Additional dictionaries can be downloaded from the Altova website. Hunspell dictionaries can also be downloaded from other websites, for example, from http://wiki.services.openoffice.org/wiki/Dictionaries or http://extensions.services.openoffice.org/en/dictionaries. Also note that since Hunspell dictionaries are based on Myspell dictionaries, Myspell dictionaries can also be installed in the Lexicons folder. OpenOffice zips dictionary files as .oxt files. So one can change the extension to .zip and then unzip the necessary .aff and .dic files. Users must ensure that they are in conformance with the license agreement governing the use of any dictionary files they install.

Note: The selection of built-in dictionaries that ship with Altova software does not constitute any language preferences by Altova, but is largely based on the availability of dictionaries that permit redistribution with commercial software, such as the MPL, LGPL, or BSD licenses. Many other open-source dictionaries exist, but are distributed under more restrictive licenses, such as the GPL license. Many of these dictionaries are available as part of a separate installer located at http://www.altova.com/dictionaries. It is your choice as to whether you can agree to the terms of the license applicable to the dictionary and whether the dictionary is appropriate for your use with the software on your computer.

Dictionary files and dictionary folder structure on the client

Each installed dictionary on the client machine consists of two Hunspell dictionary files that work together: a .aff file and .dic file.

All language dictionaries are installed in the Lexicons folder at the location listed above. Within the Lexicons folder, different language dictionaries are each stored in a different folder: <language name>/<dictionary files>. These language folder names will be the dictionary names that are displayed in Authentic Browser. The structure of the Lexicons folder and the corresponding dictionary names as they would appear in Authentic Browser are as listed below.

```
Lexicons
    |-- English (British)
        |-- .aff file
        |-- .dic file
```


Dictionary files on the server

A language dictionary must be saved on the server as a ZIP file. When the ZIP file is downloaded to the client and installed, a language folder is created in the Lexicons folder (see Installation Location above) and the unzipped .aff and .dic files are placed in this folder. For example, the file English (British).zip creates the folder: <path>\Lexicons\English (British) and installs the .aff and .dic files in this folder.

Also, multiple ZIP files can be zipped in a single ZIP file and this single file can be placed on the server. When this ZIP file is downloaded to the client and installed there, the name of the innermost ZIP files are used as the names of the folders in the Lexicons folder. For example, the files English (British).zip and English (US).zip can be zipped into a file called English.zip, which is placed on the server. On installation, two folders will be created in the Lexicons folder: <path>\Lexicons\English (British) and <path>\Lexicons\English (US).

Dictionary installation mechanism

When an HTML page for Authentic Plug-in is opened, the dictionary packages can be installed on the client, either automatically or when the user requests it. The installation mechanism works as follows:

1. The HTML page that is opened in Authentic Browser references the LoaderSettings file.
2. The LoaderSettings file references the spelling package on the server. The LoaderSettings file also specifies, for each spelling package, whether that package should be installed automatically immediately after the HTML page is loaded or whether the user should be asked about installation.
3. The spelling package is installed from the zipped file on the server to the client.

Dictionary installation

Spellchecker packages are stored on the server as ZIP (.zip) files and can be installed locally via the Authentic Browser GUI. To install a spellchecker package, click the Package Management icon in the Authentic Browser GUI. This pops up the Package Management dialog (screenshot below). The Package Management dialog also pops up if no dictionary is installed and the Spellchecker icon is clicked.

In the Package Management dialog (screenshot below), all the packages available on the server are listed in the lower pane. The names displayed are the names of the ZIP files on the server. Select the files you wish to install and then click Install. Installed packages can be deleted by selecting them in the upper pane and clicking Delete.
If a ZIP file selected for installation contains multiple ZIP packages, then the Choose Packages dialog (screenshot below) pops up. In this dialog, you can check the packages you wish to install, or uncheck the packages you wish not to install. Click **OK** to install the checked packages. This mechanism enables you to store each language dictionary separately on the server or within a single ZIP file.

If the installation of a package will overwrite an existing package, a warning message is displayed. The Authentic Browser user can then either go ahead with the overwriting or cancel.
### 1.13 Using XMLData

XMLData gives you access to the elements of the currently displayed XML file. It enables you to perform all necessary modifications to the elements of the XML structure. The main functionality of XMLData is:

1. Access to the names and values of all kinds of elements (e.g. elements, attributes)
2. Creation of new elements of all kinds
3. Insertion and appending of new elements
4. Erasing of existing child elements

The XMLData interface works differently in the Authentic API from the way it works in the XMLSpy API, specifically if new elements are inserted into the XML file or existing elements are renamed. See the sections below named *Creation and Insertion of New XMLData objects* and *Name and Value of Elements*.

#### Structure of XMLData

In order to use the XMLData interface, you must know how an existing XML file is mapped to an XMLData structure. One important point is this: XMLData has no separate objects for attributes; the attributes of an element are children of the element. An element can have other types of children (such as child elements and text content). The `XMLData.Kind` property gives you the opportunity to distinguish between the different types of children of an element. Given below is an example:

The following XML code,

```xml
<ParentElement>
  <FirstChild attr1="Red" attr2="Black">
    This is the value of FirstChild
  </FirstChild>
  <SecondChild>
    <!--Your Comment-->    </SecondChild>
</ParentElement>
```

is mapped to the following XMLData object structure:
The parent of all XML elements inside a file is the property `Authentic.XMLRoot`. Use this XMLData object to get references to all other XML elements in the structure.

**Name and value of elements**
To get and modify the name and value of all types of XML elements, use the `XMLData.Name` and `XMLData.TextValue` properties. It is possible that several kinds of XMLData objects and empty elements do not have an associated text value. It is not recommended to change the name of an existing XML element in Authentic View because the name has a bearing on how Authentic View displays the content of the element. See the StyleVision documentation for information.

**Creation and insertion of new XMLData objects**
Create a new XMLData object (such as an element, attribute or text node) as follows:

1. Use the `Authentic.CreateChild` method to create a new XMLData object. Set the name and value of the new object before you insert it.
2. Insert the new object at the correct location with reference to its parent: (i) If the new child is to become the last child of the parent, use the `XMLData.AppendChild` method. (ii) To insert the new child elsewhere in the sequence of child objects, use either the `XMLData.GetFirstChild` or `XMLData.GetNextChild` method to locate the child before which the new child should be inserted; then insert the new child with `XMLData.InsertChild`. The new child will be inserted immediately before the current child.

**Note:** In Authentic View, a new element can be created together with its substructure because
the element's structure is defined in the XML Schema. However, whether the substructure is created or not can be set in the node settings of the SPS. See the StyleVision documentation for information.

The following example adds a third child between the `<FirstChild>` and `<SecondChild>` elements:

```vbscript
Dim objParent
Dim objChild
Dim objNewChild

Set objNewChild = objPlugIn.CreateChild(spyXMLDataElement)
objNewChild.Name = "OneAndAHalf"

' `objParent` is set to `<ParentElement>`
' `GetFirstChild(-1)` gets all children of the parent element
' and move to `<SecondChild>`
Set objChild = objParent.GetFirstChild(-1)
Set objChild = objParent.GetNextChild

objParent.InsertChild objNewChild
Set objNewChild = Nothing
```

An element's child nodes must be inserted in a specific order: insert the element's attributes first, then the element's child elements. Text content of an element must be added as a child node of type text; use `Authentic.CreateChild` with the parameter value 6. An element's text content is entered as the text value of the child node.

### Copying existing XMLData objects

If you want to insert existing XMLData objects at a different place in the same file, you cannot use the `XMLData.InsertChild` and `XMLData.AppendChild` methods. These methods only work for new XMLData objects. Instead, you need to copy the object hierarchy manually. The following function written in JavaScript is an example for recursively copying XMLData:

```javascript
// this function returns a complete copy of the XMLData object
function GetCopy(objXMLData) {
  var objNew;
  objNew = objPlugIn.CreateChild(objXMLData.Kind);

  objNew.Name = objXMLData.Name;
  objNew.TextValue = objXMLData.TextValue;

  if(objXMLData.HasChildren) {
    var objChild;
    objChild = objXMLData.GetFirstChild(-1);

    while(objChild) {
      try {
        objNew.AppendChild(GetCopy(objChild));
        objChild = objXMLData.GetNextChild();
      } catch(e) {
        throw e;
      }
    }
  }
}
```
Removing XMLData objects

XMLData provides two methods for removing child objects: `XMLData.EraseAllChildren` and `XMLData.EraseCurrentChild`. To remove XMLData objects, first access the parent of the elements you want to remove. Use `XMLData.GetFirstChild` and `XMLData.GetNextChild` to get a reference to the parent XMLData object. See the method descriptions of `XMLData.EraseAllChildren` and `XMLData.EraseCurrentChild` for examples how to erase XML elements.
1.14 DOM and XMLData

The XMLData interface gives you full access to the XML structure of the current document with fewer methods than the DOM and is also much simpler. The XMLData interface is a minimalist approach to reading and modifying existing or newly created XML data. You might, however, want to use a DOM tree if you can access one from an external source or if you prefer the MSXML DOM implementation.

The `ProcessDOMNode()` and `ProcessXMLDataNode()` functions noted below convert any segments of an XML structure between XMLData and DOM.

To use the `ProcessDOMNode()` function:
- pass the root element of the DOM segment you want to convert in `objNode` and
- pass the plug-in object with the `CreateChild()` method in `objCreator`

To use the `ProcessXMLDataNode()` function:
- pass the root element of the XMLData segment in `objXMLData` and
- pass the DOMDocument object created with MSXML in `xmlDoc`

DOM to XMLData

The code below shows how to convert from DOM to XMLData.

```javascript
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// DOM to XMLData conversion

function ProcessDOMNode(objNode, objCreator) {
  var objRoot;
  objRoot = CreateXMLDataFromDOMNode(objNode, objCreator);
  if (objRoot) {
    if ((objNode.nodeValue != null) && (objNode.nodeValue.length > 0))
      objRoot.TextValue = objNode.nodeValue;
    // add attributes
    if (objNode.attributes) {
      var Attribute;
      var oNodeList = objNode.attributes;
      for (var i = 0; i < oNodeList.length; i++) {
        Attribute = oNodeList.item(i);
        var newNode = ProcessDOMNode(Attribute, objCreator);
        objRoot.AppendChild(newNode);
      }
    }
    // handle child nodes
    if (objNode.hasChildNodes) {
      try {
        // code here
      } catch (e) {
        console.error(e);
      }
    }
  }
}
```
// add children
var Item;
oNodeList = objNode.childNodes;

for (var i = 0; i < oNodeList.length; i++) {
    Item = oNodeList.item(i);

    var newNode;
    newNode = ProcessDOMNode(Item, objCreator);

    objRoot.AppendChild(newNode);
}

} catch (err) {
}

return objRoot;

function CreateXMLDataFromDOMNode(objNode, objCreator)
{
    var bSetName = true;
    var bSetValue = true;

    var nKind = 4;

    switch (objNode.nodeType) {
        case 2: nKind = 5; break;
        case 3: nKind = 6; bSetName = false; break;
        case 4: nKind = 7; bSetName = false; break;
        case 8: nKind = 8; bSetName = false; break;
        case 7: nKind = 9; break;
    }

    var objNew = null;
    objNew = objCreator.CreateChild(nKind);

    if (bSetName)
        objNew.Name = objNode.nodeName;

    if (bSetValue && (objNode.nodeValue != null))
        objNew.TextValue = objNode.nodeValue;

    return objNew;
}
XMLData to DOM
The code below shows how to convert from XMLData to DOM.

/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// XMLData to DOM conversion

function ProcessXMLDataNode(objXMLData, xmlDoc)
{
    var objRoot;
    objRoot = CreateDOMNodeFromXMLData(objXMLData, xmlDoc);

    if(objRoot) {
        if(IsTextNodeEnabled(objRoot) && (objXMLData.TextValue.length > 0))
            objRoot.appendChild(xmlDoc.createTextNode(objXMLData.TextValue));

        if(objXMLData.HasChildren) {
            try {
                var objChild;
                objChild = objXMLData.GetFirstChild(-1);

                while(true) {
                    if(objChild) {
                        var newNode;
                        newNode = ProcessXMLDataNode(objChild, xmlDoc);

                        if(newNode.nodeType == 2) {
                            // child node is an attribute
                            objRoot.attributes.setNamedItem(newNode);
                        }
                        else
                            objRoot.appendChild(newNode);
                    }
                    objChild = objXMLData.GetNextChild();
                }
            }
            catch(err) {
            }
        }
        return objRoot;
    }
}

function CreateDOMNodeFromXMLData(objXMLData, xmlDoc) {
    switch(objXMLData.Kind) {
        case 4: return xmlDoc.createElement(objXMLData.Name);
        case 5: return xmlDoc.createAttribute(objXMLData.Name);
        case 6: return xmlDoc.createTextNode(objXMLData.TextValue);
case 7: return xmlDoc.createCDATASection(objXMLData.TextValue);
case 8: return xmlDoc.createComment(objXMLData.TextValue);
case 9: return xmlDoc.createProcessingInstruction(objXMLData.Name, objXMLData.TextValue);
}

return xmlDoc.createElement(objXMLData.Name);
}

function IsTextNodeEnabled(objNode)
{
    switch(objNode.nodeType) {
    case 1:
    case 2:
    case 5:
    case 6:
    case 11: return true;
    }

    return false;
}
1.15 Authentic Scripting

The Authentic Scripting feature provides more flexibility and interactivity to SPS designs. These designs can be created or edited in StyleVision Enterprise and Professional editions, and can be viewed in the Authentic View of the Enterprise and Professional editions of Altova products.

A complete listing of support for this feature in Altova products is given in the table below. Note, however, that in the trusted version of Authentic Browser plug-in, internal scripting is turned off because of security concerns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Altova Product</th>
<th>Authentic Scripts Creation</th>
<th>Authentic Scripts Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>StyleVision Enterprise</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StyleVision Professional</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StyleVision Basic *</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLSpy Enterprise</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLSpy Professional</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AuthenticDesktop Enterprise</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authentic Browser Ent Trusted **</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authentic Browser Ent Untrusted</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* No AuthenticView
** Scripted designs displayed. No internal macro execution or event handling. External events fired.

Authentic Scripts behave in the same way in all Altova products, so no product-specific code or settings are required.

How Authentic Scripting works

The designer of the SPS design can use Authentic Scripting in two ways to make Authentic documents interactive:

- By assigning scripts for user-defined actions (macros) to design elements, toolbar buttons, and context menu items.
- By adding to the design event handlers that react to Authentic View events.

All the scripting that is required for making Authentic documents interactive is done within the StyleVision GUI (Enterprise and Professional editions). Forms, macros and event handlers are created within the Scripting Editor interface of StyleVision and these scripts are saved with the SPS. Then, in the Design View of StyleVision, the saved scripts are assigned to design elements, toolbar buttons, and context menus. When an XML document based on the SPS is opened in an Altova product that supports Authentic Scripting (see table above), the document will have the additional flexibility and interactivity that has been created for it.

Documentation for Authentic Scripting

The documentation for Authentic Scripting is available in the documentation of StyleVision. It can be viewed online via the Product Documentation page of the Altova website.
2 Objects

This section contains a listing and description of the various Authentic Browser objects.
2.1 Authentic

See also

Methods
StartEditing
LoadXML
Reset

Save
SavePOST
SaveXML

ValidateDocument

EditClear
EditCopy
EditCut
EditPaste
EditRedo
EditSelectAll
EditUndo

RowAppend
RowDelete
RowDuplicate
RowInsert
RowMoveDown
RowMoveUp

FindDialog
FindNext
ReplaceDialog

ApplyTextState
IsTextStateApplied
IsTextStateEnabled

MarkUpView

Print
PrintPreview

CreateChild

GetAllowedElements
GetAllAttributes

GetNextVisible
GetPreviousVisible
SelectionMoveTabOrder
SelectionSet
ClearSelection
attachCallBack
ReloadToolbars
StartSpellChecking
GetFileVersion
RedrawEntryHelpers
SetUnmodified
ClearUndoRedo

Properties
AuthenticView
IsEditClearEnabled
IsEditCopyEnabled
IsEditCutEnabled
IsEditPasteEnabled
IsEditRedoEnabled
IsEditUndoEnabled
IsFindNextEnabled
IsRowAppendEnabled
IsRowDeleteEnabled
IsRowDuplicateEnabled
IsRowInsertEnabled
IsRowMoveDownEnabled
IsRowMoveUpEnabled

SchemaLoadObject
XMLDataLoadObject
DesignDataLoadObject

XMLDataSaveUrl
XMLRoot
CurrentSelection
event
validationBadData
validationMessage

ToolbarsEnabled
ToolbarTooltipsEnabled
AutoHideUnusedCommandGroups
TextStateToolbarLine
TextStateBmpURL
ToolbarRows
UICommands
XMLTable
BaseUrl

EntryHelpersEnabled
EntryHelperSize
EntryHelperAlignment
EntryHelperWindows

EnableModifications
Modified
SaveButtonAutoEnable

Events
SelectionChanged
ControlInitialized

Description
Authentic Class
2.1.1 **Authentic.ApplyTextState**

See also

*Declaration:* `ApplyTextState(elementName as String)`

*Description*

Applies or removes the text state defined by the parameter `elementName`. Common examples for the parameter `elementName` would be strong and italic.

In an XML document there are segments of data, which may contain sub-elements. For example consider the following HTML:

```
<b>fragment</b>
```

The HTML tag `<b>` will cause the word fragment to be bolded. However, this only happens because the HTML parser knows that the tag `<b>` is bold. With XML there is much more flexibility. It is possible to define any XML tag to do anything you desire. The point is that it is possible to apply a Text state using XML. But the Text state that is applied must be part of the schema.

For example in the OrgChart.xml OrgChart.sps, OrgChart.xsd example the tag `<strong>` is the same as bold. And to apply bold the method `ApplyTextState()` is called. But like the row and edit operations it is necessary to test if it is possible to apply the text state.

See also `IsTextStateEnabled` and `IsTextStateApplied`. 
### Authentic.attachCallBack

**Deprecated**

Use connection point events instead as described [here](#).

See also

**Declaration:** `attachCallBack(bstrName as String, varCallBack as Variant)`

**Description**

The Authentic View provides events which can be handled using custom callback functions. All event handlers take no parameters and any returned value will be ignored. To retrieve information when a specific event is raised you have to read the according properties of the event object.

List of currently available events:

- ondragover
- ondrop
- onkeydown
- onkeyup
- onkeypress
- onmousemove
- onmouseup
- onmousedown
- oneditpaste
- oneditcut
- oneditcopy

Since version 3.0.0.0:

- ondoceditcommand

Since version: 5.3.0.0:

- onbuttondoubleclick

**JavaScript example:**

```javascript
// somewhere in your script:
objPlugIn.attachCallBack("ondragover", OnDragOver);
objPlugIn.attachCallBack("ondrop", OnDrop);

// event handlers
function OnDragOver()
{
    if (!objPlugIn.event.dataTransfer.ownDrag &&
        objPlugIn.event.dataTransfer.type == "TEXT")
    {
        objPlugIn.event.dataTransfer.dropEffect = 1;
    }
```
objPlugIn.event.cancelBubble = true;
}
}

// OnDrop() replaces the complete text value of the XML
// element with the selection from the drag operation
function OnDrop()
{
  var objTransfer = objPlugIn.event.dataTransfer;

  if(!objTransfer.ownDrag &&
      (objTransfer.type == "TEXT"))
      objPlugIn.event.srcElement.TextValue = objTransfer.getData();
}
2.1.3 AuthenticView

See also

*Declaration:* AuthenticView as AuthenticView (read-only)

*Description*
Returns an object that gives access to properties and methods specific to the Authentic view.

*AuthenticView* overlaps with the existing view specific functionality. Future versions of AuthenticView will include all view-specific functionality. The AuthenticView object is the recommended interface for all future implementations.

*Examples*
Please see the Bubble sort of dynamic tables for information on how to use the AuthenticView object.
2.1.4 **Authentic.AutoHideUnusedCommandGroups**

*Declaration:* `Authentic.AutoHideUnusedCommandGroups` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if unused Toolbar - CommandGroups are hidden automatically (e.g. XML - table commands, if the current SPS file does not support XML tables)
Default value: true
2.1.5 **Authentic.BaseURL**

*Declaration:* BaseURL as String

*Description*
This property sets the base URL to resolve relative paths. If no URL is set, the location of the current XML file is used.
2.1.6 **Authentic.ClearSelection**

*Declaration:* `ClearSelection()`

**Description**
The method clears the current selection. Any following attempt to get the selection using the `CurrentSelection` property, fails until the user selects a node or a successful call to `SelectionSet()` has been processed.

Before a node that has the current selection can be deleted, the selection must be set to a different node or cleared.
2.1.7 Authentic.ClearUndoRedo

*Declaration:* `ClearUndoRedo()`

*Description*
The method clears the whole Undo/Redo buffer.
2.1.8 **Authentic.ControlInitialized**

See also

*Declaration:* **ControlInitialized**

*Description*
This event is raised when the control is created and initialized.

See also [Connection point events](#).
2.1.9  **Authentic.CreateChild**

See also

*Declaration:*  `CreateChild(nKind as SPYXMLDataKind) as XMLData`

*Return Value*

New XML node

*Description*

The `CreateChild` method is used to create new nodes which you can insert into the XML structure of the current document using the `XMLData` interface.

See also `XMLData.AppendChild` and `XMLData.InsertChild`
2.1.10 **Authentic.CurrentSelection**

See also

*Declaration:* CurrentSelection as **AuthenticSelection**

*Description*

The property provides access to the current selection in the Authentic View.

The example code below retrieves the complete text of the current selection:

**JavaScript:**

```javascript
// somewhere in your script:
GetSelection(objPlugIn.CurrentSelection);

// GetSelection() collects complete text selection
function GetSelection(objSel)
{
    var strText = "";

    var objCurrent = objSel.Start;

    while(!objSel.End.IsSameNode(objCurrent))
    {
        objCurrent = objPlugIn.GetNextVisible(objCurrent);
        strText += objCurrent.TextValue;
    }

    strText += objSel.End.TextValue.substring(0,objSel.EndTextPosition);
    return objSel.Start.TextValue.substr(objSel.StartTextPosition) + strText;
}
```
2.1.11 Authentic.DesignDataLoadObject

See also

Declaration: DesignDataLoadObject as AuthenticLoadObject

Description
The DesignDataLoadObject contains a reference to the SPS document. The SPS document is used to generate the WYSIWYG editing environment and is typically generated by StyleVision.

See also SchemaLoadObject for an example.
2.1.12 **Authentic.EditClear**

See also

*Declaration:* EditClear

*Description*
Clears the current selection.
2.1.13 **Authentic.EditCopy**

See also

*Declaration:* EditCopy

*Description*
Copies the current selection to the clipboard.
2.1.14 **Authentic>EditCut**

See also

*Declaration:* EditCut

*Description*
Cuts the current selection from the document and copies it to the clipboard.
2.1.15 **Authentic.EditPaste**

See also

*Declaration:* **EditPaste**

*Description*

Pastes the content from the clipboard into the document.
2.1.16 **Authentic.EditRedo**

See also

*Declaration:* EditRedo

*Description*
Redo the last undo step.
2.1.17 **Authentic.EditSelectAll**

See also

*Declaration:* EditSelectAll

*Description*

The method selects the complete document.
2.1.18  Authentic.EditUndo

See also

Declaration: EditUndo

Description
Undo the last action.
2.1.19 **Authentic.EnableModifications**

*Declaration:* `EnableModifications` as `Boolean`

*Description*

True if Authentic Browser modifications to the XML content are enabled. See also the `Modified` property.

Default value: TRUE
2.1.20  Authentic.EntryHelperAlignment

_Declaration:_ EntryHelperAlignment as SPYAuthenticToolbarAlignment

_Description:_ This property can be used to set the position of the entry helpers. The default value is 3, which places the entry helpers on the right side.
2.1.21 **Authentic.EntryHelpersEnabled**

**Declaration:** EntryHelpersEnabled as Boolean

**Description**
True if Authentic Browser entry helpers are enabled.
This property can be used to enable or disable the entry helpers.

Default value: FALSE
2.1.22  **Authentic.EntryHelperSize**

*Declaration:* `EntryHelperSize` as `Integer`

**Description**
This property can be used to set the initial size of the entry helpers area in pixels. Set the property to -1 if this value should be ignored.

Default value: -1
2.1.23 **Authentic.EntryHelperWindows**

*Declaration:* `EntryHelperWindows` as `SPYAuthenticEntryHelperWindows`

**Description**
This property can be used to define which of the entry helpers should be displayed. The values can be combined to display more than one entry helper window. The default value is 7 to show all three entry helpers.
2.1.24 Authentic.event

See also

*Declaration:* event as AuthenticEvent

*Description*
The event property holds an event data object which contains informations about the current event.
2.1.25 Authentic.FindDialog

See also

*Declaration:* FindDialog

*Description*
Displays the FindDialog.

See also Find and replace.
2.1.26 Authentic.FindNext

See also

*Declaration:* FindNext

*Description*
The method performs a find next operation.

See also [Find and replace](#).
2.1.27 Authentic.GetAllAttributes

See also

**Declaration:** `GetAllAttributes(pForElement as XMLData, pElements as Variant)`

**Description**
GetAllAttributes() returns the allowed attributes for the specified element as an array of strings.

**JavaScript example:**

```javascript
function GetAttributes() {
    var arrElements = new Array(1);
    var objStart = objPlugIn.CurrentSelection.Start;
    var strText;
    strText = "Valid attributes at current selection:\n\n";
    for (var i = 1; i <= 4; i++) {
        objPlugIn.GetAllAttributes(objStart, arrElements);
        strText = strText + ListArray(arrElements) + "------------------\n";
    }
    return strText;
}

function ListArray(arrIn) {
    var strText = "";
    if (typeof(arrIn) == "object") {
        for (var i = 0; i <= (arrIn.length - 1); i++)
            strText = strText + arrIn[i] + "\n";
    }
    return strText;
}
```

**VBScript example:**

```vbscript
Sub DisplayAllowedAttributes
    dim arrElements()
    dim objStart
    dim objEnd
    set objStart = objPlugIn.CurrentSelection.Start
    set objEnd = objPlugIn.CurrentSelection.End
    dim strText
```


strText = "Valid attributes at current selection:" & chr(13) & chr(13)

dim i

For i = 1 To 4
    objView.GetAllAttributes objStart, arrElements
    strText = strText & ListArray(arrElements) & "---------------" & chr(13)
Next

msgbox strText
End Sub

Function ListArray(arrIn)
dim strText

If IsArray(arrIn) Then
    dim i

    For i = 0 To UBound(arrIn)
        strText = strText & arrIn(i) & chr(13)
    Next
End If

ListArray = strText
End Function
2.1.28 **Authentic.GetAllowedElements**

See also

**Declaration:**

```plaintext
GetAllowedElements(nAction as SPYAuthenticElementActions, pStartElement as XMLData, pEndElement as XMLData, pElements as Variant)
```

**Description**

GetAllowedElements() returns the allowed elements for the various actions specified by nAction.

JavaScript example:

```javascript
function GetAllowed()
{
    var arrElements = new Array(1);

    var objStart = objPlugIn.CurrentSelection.Start;
    var objEnd = objPlugIn.CurrentSelection.End;

    var strText;
    strText = "valid elements at current selection:\n\n";

    for(var i = 0; i <= 4; i++)
    {
        objPlugIn.GetAllowedElements(i, objStart, objEnd, arrElements);
        strText = strText + ListArray(arrElements) + "------------------\n";
    }

    return strText;
}

function ListArray(arrIn)
{
    var strText = "";

    if(typeof(arrIn) == "object"){
        for(var i = 0; i <= (arrIn.length - 1); i++)
            strText = strText + arrIn[i] + "\n";
    }

    return strText;
}
```

VBScript example:

```vbscript
Sub DisplayAllowed
    dim arrElements()

    dim objStart
    dim objEnd
    set objStart = objPlugIn.CurrentSelection.Start
    set objEnd = objPlugIn.CurrentSelection.End
```
dim strText
strText = "Valid elements at current selection:" & chr(13) & chr(13)

dim i

For i = 1 To 4
    objView.GetAllowedElements i, objStart, objEnd, arrElements
    strText = strText & ListArray(arrElements) & "---------------" & chr(13)
Next

msgbox strText
End Sub

Function ListArray(arrIn)
    dim strText

    If IsArray(arrIn) Then
        dim i

        For i = 0 To UBound(arrIn)
            strText = strText & arrIn(i) & chr(13)
        Next
    End If

    ListArray = strText
End Function
2.1.29  **Authentic.GetFileVersion**

See also

*Declaration:* `GetFileVersion(strVersion as String)`

*Description*

The method simply returns the version of the component as a string in the format 5.0.0.0.
2.1.30 **Authentic.GetNextVisible**

See also

*Declaration:* `GetNextVisible(pElement as XMLData) as XMLData`

**Description**
The method gets the next visible XML element in the document.
2.1.31 **Authentic.GetPreviousVisible**

See also

*Declaration:* `GetPreviousVisible(pElement as XMLData) as XMLData`

*Description*

The method gets the previous visible XML element in the document.
2.1.32 Authentic.IsEditClearEnabled

See also

Declaration: IsEditClearEnabled as Boolean

Description
True if EditClear is possible.

See also Editing operations.
2.1.33  **Authentic.IsEditCopyEnabled**

See also

*Declaration*: `IsEditCopyEnabled` as `Boolean`

*Description*

True if copy to clipboard is possible.

See also [EditCopy](#) and [Editing operations](#).


2.1.34 **Authentic.IsEditCutEnabled**

See also

*Declaration:* `IsEditCutEnabled` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if `EditCut` is currently possible.

See also `Editing operations`. 
2.1.35  Authentic.IsEditPasteEnabled

See also

Declaration:  IsEditPasteEnabled as Boolean

Description
True if EditPaste is possible.

See also Editing operations.
2.1.36 **Authentic.IsEditRedoEnabled**

See also

*Declaration:* `IsEditRedoEnabled` as Boolean

*Description*

True if `EditRedo` is currently possible.

See also `Editing operations`. 
2.1.37 **Authentic.IsEditUndoEnabled**

See also

*Declaration:* `IsEditUndoEnabled` as `Boolean`

*Description*

True if `EditUndo` is possible.

See also [Editing operations](#).
2.1.38  Authentic.IsFindNextEnabled

See also

**Declaration:** IsFindNextEnabled as Boolean

**Description**
True if FindNext is currently possible. False if no more occurrences are left.

See also Find and replace and FindDialog.
2.1.39  **Authentic.IsRowAppendEnabled**

See also

*Declaration:* `IsRowAppendEnabled` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if `RowAppend` is possible.

See also `Row operations`. 
2.1.40 **Authentic.IsRowDeleteEnabled**

See also

*Declaration:* `IsRowDeleteEnabled` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if `RowDelete` is possible.

See also `Row operations`. 
2.1.41  **Authentic.IsRowDuplicateEnabled**

See also

*Declaration:* `IsRowDuplicateEnabled` as `Boolean`

*Description*

True if `RowDuplicate` is currently possible.

See also `Row operations`. 
2.1.42 Authentic.IsRowInsertEnabled

See also

Declaration: IsRowInsertEnabled as Boolean

Description
True if RowInsert is possible.

See also Row operations.
2.1.43  **Authentic.IsRowMoveDownEnabled**

See also

**Declaration:** `IsRowMoveDownEnabled` as `Boolean`

**Description**

True if `RowMoveDown` is currently possible.

See also `Row operations`.

2.1.44 **Authentic.IsRowMoveUpEnabled**

See also

*Declaration:* `IsRowMoveUpEnabled` as `Boolean`

*Description*

True if `RowMoveUp` is possible.

See also `Row operations`. 
2.1.45 Authentic.IsTextStateApplied

See also

Declaration: IsTextStateApplied(elementName as String) as Boolean

Description
Checks to see if the text state has already been applied. Common examples for the parameter elementName would be strong and italic.
2.1.46 Authentic.IsTextStateEnabled

See also

Declaration: IsTextStateEnabled(elementName as String) as Boolean

Description
Checks to see if it is possible to apply a text state. Common examples for the parameter elementName would be strong and italic.
2.1.47 Authentic.LoadXML

See also

Declaration: LoadXML(xmlString as String)

Description
Loads the current XML document with the XML string applied. The new content is displayed immediately.
2.1.48 **Authentic.MarkUpView**

See also

*Declaration:* `MarkUpView(kind as SPYAuthenticMarkupVisibility)`

*Description*

By default the document displayed is using HTML techniques. But sometimes it is desirable to show the editing tags. Using this method it is possible to display different types of markup tags.
2.1.49 **Authentic.Modified**

*Declaration:* Modified as Boolean

*Description*

True if XML content is modified.

This property is read-only.
2.1.50 **Authentic.Print**

See also

*Declaration:* Print

*Description*
Print the current document being edited.
2.1.51 Authentic.PrintPreview

See also

*Declaration:* PrintPreview

*Description*
Print preview the document being edited.
2.1.52 **Authentic.RedrawEntryHelpers**

*Declaration:* RedrawEntryHelpers()

*Description*
RedrawEntryHelpers takes the values from the EntryHelpersEnabled, EntryHelperAlignment, EntryHelperSize and EntryHelperWindows properties and redraws the entry helper windows.
2.1.53 Authentic.ReloadToolbars

Declaration: ReloadToolbars()

Description
ReloadToolbars reads the ToolbarRows collection and redraws the toolbars and the view.
2.1.54 **Authentic.ReplaceDialog**

See also

*Declaration:* ReplaceDialog

*Description*
Displays the ReplaceDialog.

See also [Find and replace](#).
2.1.55 **Authentic.Reset**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deprecated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use <code>Authentic.StartEditing</code> instead.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See also

*Declaration:* Reset

**Description**
Reset the data being edited. Typically called before editing a new set of XML, XSL and SPS documents.

The method does not change the view and it's still possible to continue working with the currently displayed document.
2.1.56 Authentic.RowAppend

See also

*Declaration*: RowAppend

*Description*
Appends a row at the current position.

See also Row operations.
2.1.57  **Authentic.RowDelete**

See also

*Declaration:* RowDelete

*Description*
Delete the currently selected row(s).

See also Row operations.
2.1.58  **Authentic.RowDuplicate**

See also

*Declaration:* RowDuplicate

*Description*
The method duplicates the currently selected rows.

See also [Row operations](#).
2.1.59  **Authentic.RowInsert**  
See also

*Declaration:* RowInsert

*Description*
Inserts a new row immediately above the current selection.

See also Row operations.
2.1.60  **Authentic.RowMoveDown**

See also

*Declaration: RowMoveDown*

*Description*
Moves the current row one position down.

See also *Row operations.*
2.1.61 Authentic.RowMoveUp

See also

*Declaration:* RowMoveUp

*Description*
Moves the current row one position up.

See also Row operations.
2.1.62 Authentic.Save

See also

Declaration: Save

Description
Saves the document to the URL specified by the property XMLDataSaveUrl. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

The plug-in sends an HTTP PUT request to the server to save the currently displayed XML file.
2.1.63  **Authentic.SaveButtonAutoEnable**

*Declaration:* `SaveButtonAutoEnable` as `Boolean`

*Description*

If this property is set to TRUE, the enabled/disabled state of the Save button in the Toolbar of the control is set according to the `Modified` flag of the document.

Default value is FALSE.
2.1.64 **Authentic.SavePOST**

See also

*Declaration:* **SavePOST**

**Description**
Saves the document to the URL specified by the property `XMLDataSaveUrl`. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path. The plug-in sends an HTTP POST request to the server to save the currently displayed XML file.

**Checking whether file was saved or not**
If the Authentic plug-in receives an HTTP response of >= 300 it will assume the file has not been saved and will (by default) pop-up first a message box containing the HTTP error response, then a second (suppressible) message box advising the user that the file has not been saved. It is up to the application developer to ensure that the correct HTTP response is returned according to the success or failure of the save attempt. An example of PHP code to achieve this might look like this:

```php
<?php
// suppress error messages to prevent any output
// being generated before headers can be sent
error_reporting (0);
$error = false;
$handle = fopen ( "result.xml", "w+" );
if (! $handle)
    $error = true;
else
{
    if (! fwrite($handle, $HTTP_RAW_POST_DATA))
        $error = true;
    else
        fclose($handle);
}
if ($error)
    header( "HTTP/1.1 500 Server Error" );
?>
```
2.1.65 Authentic.SaveXML

See also

Declaration: SaveXML as String

Return Value
XML structure as string

Description
Saves the current XML data to a string that is returned to the caller.
2.1.66 **Authentic.SchemaLoadObject**

See also

*Declaration:* **SchemaLoadObject** as **AuthenticLoadObject**

**Description**


**Example**

```csharp
objPlugIn.SchemaLoadObject.URL = "http://www.YOURSERVER.com/OrgChart.xsd"
objPlugIn.XMLDataLoadObject.URL = "http://www.YOURSERVER.com/OrgChart.xml"
objPlugIn.DesignDataLoadObject.URL = "http://www.YOURSERVER.com/OrgChart.sps"
objPlugIn.StartEditing
```

The code above sets all URL properties of the load objects and calls **StartEditing** to load and display the files. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path. The current content and status of the plug-in will be cleared.
2.1.67 Authentic.SelectionChanged

See also

Declaration: SelectionChanged as VT_0019

Description
This event is raised whenever the user changes the current selection.

See also Connection point events.
2.1.68 **Authentic.SelectionMoveTabOrder**

See also

*Declaration:* `SelectionMoveTabOrder(bForward as Boolean, bTag as Boolean)`

*Description*

`SelectionMoveTabOrder()` moves the current selection forwards or backwards.

If `bTag` is false and the current selection is at the last cell of a table a new line will be added.
2.1.69 **Authentic.SelectionSet**

See also

*Declaration:* SelectionSet(*pStartElement* as XMLData, *nStartPos* as long, *pEndElement* as XMLData, *nEndPos* as long) as Boolean

*Description*

Use SelectionSet() to set a new selection in the Authentic View. Its possible to set *pEndElement* to null (nothing) if the selection should be just over one (*pStartElement*) XML element.
2.1.70  **Authentic.SetUnmodified**

*Declaration:* `SetUnmodified()`

**Description**

After calling this method, the current condition of the Undo/Redo buffer is taken as the clean state of the underlying XML document and the `Modified` flag is set to FALSE.
2.1.71 **Authentic.StartEditing**

See also

*Declaration:* `StartEditing` as `Boolean`

**Return Value**
True if all files were successfully loaded and displayed.

**Description**
Start editing the current document. It is important to set the properties of the load objects `SchemaLoadObject`, `DesignDataLoadObject` and `XMLDataLoadObject` first.
2.1.72 Authentic.StartSpellChecking

*Declaration:* StartSpellChecking()

*Description*
This command opens the spell check dialog if a package containing the spell check engine and the required lexicons is available and activated.
2.1.73 Authentic.TextStateBmpURL

Declaration: TextStateBmpURL as String

Description
The URL from which the bitmaps for the text-state icons should be retrieved.
If no URL is specified, no text-state buttons are displayed.

Examples
objPlugIn.TextStateBmpURL = "<http://plugin.xmlspy.com/textstates/>"

<PARAM NAME="TextStateBmpURL" VALUE="http://plugin.xmlspy.com/textstates/"/>
2.1.74  **Authentic.TextStateToolbarLine**

*Declaration:* TextStateToolbarLine as long

*Description*

The toolbar (line number) in which the text-state icons should be placed. Text-state icons can be appended to existing toolbars or placed in new toolbars.

Default value: 1
2.1.75 **Authentic.ToolbarRows**

*Declaration:* ToolbarRows as AuthenticToolbarRows

*Description*
Gets a collection of all toolbars to be displayed. See description of AuthenticToolbarRows, how toolbars can be deleted, added or modified.
2.1.76  **Authentic.ToolbarsEnabled**

*Declaration:* ToolbarsEnabled as Boolean

**Description**
True if Authentic Browser Toolbars are enabled.
This property can be used to enable or disable all toolbars.
Default value: true
2.1.77   Authentic.ToolbarToolipsEnabled

Declaration: ToolbarToolipsEnabled as Boolean

Description
True if the Tooltips for the Authentic Browser Toolbars are enabled.
Default value: true
2.1.78 Authentic.UICommands

*Declaration:* UICommands as AuthenticCommands

**Description**
Gets a collection of all available toolbar commands (with description).
For these commands, buttons can be placed on different toolbars.
Read only.

**Example**
Get all available commands, command-groups, descriptions, and show them in a message box

```vbnet
dim str
for each UICommand in objPlugin.UICommands
str = str & UICommand.CommandID & " | " & UICommand.Group & " | " & UICommand.ShortDescription & chr(13)
next
msgbox str
```
2.1.79 **Authentic.ValidateDocument**

See also

*Declaration:* `ValidateDocument(showResults as Boolean) as Boolean`

**Return Value**
result of validation

**Description**
Validates the current XML data for correctness as per the XML schema data. If the parameter `showResults` is FALSE then the validation errors will be suppressed, otherwise validation errors are shown.
2.1.80  **Authentic.validationBadData**

See also

*Declaration:* `validationBadData` as `XMLData`

*Description*
This property can provide additional information about the last validation error. It gets set after a call to `ValidateDocument()` and is either null or holds a reference to the XML element which causes the error.
2.1.81 Authentic/validationMessage

See also

Declaration: validationMessage as String

Description
If the validation failed (after a call to ValidateDocument) this property stores a string with the error message.
2.1.82 Authentic/XMLDataLoadObject

See also

*Declaration:* XMLDataLoadObject as AuthenticLoadObject

*Description*
The XMLDataLoadObject contains an reference to the XML document being edited. The XML document is typically defined using XMLSpy, but generated using a database or another business process.

See also SchemaLoadObject for an example.
2.1.83 **Authentic.XMLDataSaveUrl**

See also

*Declaration:* `XMLDataSaveUrl` as `String`

*Description*
When the XML data has been modified it is possible to save the data back to a server using an URL. When saving the XML data via an **HTTP PUT** using the `Authentic.Save` method, this property defines the location where the XML data will be saved. When posting the data via an **HTTP POST** using the `Authentic.SavePOST` method, this property defines the location of a server-side script/application which will process the POST data. For the Untrusted versions, you can also use a full local path.

See also the `Authentic.Save` and the `Authentic.SavePOST` methods.
2.1.84 **Authentic/XMLRoot**

See also

*Declaration:* `XMLRoot` as `XMLData`

*Description*

XMLRoot is the parent element of the currently displayed XML structure. Using the `XMLData` interface you have full access to the complete content of the file.

See also [Using XMLData](#) for more informations.
2.1.85 Authentic.XMLTable

Declaration: XMLTable as AuthenticXMLTableCommands

Description
Get a set of all XML table commands.
Read only.
2.2 **AuthenticCommand**

Methods

Properties

- **CommandID**
- **Group**
- **ShortDescription**
- **Name**
2.2.1 AuthenticCommand.CommandID

Declaration: CommandID as SPYAuthenticCommand

Description
Get the CommandId of the command
Possible values: see AuthenticToolBarButton
Read only

Example
See Example at Authentic.UICommands
2.2.2 AuthenticCommand.Group

Declaration: Group as SPYAuthenticCommandGroup

Description
The CommandGroup to which the command belongs to.
Read only

Example
See Example at Authentic.UICommands
2.2.3 **AuthenticCommand.ShortDescription**

*Declaration:* `ShortDescription` as `String`

**Description**
Short description of the command (e.g. the tooltip text)
Read only

**Example**
See Example at [Authentic.UICommands](#)
2.2.4 AuthenticCommand.Name

*Declaration:* Name as String

*Description*
for future use
2.3  AuthenticCommands

Methods
- Item

Properties
- Count
2.3.1 AuthenticCommands.Count

*Declaration:* Count as long

*Description*
Number of available UI commands.
Read only
2.3.2 AuthenticCommands.Item

Declaration: Item (nPosition as long) as AuthenticCommand

Description
Get command of position nPosition. nPosition starts with 1.
2.4 AuthenticContextMenu

The context menu interface provides the mean for the user to customize the context menus shown in Authentic. The interface has the methods listed in this section.
2.4.1 CountItems

Method: CountItems()

Return Value
Returns number of menu items.

Errors
2501  Invalid object.
2.4.2 **DeleteItem**

*Method:* `DeleteItem(position as integer)`

**Return Value**
Deletes an existing menu item.

**Errors**
- 2501: Invalid object
- 2502: Invalid index
2.4.3 **GetItemText**

*Method:* `GetItemText` (position as integer) menu item name as string

**Return Value**
Gets the menu item's name.

**Errors**
- 2501 Invalid object
- 2502 Invalid index
2.4.4 InsertItem

Method: InsertItem(position as integer, menu item name as string, macro name as string)

Return Value
 Inserts a user-defined menu item. The menu item will start a macro, so a valid macro name must be submitted.

Errors
- 2501 Invalid object
- 2502 Invalid index
- 2503 No such macro
- 2504 Internal error
2.4.5 SetItemText

*Method:* `SetItemText` (position as integer, menu item name as string)

**Return Value**
Sets the menu item's name.

**Errors**
- 2501 Invalid object
- 2502 Invalid index
2.5 **AuthenticDataTransfer**

See also

**Methods**
- `getData`

**Properties**
- `dropEffect`
- `ownDrag`
- `type`

**Description**
AuthenticDataTransfer interface.
2.5.1 **AuthenticDataTransfer.dropEffect**

See also

*Declaration:* dropEffect as long

*Description*

The property stores the drop effect from the default event handler. You can set the drop effect if you change this value and set `AuthenticEvent.cancelBubble` to TRUE.
2.5.2 AuthenticDataTransfer.getData

See also

Declaration: getData as Variant

Description
getData gets the actual data associated with this dataTransfer object. See also AuthenticDataTransfer.type for more informations.
2.5.3 AuthenticDataTransfer.ownDrag

See also

Declaration: ownDrag as Boolean

Description
The property is TRUE if the current dragging source comes from inside of the Authentic View.
2.5.4 **AuthenticDataTransfer.type**

See also

*Declaration:* `type as String`

*Description*

Holds the type of the data you get with the `AuthenticDataTransfer.getData` method.

Currently supported data types are:

- OWN: data from plug-in itself
- TEXT: plain text
- UNICODETEXT: plain text as UNICODE
- IUNKNOWN: IUnknown reference to IDataObject instance
2.6 AuthenticEvent

See also

Properties
altKey
altLeft
ctrlKey
ctrlLeft
shiftKey
shiftLeft
keyCode
repeat
button
clientX
clientY
dataTransfer
srcElement
fromElement
propertyName
cancelBubble
returnValue
type

Description
AuthenticEvent interface.
2.6.1 AuthenticEvent.altKey

See also

Declaration: altKey as Boolean

Description
True if the right ALT key is pressed.
2.6.2 AuthenticEvent.altLeft

See also

*Declaration:* `altLeft` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if the left ALT key is pressed.
2.6.3 **AuthenticEvent.button**

See also

*Declaration:* button as long

*Description*
Specifies which mouse button is pressed:

- 0  No button is pressed.
- 1  Left button is pressed.
- 2  Right button is pressed.
- 3  Left and right buttons are both pressed.
- 4  Middle button is pressed.
- 5  Left and middle buttons both are pressed.
- 6  Right and middle buttons are both pressed.
- 7  All three buttons are pressed.

The onbuttondown and onbuttonup events set the button value in different ways. The onbuttonup event just sets the value for the button which has been released and raised the up event regardless which buttons are also pressed at the moment.
2.6.4 AuthenticEvent.cancelBubble

See also

*Declaration:* cancelBubble as Boolean

*Description*
Set cancelBubble to TRUE if the default event handler should not be called.
2.6.5  **AuthenticEvent.clientX**

See also

*Declaration:* `clientX` as `long`

*Description*

X value of the current mouse position in client coordinates.
2.6.6  **AuthenticEvent.clientY**

See also

**Declaration**: `clientY` as `long`

**Description**

Y value of the current mouse position in client coordinates.
2.6.7 **AuthenticEvent.ctrlKey**

See also

*Declaration:* `ctrlKey` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if the right CTRL key is pressed.
2.6.8 **AuthenticEvent.ctrlLeft**

See also

*Declaration:* `ctrlLeft` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if the left CTRL key is pressed.
2.6.9 **AuthenticEvent.dataTransfer**

See also

*Declaration:* `dataTransfer` as `Variant`

*Description*
property `dataTransfer`
2.6.10 AuthenticEvent.fromElement

See also

*Declaration:* fromElement as Variant

*Description*
Currently no event sets this property.
2.6.11 AuthenticEvent.keyCode

See also

*Declaration:* keyCode as long

*Description*

Keycode of the currently pressed key.

This property is read-write.
2.6.12  AuthenticEvent.propertyName

See also

Declaration: propertyName as String

Description
Currently no event sets this property.
2.6.13 AuthenticEvent.repeat

See also

Declaration: repeat as Boolean

Description
True if the onkeydown event is repeated.
2.6.14 AuthenticEvent.returnValue

See also

Declaration: returnValue as Variant

Description
Use returnValue to set a return value for your event handler.
2.6.15 AuthenticEvent.shiftKey

See also

*Declaration:* shiftKey as Boolean

*Description*
True if the right SHIFT key is pressed.
2.6.16 AuthenticEvent.shiftLeft

See also

Declaration: shiftLeft as Boolean

Description
True if the left SHIFT key is pressed.
2.6.17 **AuthenticEvent.srcElement**

See also

*Declaration*: `srcElement` as `Variant`

*Description*
Element which fires the current event. This is usually an `XMLData` object.

Since version 3.0.0.0:

The property can also hold a reference to an `AuthenticCommand` object if was set from an `ondoceditcommand` event.
2.6.18  AuthenticEvent.type

See also

*Declaration:* type as String

*Description*
Currently no event sets this property.
2.7 AuthenticEventContext

The EventContext interface gives access to many properties of the context in which a macro is executed.
2.7.1 EvaluateXPath

Method: EvaluateXPath (string expression) as string

Return Value
The method evaluates the XPath expression in the context of the node within which the event was triggered and returns a string.

Description
EvaluateXPath() executes an XPath expressions with the given event context. The result is returned as string, in the case of a sequence it is a space-separated string.

Errors
- 2201 Invalid object.
- 2202 No context.
- 2209 Invalid parameter.
- 2210 Internal error.
- 2211 XPath error.
2.7.2 GetEventContextType

Method: GetEventContextType () as EventContextType enumeration

Return Value
Returns the context node type.

Description
GetEventContextType allows the user to determine whether the macro is in an XML node or in an XPath atomic item context. The enumeration AuthenticEventContextType is defined as follows:

authenticEventContextXML,
authenticEventContextAtomicItem,
authenticEventContextOther

If the context is a normal XML node, the GetXMLNode() function gives access to it (returns NULL if not).

Errors
2201 Invalid object.
2202 No context.
2209 Invalid parameter.
2.7.3  **GetNormalizedTextValue**

*Method:* `GetNormalizedTextValue()` value as string

**Return Value**
Returns the value of the current node as string

**Errors**
- 2201  Invalid object.
- 2202  No context.
- 2203  Invalid context
- 2209  Invalid parameter.
2.7.4  GetVariableValue

Method: GetVariableValue (name as string, value as string)

Return Value
Gets the value of the named variable.

Description
GetVariableValue gets the variable's value in the scope of the context.

nZoom = parseInt( AuthenticView.EventContext.GetVariableValue( 'Zoom' ) );
if ( nZoom > 1 )
{
    AuthenticView.EventContext.SetVariableValue( 'Zoom', nZoom - 1 );
}

Errors
2201  Invalid object.
2202  No context.
2204  No such variable in scope
2205  Variable cannot be evaluated
2206  Variable returns sequence
2209  Invalid parameter
2.7.5 GetXMLNode

Method: GetXMLNode() XMLData object

Return Value
Returns the context XML node or NULL.

Errors
- 2201 Invalid object.
- 2202 No context.
- 2203 Invalid context
- 2209 Invalid parameter.
2.7.6 **IsAvailable**

*Method: IsAvailable()*

**Return Value**

Returns true if `EventContext` is set.

**Errors**

- 2201  Invalid object.
2.7.7 SetVariableValue

**Method:** `SetVariableValue(name as string, value as string)`

**Return Value**
Sets the value of the named variable.

**Description**
`SetVariableValue` sets the variable's value in the scope of the context.

```javascript
nZoom = parseInt( AuthenticView.EventContext.GetVariableValue( 'Zoom' ) );
if ( nZoom > 1 )
{
    AuthenticView.EventContext.SetVariableValue( 'Zoom', nZoom - 1 );
}
```

**Errors**
- 2201 Invalid object.
- 2202 No context.
- 2204 No such variable in scope
- 2205 Variable cannot be evaluated
- 2206 Variable returns sequence
- 2207 Variable read-only
- 2208 No modification allowed
2.8 **AuthenticLoadObject**

See also

**Properties**

- String
- URL

**Description**

The XMLSpyXMLLoadSave object is used to set the source for the files you need to load. You can either set the content directly via the String property or as an external location via the URL property.

See also [Authentic.SchemaLoadObject](#), [Authentic.DesignDataLoadObject](#) and [Authentic.XMLDataLoadObject](#) for more informations about how to use them.
2.8.1 **AuthenticLoadObject.String**

See also

*Declaration:* String as String

*Description*
You can use this property to set the XML structure from a string. The URL property of the object must be empty if you want to use this property.
2.8.2 **AuthenticLoadObject.URL**

See also

*Declaration:* URL as String

*Description*

The property should contain a valid URL for the load or save operation. Currently supported HTTP protocols are http, https, ftp and gopher.
2.9 AuthenticRange

See also

The first table lists the properties and methods of AuthenticRange that can be used to navigate through the document and select specific portions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Properties</th>
<th>Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application</td>
<td>Clone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FirstTextPosition</td>
<td>CollapsToBegin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FirstXMLData</td>
<td>CollapsToEnd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FirstXMLDataOffset</td>
<td>ExpandTo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LastTextPosition</td>
<td>Goto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LastXMLData</td>
<td>GotoNext</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LastXMLDataOffset</td>
<td>GotoPrevious</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parent</td>
<td>IsEmpty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IsEqual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MoveBegin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MoveEnd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NextCursorPosition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PreviousCursorPosition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SelectNext</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SelectPrevious</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SetFromRange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table lists the content modification methods, most of which can be found on the right/button mouse menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Properties</th>
<th>Edit operations</th>
<th>Dynamic table operations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Copy</td>
<td>AppendRow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cut</td>
<td>DeleteRow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>DuplicateRow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Paste</td>
<td>InsertRow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IsInDynamicTable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>MoveRowDown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>MoveRowUp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following methods provide the functionality of the Authentic entry helper windows for range objects.

Operations of the entry helper windows

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Elements</th>
<th>Attributes</th>
<th>Entities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CanPerformActionWith</td>
<td>GetElementAttributeValue</td>
<td>GetEntityNames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CanPerformAction</td>
<td>GetElementAttributeNames</td>
<td>InsertEntity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PerformAction</td>
<td>GetElementHierarchy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HasElementAttribute</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SetElementAttributeValue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

AuthenticRange objects are the ‘cursor’ selections of the automation interface. You can use them to point to any cursor position in the Authentic view, or select a portion of the document. The operations available for AuthenticRange objects then work on this selection in the same way, as the corresponding operations of the user interface do with the current user interface selection. The main difference is that you can use an arbitrary number of AuthenticRange objects at the same time, whereas there is exactly one cursor selection in the user interface.

To get to an initial range object use AuthenticView.Selection, to obtain a range corresponding with the current cursor selection in the user interface. Alternatively, some trivial ranges are accessible.
via the read-only properties \texttt{AuthenticView.DocumentBegin}, \texttt{AuthenticView.DocumentEnd}, and \texttt{AuthenticView.WholeDocument}. The most flexible method is \texttt{AuthenticView.Goto}, which allows navigation to a specific portion of the document within one call. For more complex selections, combine the above, with the various navigation methods on range objects listed in the first table on this page.

Another method to select a portion of the document is to use the position properties of the range object. Two positioning systems are available and can be combined arbitrarily:

- \textbf{Absolute} text cursor positions, starting with position 0 at the document beginning, can be set and retrieved for the beginning and end of a range. For more information see \texttt{FirstTextPosition} and \texttt{LastTextPosition}. This method requires complex internal calculations and should be used with care.

- The \texttt{XMLData} element and a text position inside this element, can be set and retrieved for the beginning and end of a range. For more information see \texttt{FirstXMLData}, \texttt{FirstXMLDataOffset}, \texttt{LastXMLData}, and \texttt{LastXMLDataOffset}. This method is very efficient but requires knowledge on the underlying document structure. It can be used to locate XMLData objects and perform operations on them otherwise not accessible through the user interface.

Modifications to the document content can be achieved by various methods:

- The \texttt{Text} property allows you to retrieve the document text selected by the range object. If set, the selected document text gets replaced with the new text.
- The standard document edit functions \texttt{Cut}, \texttt{Copy}, \texttt{Paste} and \texttt{Delete}.
- Table operations for tables that can grow dynamically.
- Methods that map the functionality of the Authentic entry helper windows.
- Access to the \texttt{XMLData} objects of the underlying document to modify them directly.
2.9.1  **AuthenticRange.AppendRow**

See also

*Method:* AppendRow () as Boolean

*Description*
If the beginning of the range is inside a dynamic table, this method inserts a new row at the end of the selected table. The selection of the range is modified to point to the beginning of the new row. The function returns *true* if the append operation was successful, otherwise *false*.

*Errors*
2001  The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

*Examples*
```
' ---------------------------------------------------------
'  VBScrip
'  Append row at end of current dynamically growable table
' ---------------------------------------------------------
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objPlugin.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView.Selection

' check if we can insert something
If objRange.IsInDynamicTable Then
  objRange.AppendRow
  ' objRange points to beginning of new row
  objRange.Select
End If
```
2.9.2 **AuthenticRange.Application**

See also

*Property:* Application as **Authentic** (read-only)

**Description**
Access the application object.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.3 **AuthenticRange.CanPerformAction**

See also

*Method:* `CanPerformAction (eAction as SPYAuthenticActions, strElementName as String) as Boolean`

**Description**

`CanPerformAction` and its related methods enable access to the entry-helper functions of Authentic. This function allows easy and consistent modification of the document content, without having to know exactly where the modification will take place. The beginning of the range object is used to locate the next valid location where the specified action can be performed. If the location can be found, the method returns `True`, otherwise it returns `False`.

**HINT:** To find out all valid element names for a given action, use `CanPerformActionWith`.

**Errors**

- **2001** The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2005** Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
- **2007** Invalid action was specified.

**Examples**

See `PerformAction`.


2.9.4 AuthenticRange.CanPerformActionWith

See also

Method: CanPerformActionWith (eAction as SPYAuthenticActions, out_arrElementNames as Variant)

Description
CanPerformActionWith and its related methods, enable access to the entry-helper functions of Authentic. These function allows easy and consistent modification of the document content without without having to know exactly where the modification will take place.

This method returns an array of those element names that the specified action can be performed with.

HINT: To apply the action use PerformAction.

Errors
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
- 2007 Invalid action was specified.

Examples
See PerformAction.
2.9.5 AuthenticRange.Clone

See also

Method: Clone () as AuthenticRange

Description
Returns a copy of the range object.

Errors
2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.6 **AuthenticRange.CollapsToBegin**

See also

*Method:* `CollapsToBegin()` as `AuthenticRange`

**Description**
Sets the end of the range object to its begin. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.7 **AuthenticRange.CollapsToEnd**

See also

*Method:* `CollapsToEnd()` as `AuthenticRange`

**Description**
Sets the beginning of the range object to its end. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**
- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.8 **AuthenticRange.Copy**

See also

**Method:** Copy () as Boolean

**Description**
Returns *False* if the range contains no portions of the document that may be copied. Returns *True* if text, and in case of fully selected XML elements the elements as well, has been copied to the copy/paste buffer.

**Errors**
- 2001  The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.9 AuthenticRange.Cut

See also

**Method:** Cut () as Boolean

**Description**
Returns *False* if the range contains portions of the document that may not be deleted. Returns *True* after text, and in case of fully selected XML elements the elements as well, has been deleted from the document and saved in the copy/paste buffer.

**Errors**
- **2001**  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2005**  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.10 AuthenticRange.Delete

See also

**Method:** Delete () as Boolean

**Description**
Returns *False* if the range contains portions of the document that may not be deleted. Returns *True* after text, and in case of fully selected XML elements the elements as well, has been deleted from the document.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.11 **AuthenticRange.DeleteRow**

See also

**Method:** `DeleteRow()` as `Boolean`

**Description**
If the beginning of the range is inside a dynamic table, this method deletes the selected row. The selection of the range gets modified to point to the next element after the deleted row. The function returns `true`, if the delete operation was successful, otherwise `false`.

**Errors**

- **2001** The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2005** Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

**Examples**
```
' ---------------------------------------------------------
'                      VBScript
' Delete selected row from dynamically growing table
' ---------------------------------------------------------
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objPlugin.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView.Selection

' check if we are in a table
If objRange.IsInDynamicTable Then
    objRange.DeleteRow
End If
```
2.9.12 **AuthenticRange.DuplicateRow**

See also

*Method: DuplicateRow () as Boolean*

**Description**
If the beginning of the range is inside a dynamic table, this method inserts a duplicate of the current row after the selected one. The selection of the range gets modified to point to the beginning of the new row. The function returns *true* if the duplicate operation was successful, otherwise *false*.

**Errors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Examples**

```vbnet
' ---------------------------------------------------------
'                       VBScript
' duplicate row in current dynamically growable table
' ---------------------------------------------------------
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objPlugin.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView.Selection

' check if we can insert something
If objRange.IsInDynamicTable Then
    objRange.DuplicateRow
    ' objRange points to begining of new row
    objRange.Select
End If
```
2.9.13 **AuthenticRange.EvaluateXPath**

*Method:* `EvaluateXPath` (string expression) as string

**Return Value**
The method returns a string

**Description**
`EvaluateXPath()` executes an XPath expressions with the context node being the beginning of the range selection. The result returned as string, in the case of a sequence it is a space-separated string. If XML context node is irrelevant, the user may provide any node, like `AuthenticView.XMLDataRoot`.

**Errors**
- 2001: Invalid object
- 2005: Invalid parameter
- 2008: Internal error
- 2202: Missing context node
- 2211: XPath error
2.9.14 **AuthenticRange.ExpandTo**

See also

*Method:* `ExpandTo (eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind) as AuthenticRange`

*Description*
Selects the whole element of type `eKind`, that starts at, or contains, the first cursor position of the range. The method returns the modified range object.

*Errors*
- **2001** The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2003** Range expansion would be beyond end of document.
- **2005** Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.15 **AuthenticRange.FirstTextPosition**

See also

**Property:** FirstTextPosition as Long

**Description**
Set or get the left-most text position index of the range object. This index is always less or equal to LastTextPosition. Indexing starts with 0 at document beginning, and increments with every different position that the text cursor can occupy. Incrementing the test position by 1, has the same effect as the cursor-right key. Decrementing the test position by 1 has the same effect as the cursor-left key.

If you set FirstTextPosition to a value greater than the current LastTextPosition, LastTextPosition gets set to the new FirstTextPosition.

HINT: Use text cursor positions with care, since this is a costly operation compared to XMLData based cursor positioning.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is not valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
- 2006 A text position outside the document was specified.

**Examples**
```
' ---------------------------------------
'               VBScript
' ---------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
' we assume that the active document is open in authentic view mode
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

nDocEndPosition = objAuthenticView.DocumentEnd.FirstTextPosition

' let's create a range that selects the whole document
' in an inefficient way
Dim objRange
' we need to get a (any) range object first
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.DocumentBegin
objRange.FirstTextPosition = nDocStartPosition
objRange.LastTextPosition = nDocEndPosition

' let's check if we got it right
If objRange.isEqual(objAuthenticView.WholeDocument) Then
    MsgBox "Test using direct text cursor positioning was ok"
Else
    MsgBox "Ooops!"
End If
```
2.9.16 AuthenticRange.FirstXMLData

See also

Property: FirstXMLData as XMLData

Description
Set or get the first XMLData element in the underlying document that is partially, or completely selected by the range. The exact beginning of the selection is defined by the FirstXMLDataOffset attribute.

Whenever you set FirstXMLData to a new data object, FirstXMLDataOffset gets set to the first cursor position inside this element. Only XMLData objects that have a cursor position may be used. If you set FirstXMLData / FirstXMLDataOffset selects a position greater then the current LastXMLData / LastXMLDataOffset, the latter gets moved to the new start position.

HINT: You can use the FirstXMLData and LastXMLData properties, to directly access and manipulate the underlying XML document in those cases where the methods available with the AuthenticRange object are not sufficient.

Errors
2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is not valid.
2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2008 Internal error
2009 The XMLData object cannot be accessed.

Examples

' -----------------------------------------------
'                 VBScript
' show name of currently selected XMLData element
' -----------------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin/AuthenticView

Dim objXMLData
Set objXMLData = objAuthenticView/Selection/FirstXMLData
' authentic view adds a 'text' child element to elements
' of the document which have content. So we have to go one
' element up.
Set objXMLData = objXMLData/Parent
MsgBox "Current selection selects element " & objXMLData/Name
2.9.17 AuthenticRange.FirstXMLDataOffset

See also

**Property:** FirstXMLDataOffset as Long

**Description**
Set or get the cursor position offset inside FirstXMLData element for the beginning of the range. Offset positions are based on the characters returned by the Text property, and start with 0. When setting a new offset, use -1 to set the offset to the last possible position in the element. The following cases require specific attention:

- The textual form of entries in ComboBoxes, CheckBoxes and similar controls can be different from what you see on screen. Although the data offset is based on this text, there only two valid offset positions, one at the beginning and one at the end of the entry. An attempt to set the offset to somewhere in the middle of the entry, will result in the offset being set to the end.

- The textual form of XML Entities might differ in length from their representation on the screen. The offset is based on this textual form.

If FirstXMLData / FirstXMLDataOffset selects a position after the current LastXMLData / LastXMLDataOffset, the latter gets moved to the new start position.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is not valid.
- 2005 Invalid offset was specified.
  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

**Examples**
```
' ---------------------------------------------
'                VBScript
' Select the complete text of an XMLData element
' using XMLData based selection and ExpandTo
' ---------------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

' first we use the XMLData based range properties
' to select all text of the first XMLData element
' in the current selection
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.Selection
objRange.FirstXMLDataOffset = 0  ' start at beginning of element text
objRange.LastXMLData = objRange.FirstXMLData  ' select only one element
objRange.LastXMLDataOffset = -1  ' select till its end

' the same can be achieved with the ExpandTo method
Dim objRange2
Set objRange2 = objAuthenticView.Selection.ExpandTo(spyAuthenticTag)

' were we successful?
If objRange.IsEqual(objRange2) Then
    objRange.Select()
Else
```
MsgBox "Ooops"
End If
2.9.18 AuthenticRange.GetElementAttributeNames

See also

Method: AuthenticRange.GetElementAttributeNames (strElementName as String, out_arrAttributeNames as Variant)

Description
Retrieve the names of all attributes for the enclosing element with the specified name. Use the element / attribute pairs, to set or get the attribute value with the methods AuthenticRange.GetElementAttributeValue and AuthenticRange.SetElementAttributeValue.

Errors
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid element name was specified.
  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

Examples
See AuthenticRange.SetElementAttributeValue.
2.9.19  **AuthenticRange.GetElementAttributeValue**

See also

*Method:* GetElementAttributeValue (strElementName as String, strAttributeName as String) as String

*Description*
Retrieve the value of the attribute specified in strAttributeName, for the element identified with strElementName. If the attribute is supported but has no value assigned, the empty string is returned. To find out the names of attributes supported by an element, use GetElementAttributeNames, or HasElementAttribute.

*Errors*
- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid element name was specified.
-         Invalid attribute name was specified.
-         Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

*Examples*
See SetElementAttributeValue.
2.9.20 AuthenticRange.GetElementHierarchy

See also

Method: GetElementHierarchy (out_arrElementNames as Variant)

Description
Retrieve the names of all XML elements that are parents of the current selection. Inner elements get listed before enclosing elements. An empty list is returned whenever the current selection is not inside a single XMLData element.

The names of the element hierarchy, together with the range object uniquely identify XMLData elements in the document. The attributes of these elements can be directly accessed by GetElementAttributeNames, and related methods.

Errors
   2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
   2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

Examples
   See SetElementAttributeValue.
2.9.21 AuthenticRange.GetEntityNames

See also

**Method:** GetEntityNames (out_arrEntityNames as Variant)

**Description**
Retrieve the names of all defined entities. The list of retrieved entities is independent of the current selection, or location. Use one of these names with the InsertEntity function.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

**Examples**
See InsertEntity.
2.9.22 AuthenticRange.GetVariableValue

Method: GetVariableValue(name as string, value as string)

Return Value
Gets the value of the named variable.

Errors
2001 Invalid object.
2005 Invalid parameter
2202 No context.
2204 No such variable in scope
2205 Variable cannot be evaluated
2206 Variable returns sequence
2.9.23 AuthenticRange.Goto

See also

**Method:** Goto (eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind, nCount as Long, eFrom as SPYAuthenticDocumentPosition) as AuthenticRange

**Description**
Sets the range to point to the beginning of the nCount element of type eKind. The start position is defined by the parameter eFrom.

Use positive values for nCount to navigate to the document end. Use negative values to navigate to the beginning of the document. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2003 Target lies after end of document.
- 2004 Target lies before begin of document.
- 2005 Invalid element kind specified.
  - Invalid start position specified.
  - Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.24 **AuthenticRange.GotoNext**

See also

*Method:* GotoNext *(eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind) as AuthenticRange*

**Description**

Sets the range to the beginning of the next element of type *eKind*. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>Target lies after end of document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid element kind specified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Examples**

```
' --------------------------------------------
'                VBScript
' Scan through the whole document word-by-word
' --------------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

Dim objRange
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.DocumentBegin
Dim bEndOfDocument
bEndOfDocument = False
On Error Resume Next
While Not bEndOfDocument
    objRange.GotoNext(spyAuthenticWord).Select
    If ((Err.number - vbObjecterror) = 2003) Then
        bEndOfDocument = True
        Err.Clear
    ElseIf (Err.number <> 0) Then
        Err.Raise ' forward error
    End If
Wend
```
2.9.25 **AuthenticRange.GotoNextCursorPosition**

See also

*Meth\od:* `GotoNextCursorPosition () as AuthenticRange`

**Description**
Sets the range to the next cursor position after its current end position. Returns the modified object.

**Errors**
- 2001: The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005: Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.26  **AuthenticRange.GotoPrevious**

See also

**Method:** `GotoPrevious` *(eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind) as AuthenticRange*

**Description**
Sets the range to the beginning of the element of type `eKind` which is before the beginning of the current range. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**
- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2004  Target lies before beginning of document.
- 2005  Invalid element kind specified.
        Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

**Examples**
```
' --------------------------------------------
'                  VBScript
' Scan through the whole document tag-by-tag
' --------------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

Dim objRange
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.DocumentEnd
Dim bEndOfDocument
bBeginOfDocument = False
On Error Resume Next
While Not bBeginOfDocument
    objRange.GotoPrevious(spyAuthenticTag).Select
    If ((Err.number - vbObjecterror) = 2004) Then
        bBeginOfDocument = True
        Err.Clear
    ElseIf (Err.number <> 0) Then
        Err.Raise ' forward error
    End If
Wend
```
2.9.27 **AuthenticRange.GotoPreviousCursorPosition**

See also

*Method:* `GotoPreviousCursorPosition()` as **AuthenticRange**

**Description**
Set the range to the cursor position immediately before the current position. Returns the modified object.

**Errors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>Target lies before begin of document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.9.28 **AuthenticRange.HasElementAttribute**

See also

*Method:* `HasElementAttribute (strElementName as String, strAttributeName as String)`  
as Boolean

**Description**
Tests if the enclosing element with name `strElementName`, supports the attribute specified in `strAttributeName`.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid element name was specified.
  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.29  **AuthenticRange.InsertEntity**

See also

Method: **InsertEntity** (*strEntityName* as *String*)

Description
Replace the ranges selection with the specified entity. The specified entity must be one of the entity names returned by **GetEntityNames**.

Errors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Unknown entry name was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples

```vbscript
' ---------------------------------------------------------
'                         VBScript
' Insert the first entity in the list of available entities
' ---------------------------------------------------------
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objPlugin.AuthenticView.Selection

' first we get the names of all available entities as they
' are shown in the entry helper of XMLSpy
Dim arrEntities
objRange.GetEntityNames arrEntities

' we insert the first one of the list
If UBound(arrEntities) >= 0 Then
    objRange.InsertEntity arrEntities(0)
    objRange.Select()
Else
    MsgBox "Sorry, no entities are available for this document"
End If
```
2.9.30 **AuthenticRange.InsertRow**

See also

**Method:** InsertRow () as Boolean

**Description**
If the beginning of the range is inside a dynamic table, this method inserts a new row before the current one. The selection of the range, gets modified to point to the beginning of the newly inserted row. The function returns *true* if the insert operation was successful, otherwise *false*.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

**Examples**

```vbnet
' -------------------------------------------------------------
'                      VBScript
' Insert row at beginning of current dynamically growing table
' -------------------------------------------------------------
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objPlugin.AuthenticView.Selection

' check if we can insert something
If objRange.IsInDynamicTable Then
    objRange.InsertRow
    ' objRange points to beginning of new row
    objRange.Select
End If
```
2.9.31 AuthenticRange.IsCopyEnabled

See also

Property: IsCopyEnabled as Boolean (read-only)

Description
Checks if the copy operation is supported for this range.

Errors

- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.32  AuthenticRange.IsCutEnabled

See also

*Property:* IsCutEnabled as Boolean (read-only)

**Description**
Checks if the cut operation is supported for this range.

**Errors**
- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.33 **AuthenticRange.IsDeleteEnabled**

**See also**

*Property:* `IsDeleteEnabled` as Boolean (read-only)

**Description**
Checks if the delete operation is supported for this range.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.34  AuthenticRange.IsEmpty

See also

Method: isEmpty () as Boolean

Description
Tests if the first and last position of the range are equal.

Errors
- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.35 **AuthenticRange.IsEqual**

See also

*Method: IsEqual (objCmpRange as AuthenticRange) as Boolean*

*Description*
Tests if the start and end of both ranges are the same.

*Errors*
- **2001** One of the two range objects being compared, is invalid.
- **2005** Invalid address for a return parameter was specified.
2.9.36 AuthenticRange.IsFirstRow

See also

**Property:** IsFirstRow() as Boolean (read-only)

**Description**
Test if the range is in the first row of a table. Which table is taken into consideration depends on the extend of the range. If the selection exceeds a single row of a table, the check is if this table is the first element in an embedding table. See the entry helpers of the user manual for more information.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.37 AuthenticRange.IsInDynamicTable

See also

**Method**: IsInDynamicTable () as Boolean

**Description**
Test if the beginning of the range is inside a table that supports the different row operations.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.38 AuthenticRange.IsLastRow

See also

Property: IsLastRow() as Boolean (read-only)

Description
Test if the range is in the last row of a table. Which table is taken into consideration depends on the extend of the range. If the selection exceeds a single row of a table, the check is if this table is the last element in an embedding table. See the entry helpers of the user manual for more information.

Errors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.9.39  **AuthenticRange.IsPasteEnabled**

**See also**

*Property:* `IsPasteEnabled` as Boolean (read-only)

**Description**
Checks if the paste operation is supported for this range.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.40 **AuthenticRange.IsSelected**

*Property:* `IsSelected` as Boolean

**Description**
Returns `true()` if selection is present. The selection range still can be empty: that happens when e.g. only the cursor is set.
2.9.41 **AuthenticRange.IsTextStateApplied**

See also

*Method:* `IsTextStateApplied (i_strElementName as String) as Boolean`

*Description*

Checks if all the selected text is embedded into an XML Element with name `i_strElementName`. Common examples for the parameter `i_strElementName` are "strong", "bold" or "italic".

*Errors*

- **2001** The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2005** Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.42  AuthenticRange.LastTextPosition

See also

**Property:** LastTextPosition as Long

**Description**
Set or get the rightmost text position index of the range object. This index is always greater or equal to FirstTextPosition. Indexing starts with 0 at the document beginning, and increments with every different position that the text cursor can occupy. Incrementing the test position by 1, has the same effect as the cursor-right key. Decrementing the test position by 1 has the same effect as the cursor-left key.

If you set LastTextPosition to a value less then the current FirstTextPosition, FirstTextPosition gets set to the new LastTextPosition.

HINT: Use text cursor positions with care, since this is a costly operation compared to XMLData based cursor positioning.

**Errors**
- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is not valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
- 2006  A text position outside the document was specified.

**Examples**

```
' ---------------------------------------
'                VBScript
' ---------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView
nDocEndPosition = objAuthenticView.DocumentEnd.FirstTextPosition

' let's create a range that selects the whole document
' in an inefficient way
Dim objRange
' we need to get a (any) range object first
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.DocumentBegin
objRange.FirstTextPosition = nDocStartPosition
objRange.LastTextPosition = nDocEndPosition

' let's check if we got it right
If objRange.isEqual(objAuthenticView.WholeDocument) Then
    MsgBox "Test using direct text cursor positioning was ok"
Else
    MsgBox "Ooops!"
End If
```
2.9.43 **AuthenticRange.LastXMLData**

See also

*Property:* LastXMLData as XMLData

**Description**

Set or get the last XMLData element in the underlying document that is partially or completely selected by the range. The exact end of the selection is defined by the LastXMLDataOffset attribute.

Whenever you set LastXMLData to a new data object, LastXMLDataOffset gets set to the last cursor position inside this element. Only XMLData objects that have a cursor position may be used. If you set LastXMLData / LastXMLDataOffset, select a position less than the current FirstXMLData / FirstXMLDataOffset, the latter gets moved to the new end position.

HINT: You can use the FirstXMLData and LastXMLData properties to directly access and manipulate the underlying XML document in those cases, where the methods available with the AuthenticRange object are not sufficient.

**Errors**

- **2001** The authentic range object, or its related view object is not valid.
- **2005** Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
- **2008** Internal error
- **2009** The XMLData object cannot be accessed.
2.9.44 AuthenticRange.LastXMLDataOffset

See also

**Property:** LastXMLDataOffset as Long

**Description**
Set or get the cursor position inside LastXMLData element for the end of the range.

Offset positions are based on the characters returned by the Text property and start with 0. When setting a new offset, use -1 to set the offset to the last possible position in the element. The following cases require specific attention:

- The textual form of entries in ComboBoxes, CheckBoxes and similar controls can be different from what you see on the screen. Although, the data offset is based on this text, there only two valid offset positions, one at the beginning and one at the end of the entry. An attempt to set the offset to somewhere in the middle of the entry, will result in the offset being set to the end.
- The textual form of XML Entities might differ in length from their representation on the screen. The offset is based on this textual form.

If LastXMLData / LastXMLDataOffset selects a position before FirstXMLData / FirstXMLDataOffset, the latter gets moved to the new end position.

**Errors**

2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is not valid.
2005 Invalid offset was specified.
Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

**Examples**

```vbs
'---------------------------------------------
'                  VBScript
' Select the complete text of an XMLData element
' using XMLData based selection and ExpandTo
'---------------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticateView
Set objAuthenticateView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

' first we use the XMLData based range properties
' to select all text of the first XMLData element
' in the current selection
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objAuthenticateView.Selection
objRange.FirstXMLDataOffset = 0 ' start at beginning of element text
objRange.LastXMLData = objRange.FirstXMLData ' select only one element
objRange.LastXMLDataOffset = -1 ' select till its end

' the same can be achieved with the ExpandTo method
Dim objRange2
Set objRange2 = objAuthenticateView.Selection.ExpandTo(spyAuthenticTag)

' were we successful?
If objRange.IsEqual(objRange2) Then
    objRange.Select()
Else
```

MsgBox "Oops"
End If
2.9.45 **AuthenticRange.MoveBegin**

See also

*Method:* `MoveBegin (eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind, nCount as Long) as AuthenticRange`

**Description**

Move the beginning of the range to the beginning of the `nCount` element of type `eKind`. Counting starts at the current beginning of the range object.

Use positive numbers for `nCount` to move towards the document end, use negative numbers to move towards document beginning. The end of the range stays unmoved, unless the new beginning would be larger than it. In this case, the end is moved to the new beginning. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**

- **2001** The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2003** Target lies after end of document.
- **2004** Target lies before beginning of document.
- **2005** Invalid element kind specified.
  - Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.46 **AuthenticRange.MoveEnd**

See also

*Method:* `MoveEnd (eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind, nCount as Long) as AuthenticRange`

**Description**
Move the end of the range to the begin of the `nCount` element of type `eKind`. Counting starts at the current end of the range object.

Use positive numbers for `nCount` to move towards the document end, use negative numbers to move towards document beginning. The beginning of the range stays unmoved, unless the new end would be less than it. In this case, the beginning gets moved to the new end. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>Target lies after end of document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>Target lies before begin of document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid element kind specified. Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.9.47  AuthenticRange.MoveRowDown

See also

**Method:** MoveRowDown () as Boolean

**Description**
If the beginning of the range is inside a dynamic table and selects a row which is not the last row in this table, this method swaps this row with the row immediately below. The selection of the range moves with the row, but does not otherwise change. The function returns *true* if the move operation was successful, otherwise *false*.

**Errors**
- 2001  The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.48 **AuthenticRange.MoveRowUp**

See also

*Method:* MoveRowUp () as Boolean

**Description**
If the beginning of the range is inside a dynamic table and selects a row which is not the first row in this table, this method swaps this row with the row above. The selection of the range moves with the row, but does not change otherwise. The function returns *true* if the move operation was successful, otherwise *false*.

**Errors**
- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

**Examples**
See JScript - Bubble Sort Dynamic Tables.
2.9.49  **AuthenticRange.Parent**

See also

*Property:* Parent as **AuthenticView** (read-only)

*Description*
Access the view that owns this range object.

*Errors*
- 2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.50  **AuthenticRange.Paste**

See also

*Method*: Paste () as Boolean

*Description*

Returns *False* if the copy/paste buffer is empty, or its content cannot replace the current selection.

Otherwise, deletes the current selection, inserts the content of the copy/paste buffer, and returns True.

*Errors*

2001  The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.9.51 **AuthenticRange.PerformAction**

See also

*Method:* PerformAction *(eAction as SPYAuthenticActions, strElementName as String) as Boolean*

**Description**

PerformAction and its related methods, give access to the entry-helper functions of Authentic. This function allows easy and consistent modification of the document content without a need to know exactly where the modification will take place. The beginning of the range object is used to locate the next valid location where the specified action can be performed. If no such location can be found, the method returns *False*. Otherwise, the document gets modified and the range points to the beginning of the modification.

**HINT:** To find out element names that can be passed as the second parameter use CanPerformActionWith.

**Errors**

- 2001 The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
- 2007 Invalid action was specified.

**Examples**

```vbs```
'--------------------------------------------
'             VBScript
' Insert the innermost element
'--------------------------------------------
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objPlugin.AuthenticView.Selection

' we determine the elements that can be inserted at the current position
Dim arrElements() As String
objRange.CanPerformActionWith spyAuthenticInsertBefore, arrElements

' we insert the first (innermost) element
If UBound(arrElements) >= 0 Then
    objRange.PerformAction spyAuthenticInsertBefore, arrElements(0)
    objRange now points to the beginning of the inserted element
    we set a default value and position at its end
    objRange.Text = "Hello"
Else
    objRange.ExpandTo(spyAuthenticTag).CollapsToEnd().Select
End If
```
2.9.52 **AuthenticRange.Select**

See also

*Method: Select ()*

**Description**
Makes this range the current user interface selection. You can achieve the same result using:

`objRange.Parent.Selection = objRange`  

**Errors**

2001 The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.

**Examples**

```
' ---------------------------------------
'                  VBScript
' ---------------------------------------

' set current selection to end of document
objPlugin.objAuthenticView.DocumentEnd.Select()
```
2.9.53 AuthenticRange.SelectNext

See also

**Method:** SelectNext *(eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind) as AuthenticRange*

**Description**
Selects the element of type *eKind* after the current end of the range. The method returns the modified range object.

**Errors**
- **2001** The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2003** Target lies after end of document.
- **2005** Invalid element kind specified.
- **Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.**

**Examples**
```
' ---------------------------------------------------------------
'                 VBScript
' Scan through the whole document word-by-word
' ---------------------------------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

Dim objRange
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.DocumentBegin
Dim bEndOfDocument
bEndOfDocument = False
On Error Resume Next
While Not bEndOfDocument
    objRange.SelectNext(spyAuthenticWord).Select
    If ((Err.number - vbObjecterror) = 2003) Then
        bEndOfDocument = True
        Err.Clear
    ElseIf (Err.number <> 0) Then
        Err.Raise ' forward error
    End If
Wend
```
2.9.54 **AuthenticRange.SelectPrevious**

See also

*Method:* GotoPrevious (*eKind* as SPYAuthenticElementKind) as AuthenticRange

*Description*

Selects the element of type *eKind* before the current beginning of the range. The method returns the modified range object.

*Errors*

- **2001** The authentic range object, or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2004** Target lies before begin of document.
- **2005** Invalid element kind specified.
- Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

*Examples*

```
' ---------------------------------------------
'     VBScript
'     Scan through the whole document tag-by-tag
' ---------------------------------------------
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

Dim objRange
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.DocumentEnd
Dim bEndOfDocument
bBeginOfDocument = False
On Error Resume Next
While Not bBeginOfDocument
    objRange.SelectPrevious(spyAuthenticTag).Select
    If ((Err.number - vbObjectError) = 2004) Then
        bBeginOfDocument = True
        Err.Clear
    ElseIf (Err.number <> 0) Then
        Err.Raise ' forward error
    End If
Wend
```
2.9.55  **AuthenticRange.SetElementAttributeValue**

See also

**Method:** `SetElementAttributeValue (strElementName as String, strAttributeName as String, strAttributeValue as String)`

**Description**

Retrieve the value of the attribute specified in `strAttributeName` for the element identified with `strElementName`. If the attribute is supported but has no value assigned, the empty string is returned. To find out the names of attributes supported by an element, use `GetElementAttributeNames`, or `HasElementAttribute`.

**Errors**

- **2001** The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
- **2005** Invalid element name was specified.
  - Invalid attribute name was specified.
  - Invalid attribute value was specified.

**Examples**

```vbnet
' --------------------------------------------
'            VBScript
' Get and set element attributes
' --------------------------------------------
Dim objRange
Set objRange = objPlugin.AuthenticView.Selection

' first we find out all the elements below the beginning of the range
Dim arrElements
objRange.GetElementHierarchy arrElements

If IsArray(arrElements) Then
    If UBound(arrElements) >= 0 Then
        ' we use the top level element and find out its valid attributes
        Dim arrAttrs() As String
        objRange.GetElementAttributeNames arrElements(0), arrAttrs

        If UBound(arrAttrs) >= 0 Then
            ' we retrieve the current value of the first valid attribute
            Dim strAttrVal
            strAttrVal = objRange.GetElementAttributeValue
            arrElements(0), arrAttrs(0)
            MsgBox "current value of " & arrElements(0) & "/" & arrAttrs(0) & " is: " & strAttrVal

            ' we change this value and read it again
            strAttrVal = "Hello"
            objRange.SetElementAttributeValue arrElements(0), arrAttrs(0), strAttrVal
            strAttrVal = objRange.GetElementAttributeValue
            arrElements(0), arrAttrs(0)
            MsgBox "new value of " & arrElements(0) & "/" & arrAttrs(0) & " is: " & strAttrVal
        End If
    End If
End If
```
End If
End If
2.9.56  **AuthenticRange.SetFromRange**

See also

*Method:* SetFromRange (*objSrcRange* as AuthenticRange)

**Description**
Sets the range object to the same beginning and end positions as *objSrcRange*.

**Errors**
- 2001  One of the two range objects, is invalid.
- 2005  Null object was specified as source object.
2.9.57 AuthenticRange.SetVariableValue

Enter topic text Method: SetVariableValue (name as string, value as string)

Return Value
Sets the value of the named variable.

Errors
- 2001 Invalid object.
- 2002 Missing context node.
- 2204 No such variable in scope
- 2205 Variable cannot be evaluated
- 2206 Variable returns a sequence
- 2207 Variable read-only
- 2208 No modification allowed
2.9.58  AuthenticRange.Text

See also

Property: Text as String

Description
Set or get the textual content selected by the range object.

The number of characters retrieved are not necessarily identical, as there are text cursor positions between the beginning and end of the selected range. Most document elements support an end cursor position different to the beginning cursor position of the following element. Drop-down lists maintain only one cursor position, but can select strings of any length. In the case of radio buttons and check boxes, the text property value holds the string of the corresponding XML element.

If the range selects more then one element, the text is the concatenation of the single texts. XML entities are expanded so that ‘&’ is expected as ‘&amp;’.

Setting the text to the empty string, does not delete any XML elements. Use Cut, Delete or PerformAction instead.

Errors
2001  The authentic range object or its related view object is no longer valid.
2005  Invalid address for a return parameter was specified.
2.10 AuthenticSelection

See also

Properties
Start
StartTextPosition
End
EndTextPosition
2.10.1 AuthenticSelection.End

See also

Declaration: `End` as `XMLData`

Description
XML element where the current selection ends.
2.10.2 **AuthenticSelection.EndTextPosition**

See also

*Declaration*: `EndTextPosition` as `long`

*Description*
Position in `Authentic.End` where the selection ends.
2.10.3 AuthenticSelection.Start

See also

Declaration: Start as XMLData

Description
XML element where the current selection starts.
2.10.4  **AuthenticSelection.StartTextPosition**

See also

*Declaration:*  `StartTextPosition` as `long`

*Description*
Position in `Authentic.Start` where the selection starts.
2.11 **AuthenticToolbarButton**

Methods

Properties

**CommandID**
2.11.1 AuthenticToolbarButton.CommandID

Declaration: CommandID as SPYAuthenticCommand

Description
The CommandId of the toolbar button.
2.12 AuthenticToolbarButtons

Methods

Item

NewButton
NewCustomButton
NewSeparator

Remove

Properties

Count
2.12.1 **AuthenticToolbarButtons.Count**

*Declaration:* `Count` as `long`

*Description*
Get the actual number of buttons on the toolbar
Read only.
2.12.2 AuthenticToolbarButtons.Item

Declaration: Item(n as long) as AuthenticToolbarButton

Description
Get the n'th Button of the current toolbar. n starts at 1.

Example
See the example at AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewButton
2.12.3 **AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewButton**

*Declaration:* `NewButton(nPosition as long, nCommandId as SPYAuthenticCommand)`

*Description*
Inserts a new Button for the command `nCommandId` at the position `nPosition` of the toolbar. `nPosition` starts at 1.

*Example*
Add a new toolbar, align it on the bottom and add new toolbar buttons:

```plaintext
objPlugIn.ToolbarRows.NewRow(3)  // add a new Toolbar (Row 3)
set ToolbarRow = objPlugIn.ToolbarRows.Item(3)
set Buttons = ToolbarRow.Buttons
ToolbarRow.Alignment = 2       // align Toolbar to bottom
Buttons.NewButton 1, 2        // add Print Button
Buttons.NewButton 1, 3        // add PrintPreview Button
Buttons.NewSeparator 2         // add Separator
Buttons.NewButton 1, 4        // add Validate Button
```

When `StartEditing` or `ReloadToolbars` is called: the modified Toolbar settings are used.
2.12.4 AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewCustomButton

**Declaration:**
```
NewCustomButton(nPosition as long, strName as String, strTooltip as String, strBitmapURL as String)
```

**Description**
Inserts a new custom button with the name `strName` at the position `nPosition` of the toolbar. `nPosition` starts at 1. `strTooltip` is taken as the Tooltip text.

`strBitmapURL` is the location of the bitmap to display for the new button. This path is relative to the path set with the `TextStateBmpURL` property.

**Example**

Imagine you have inserted a custom button with the name "MyFunction" to your toolbars. The following event handler for `doceditcommand` shows you how to react if the user clicked your button and how to set the enabled / disabled state for it.

```javascript
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE=javascript FOR=objPlugIn EVENT=doceditcommand>
  // event.type is set to "command" if the user clicked the button
  if(objPlugIn.event.type == "command")
  {
    if(objPlugIn.event.srcElement.Name == "MyFunction")
      window.alert("You pressed my custom button!");
  }

  // event.type is set to "update" if the button state must be set
  if(objPlugIn.event.type == "update")
  {
    if(objPlugIn.event.srcElement.Name == "MyFunction")
    {
      // we enable the button if only one element is selected
        objPlugIn.event.returnValue = 1;
      else
        objPlugIn.event.returnValue = 0;

      objPlugIn.event.cancelBubble = true;
    }
  }
</SCRIPT>
```
2.12.5 AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewSeparator

*Declaration:* NewSeparator(nPosition as long)

*Description*
Inserts a Separator at the position nPosition of the toolbar. nPosition starts at 1.

*Example*
See the example at AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewButton
2.12.6 AuthenticToolbarButtons.Remove

Declaration: Remove(nPosition as long)

Description
Removes the button or Separator on position nPosition of the toolbar. nPosition starts at 1.
2.13 **AuthenticToolbarRow**

**Methods**

*Alignment*

**Properties**

*Buttons*
2.13.1 **AuthenticToolbarRowAlignment**

*Declaration:* Alignment(nAlign as SPYAuthenticToolbarAllignment)

*Description*
Get or sets the alignment of the toolbar in the plug-in.

*Example*
Align all toolbars to the bottom:

```vbnet
for each ToolbarRow in objPlugin.ToolbarRows
    ToolbarRow.Alignment = 2
next
```
2.13.2 AuthenticToolbarRowButtons

**Declaration:** Buttons as AuthenticToolbarButtons

**Description**
Get all Buttons of the toolbar

**Example**
See the example at AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewButton
2.14 AuthenticToolbarRows

Methods
Item
RemoveRow
NewRow

Properties
Count
2.14.1 AuthenticToolbarRows.Count

Declaration: Count as long

Description
Get the actual number of defined toolbars
Read only.
2.14.2 AuthenticToolbarRows.Item

Declaration: Item(nPosition as long) as AuthenticToolbarRow

Description
Get the toolbar on position nPosition. nPosition starts with "1"
Read only.

Example
See the example at AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewButton
2.14.3 **AuthenticToolbarRows.RemoveRow**

*Declaration:* RemoveRow(nPosition as long)

*Description*
Remove the toolbar at nPosition from the user interface. nPosition starts at 1.
2.14.4 AuthenticToolbarRows.NewRow

Declaration: NewRow(nPosition as long)

Description
Creates and inserts a new Toolbar row. nPosition starts at 1.

Example
See the example at AuthenticToolbarButtons.NewButton
## 2.15 AuthenticView

See also

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Events</th>
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<td>Goto</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DocumentBegin</td>
<td>Print</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DocumentEnd</td>
<td>Redo</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Undo</td>
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<td>Parent</td>
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<td>Selection</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WholeDocument</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Description

AuthenticView and its child object AuthenticRange provide you with an interface for Authentic View, which allow easy and consistent modification of document contents. Functional overlap with already existing methods and properties in Authentic object is intentional, making the content modification functions of the Authentic object obsolete. Usage of the new AuthenticView interface is strongly recommended.

AuthenticView gives you easy access to specific features such as printing, the multi-level undo buffer, and the current cursor selection, or position.

AuthenticView uses objects of type AuthenticRange to make navigation inside the document straight-forward, and to allow for the flexible selection of logical text elements. Use the properties DocumentBegin, DocumentEnd, or WholeDocument for simple selections, while using the Goto method for more complex selections. To navigate relative to a given document range, see the methods and properties of the AuthenticRange object.
2.15.1 Events

OnBeforeCopy

Event: OnBeforeCopy() as Boolean

XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:
Function On_AuthenticBeforeCopy()
    ' On_AuthenticBeforeCopy = False ' to disable operation
End Function

XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:
function On_AuthenticBeforeCopy()
{
    // return false; /* to disable operation */
}

XMLSpy IDE Plugin:
IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (21, ...) // nEventId = 21

Description
This event gets triggered before a copy operation gets performed on the document. Return True (or nothing) to allow copy operation. Return False to disable copying.

OnBeforeCut

Event: OnBeforeCut() as Boolean

XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:
Function On_AuthenticBeforeCut()
    ' On_AuthenticBeforeCut = False ' to disable operation
End Function

XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:
function On_AuthenticBeforeCut()
{
    // return false; /* to disable operation */
}

XMLSpy IDE Plugin:
IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (20, ...) // nEventId = 20

Description
This event gets triggered before a cut operation gets performed on the document. Return True (or nothing) to allow cut operation. Return False to disable operation.

OnBeforeDelete

Event: OnBeforeDelete() as Boolean
**XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:**

Function On_AuthenticBeforeDelete()
  ' On_AuthenticBeforeDelete = False ' to disable operation
End Function

**XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:**

function On_AuthenticBeforeDelete()
{
  // return false; /* to disable operation */
}

**XMLSpy IDE Plugin:**

IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (22, ...) // nEventId = 22

**Description**

This event gets triggered before a delete operation gets performed on the document. Return True (or nothing) to allow delete operation. Return False to disable operation.

**OnBeforeDrop**

**Event:** OnBeforeDrop (i_nXPos as Long, i_nYPos as Long, i_ipRange as AuthenticRange, i_ipData as cancelBoolean

**XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:**

Function On_AuthenticBeforeDrop(nXPos, nYPos, objRange, objData)
  ' On_AuthenticBeforeDrop = False ' to disable operation
End Function

**XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:**

function On_AuthenticBeforeDrop(nXPos, nYPos, objRange, objData)
{
  // return false; /* to disable operation */
}

**XMLSpy IDE Plugin:**

IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (11, ...) // nEventId = 11

**Description**

This event gets triggered whenever a previously dragged object gets dropped inside the application window. All event related information gets passed as parameters.

The first two parameters specify the mouse position at the time when the event occurred. The parameter objRange passes a range object that selects the XML element below the mouse position. The value of this parameter might be NULL. Be sure to check before you access the range object. The parameter objData allows to access information about the object being dragged.

Return False to cancel the drop operation. Return True (or nothing) to continue normal operation.

**Examples**

' CREMENTAL'
' VB code snippet - connecting to object level events
' access XMLSpy (without checking for any errors)
Dim objSpy As XMLSpyLib.Application
Set objSpy = GetObject("", "XMLSpy.Application")

' this is the event callback routine connected to the OnBeforeDrop
event of object objView
Private Function objView_OnBeforeDrop(ByVal i_nXPos As Long, ByVal i_nYPos As Long,
                                       ByVal i_ipRange As IAuthenticRange,
                                       ByVal i_ipData As IAuthenticDataTransfer) As Boolean
    If (Not i_ipRange Is Nothing) Then
        MsgBox "Dropping on content is prohibited";
        Return False;
    Else
        Return True;
    End If
End Function

' use VBA keyword WithEvents to connect to object-level event
Dim WithEvents objView As XMLSpyLib.AuthenticView
Set objView = objSpy.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView

' continue here with something useful ...
' and serve the windows message loop

**OnBeforePaste**

**Event:** OnBeforePaste *(objData as Variant, strType as String) as Boolean*

**XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:**
Function On_AuthenticBeforePaste(objData, strType)
    ' On_AuthenticBeforePaste = False ' to disable operation
End Function

**XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:**
function On_AuthenticBeforePaste(objData, strType)
{
    // return false; /* to disable operation */
}

**XMLSpy IDE Plugin:**
IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (19, ...)  // nEvent l d = 19

**Description**
This event gets triggered before a paste operation gets performed on the document. The parameter *strType* is one of "TEXT", "UNICODETEXT" or "IUNKNOWN". In the first two cases *objData* contains a string representation of the object that will be pasted. In the later case, *objData* contains a pointer to an IUnknown COM interface.
Return *True* (or nothing) to allow paste operation. Return *False* to disable operation.

**OnBeforeSave**

*Event:* `OnBeforeSave (SaveAs flag) as Boolean`

*Description:* `OnBeforeSave` gives the opportunity to e.g. warn the user about overwriting the existing XML document, or to make the document read-only when specific circumstances are not met. The event will be fired before the file dialog is shown. (Please note, that the event fires when saving the XML document, and not when saving the SPS design in StyleVision.)

**OnDragOver**

*Event:* `OnDragOver (nXPos as Long, nYPos as Long, eMouseEvent as SPYMouseEvent, objRange as AuthenticRange, objData as AuthenticDataTransfer) as Boolean`

**XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:**

```vbnet
Function On_AuthenticDragOver(nXPos, nYPos, eMouseEvent, objRange, objData)
    ' On_AuthenticDragOver = False  ' to disable operation
End Function
```

**XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:**

```javascript
function On_AuthenticDragOver(nXPos, nYPos, eMouseEvent, objRange, objData)
{
    // return false; /* to disable operation */
}
```

**XMLSpy IDE Plugin:**

```
IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent(10, ...)  // nEventId = 10
```

*Description*

This event gets triggered whenever an object from within our outside of Authentic View gets dragged with the mouse over the application window. All event related information gets passed as parameters.

The first three parameters specify the mouse position, the mouse button status and the status of the virtual keys at the time when the event occurred. The parameter `objRange` passes a range object that selects the XML element below the mouse position. The value of this parameter might be *NULL*. Be sure to check before you access the range object. The parameter `objData` allows to access information about the object being dragged.

Return *False* to cancel the drag operation. Return *True* (or nothing) to continue normal operation.

*Examples*

```vbnet
' access XMLSpy (without checking for any errors)
Dim objSpy As XMLSpyLib.Application
```
Set objSpy = GetObject("", "XMLSpy.Application")

' this is the event callback routine connected to the OnDragOver ' event of object objView
Private Function objView_OnDragOver(ByVal i_nXPos As Long, ByVal i_nYPos As Long,
                                      ByVal i_eMouseEvent As SPYMouseEvent,
                                      ByVal i_ipRange As IAuthenticRange,
                                      ByVal i_ipData As IAuthenticDataTransfer) As Boolean
    If (((i_eMouseEvent And spyShiftKeyDownMask) <> 0) And
        (Not i_ipRange Is Nothing)) Then
        MsgBox ("Floating over element " &
                i_ipRange.FirstXMLData.Parent.Name);
    End If
    Return True;
End Function

' use VBA keyword WithEvents to connect to object-level event
Dim WithEvents objView As XMLSpyLib.AuthenticView
Set objView = objSpy.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView

' continue here with something useful ...
' and serve the windows message loop

OnKeyboardEvent

Event: OnKeyboardEvent (eKeyEvent as SPYKeyEvent, nKeyCode as Long,
                       nVirtualKeyStatus as Long) as Boolean

XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:
    Function On_AuthenticKeyboardEvent(eKeyEvent, nKeyCode, nVirtualKeyStatus)
        ' On_AuthenticKeyboardEvent = True  ' to cancel bubbling of event
    End Function

XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:
    function On_AuthenticKeyboardEvent(eKeyEvent, nKeyCode, nVirtualKeyStatus)
    {
        // return false; /* to cancel bubbling of event */
    }

XMLSpy IDE Plugin:
    IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (30, ...) // nEventId = 30

Description
This event gets triggered for WM_KEYDOWN, WM_KEYUP and WM_CHAR Windows messages.
The actual message type is available in the eKeyEvent parameter. The status of virtual keys is
combined in the parameter \( n_{\text{VirtualKeyStatus}} \). Use the bit-masks defined in the enumeration \( \text{datatype} \ SPYVirtualKeyMask \), to test for the different keys or their combinations.

REMARK: The following events from the scripting environment and IDE Plugin of XMLSpy are still supported but become obsolete with this event:

- \( \text{On\_AuthenticKeyUp()} \) \( \text{IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent}(13, \ldots) \) // \( n\text{EventId} = 13 \)
- \( \text{On\_AuthenticKeyDown()} \) \( \text{IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent}(12, \ldots) \) // \( n\text{EventId} = 12 \)
- \( \text{On\_AuthenticKeyPressed()} \) \( \text{IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent}(14, \ldots) \) // \( n\text{EventId} = 14 \)

Examples

 VB code snippet – connecting to object level events

```vba
' access XMLSpy (without checking for any errors)
Dim objSpy As XMLSpyLib.Application
Set objSpy = GetObject("", "XMLSpy.Application")

' this is the event callback routine connected to the OnKeyboard event of object objView
Private Function objView_OnKeyboardEvent(ByVal i_keyEvent As Long, ByVal io_pnKeyCode As Long, ByVal i_nVirtualKeyStatus As Long) As Boolean
    If ((i_keyEvent = XMLSpyLib.spyKeyUp) And ((i_nVirtualKeyStatus And XMLSpyLib.spyCtrlKeyMask) <> 0)) Then
        MsgBox("Ctrl " & io_pnKeyCode & " pressed")
        objView_OnKeyboardEvent = True
   Else
        objView_OnKeyboardEvent = False
    End If
End Function

' use VBA keyword WithEvents to connect to object-level event
Dim WithEvents objView As XMLSpyLib.AuthenticView
Set objView = objSpy.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView

' continue here with something useful ...
' and serve the windows message loop
```

OnLoad

**Event:** OnLoad ()

**Description:** OnLoad can be used e.g. to restrict some AuthenticView functionality, as shown in the example below:

```vba
function On_AuthenticLoad( )
{
    // We are disabling all entry helpers in order to prevent user from manipulating XML tree
    AuthenticView.DisableElementEntryHelper();
    AuthenticView.DisableAttributeEntryHelper();
```
// We are also disabling the markup buttons for the same purpose
AuthenticView.SetToolbarButtonState('AuthenticMarkupSmall', authenticToolbarButtonDisabled);
AuthenticView.SetToolbarButtonState('AuthenticMarkupLarge', authenticToolbarButtonDisabled);
AuthenticView.SetToolbarButtonState('AuthenticMarkupMixed', authenticToolbarButtonDisabled);
}

In the example the status of the Markup Small, Markup Large, Markup Mixed toolbar buttons are manipulated with the help of button identifiers. See complete list.

OnMouseEvent

Event: OnMouseEvent (nXPos as Long, nYPos as Long, eMouseEvent as SPYMouseEvent, objRange as AuthenticRange) as Boolean

XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:
Function On_AuthenticMouseEvent (nXPos, nYPos, eMouseEvent, objRange)
   ' On_AuthenticMouseEvent = True  ' to cancel bubbling of event
End Function

XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:
function On_AuthenticMouseEvent (nXPos, nYPos, eMouseEvent, objRange)
{
   // return false;  /* to cancel bubbling of event */
}

XMLSpy IDE Plugin:
IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (31, ...)  // nEvent Id = 31

Description
This event gets triggered for every mouse movement and mouse button Windows message.

The actual message type and the mouse buttons status, is available in the eMouseEvent parameter. Use the bit-masks defined in the enumeration datatype SPYMouseEvent to test for the different messages, button status, and their combinations.

The parameter objRange identifies the part of the document found at the current mouse cursor position. The range objects always selects a complete tag of the document. (This might change in future versions, when a more precise positioning mechanism becomes available). If no selectable part of the document is found at the current position, the range object is null.

REMARK: The following events from the scripting environment and IDE Plugin of XMLSpy are still supported but become obsolete with this event:
On_AuthenticMouseMove ()  IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (15, ...)  // nEvent Id = 15
On_AuthenticButtonDown ()  IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (16, ...)  // nEvent Id = 16
On_AuthenticButtonDown ()  IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (17, ...)
Examples

' this is the event callback routine connected to the OnMouseEvent ' event of object objView. If you click with the left mouse button ' while pressing a control key, the current selection will be set ' to the tag below the current mouse cursor position
Private Function objView_OnMouseEvent(ByVal i_nXPos As Long, ByVal i_nYPos As Long, ByVal i_eMouseEvent As XMLSpyLib.SPYMouseEvent, ByVal i_pRange As XMLSpyLib.IAuthenticRange) As Boolean
    If (i_eMouseEvent = (XMLSpyLib.spyLeftButtonDownMask Or XMLSpyLib.spyCtrlKeyDownMask)) Then
        On Error Resume Next
        i_pRange.Select
        objView_OnMouseEvent = True
        Else
        objView_OnMouseEvent = False
    End If
End Function

' use VBA keyword WithEvents to connect to object-level event
Dim WithEvents objView As XMLSpyLib.AuthenticView
Set objView = objSpy.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView

' continue here with something useful ...
' and serve the windows message loop

OnSelectionChanged

Event: OnSelectionChanged (objNewSelection as AuthenticRange)

XMLSpy scripting environment - VBScript:
Function On_AuthenticSelectionChanged (objNewSelection)
End Function

XMLSpy scripting environment - JScript:
function On_AuthenticSelectionChanged (objNewSelection) {
}

XMLSpy IDE Plugin:
IXMLSpyPlugIn.OnEvent (23, ...) // nEvent Id = 23
Description
This event gets triggered whenever the selection in the user interface changes.

Examples

VB code snippet - connecting to object level events
' access XMLSpy (without checking for any errors)
Dim objSpy As XMLSpyLib.Application
Set objSpy = GetObject("", "XMLSpy.Application")

' this is the event callback routine connected to the OnSelectionChanged event of object objView
Private Sub objView_OnSelectionChanged (ByVal i_ipNewRange As XMLSpyLib.IAuthenticRange)
    MsgBox("new selection: ", 
End Sub

use VBA keyword WithEvents to connect to object-level event
Dim WithEvents objView As XMLSpyLib.AuthenticView
Set objView = objSpy.ActiveDocument.AuthenticView

continue here with something useful ...
and serve the windows message loop

OnToolbarButtonClicked

Event: OnToolbarButtonClicked (Button identifier)

Description: OnToolbarButtonClicked is fired when a toolbar button was clicked by user. The parameter button identifier helps to determine which button was clicked. The list of predefined button identifiers is below:

- AuthenticPrint
- AuthenticPrintPreview
- AuthenticUndo
- AuthenticRedo
- AuthenticCut
- AuthenticCopy
- AuthenticPaste
- AuthenticClear
- AuthenticMarkupHide
- AuthenticMarkupLarge
- AuthenticMarkupMixed
- AuthenticMarkupSmall
- AuthenticValidate
- AuthenticChangeWorkingDBXMLCell
- AuthenticSave
- AuthenticSaveAs
- AuthenticReload
- AuthenticTableInsertRow
- AuthenticTableAppendRow
For custom buttons the user might add his own identifiers. Please, note that the user must take care, as the identifiers are not checked for uniqueness. The same identifiers can be used to identify buttons in the `Set/GetToolbarState()` COM API calls. By adding code for different buttons, the user is in the position to completely redefine the AuthenticView toolbar behavior, adding own methods for table manipulation, etc.

**OnToolbarButtonExecuted**

*Event:* `OnToolbarButtonExecuted` *(Button identifier)*

**Description:** `OnToolbarButtonExecuted` is fired when a toolbar button was clicked by user. The parameter `button identifier` helps to determine which button was clicked. See the list of predefined button identifiers.

`OnToolbarButtonExecuted` is fired after the toolbar action was executed. It is useful e.g. to add update code, as shown in the example below:

```javascript
//event fired when a toolbar button action was executed
function On_AuthenticToolbarButtonExecuted( varBtnIdentifier )
{
    // After whatever command user has executed - make sure to update toolbar button states
    UpdateOwnToolbarButtonStates();
}
```
In this case UpdateOwnToolbarButtonStates is a user function defined in the Global Declarations.

**OnUserAddedXMLNode**

*Event:* OnUserAddedXMLNode (XML node)

*Description:* OnUserAddedXMLNode will be fired when the user adds an XML node as a primary action. This happens in the situations, where the user clicks on

- auto-add hyperlinks (see example OnUserAddedXMLNode.sps)
- the Insert..., Insert After..., Insert Before... context menu items
- Append row, Insert row toolbar buttons
- Insert After..., Insert Before... actions in element entry helper (outside StyleVision)

The event doesn’t get fired on Duplicate row, or when the node was added externally (e.g. via COM API), or on Apply (e.g. Text State Icons), or when in XML table operations or in DB operations.

The event parameter is the XML node object, which was added giving the user an opportunity to manipulate the XML node added. An elaborate example for an event handler can be found in the OnUserAddedXMLNode.sps file (in the Authentic/Scripting folder of the Examples project in the Project Window).
2.15.2 AuthenticView.Application

See also

Property: Application as Authentic (read-only)

Description
Access the application object.

Errors
2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.3 AuthenticView.AsXMLString

See also

**Property:** `AsXMLString` as String

**Description**
Returns or sets the document content as an XML string. Setting the content to a new value does not change the schema file or sps file in use. If the new `XMLString` does not match the actual schema file error 2011 gets returned.

**Errors**

- 2000 The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2011 `AsXMLString` was set to a value which is no valid XML for the current schema file.
2.15.4 **AuthenticView.ContextMenu**

*Property:* `ContextMenu` as `ContextMenu`

**Description**
The property `ContextMenu` gives access to customize the context menu. The best place to do it is in the event handler `OnContextMenuActivated`.

**Errors**
- 2000  Invalid object.
- 2005  Invalid parameter.
2.15.5 **AuthenticView.CreateXMLNode**

*Method:* `CreateXMLNode(nKind as SPYXMLDataKind) as XMLData`

**Return Value**
The method returns the new `XMLData` object.

**Description**
To create a new `XMLData` object use the `CreateXMLNode()` method. See also Using `XMLData`.

**Errors**
- 2000  Invalid object.
- 2012  Cannot create XML node.
2.15.6 **AuthenticView.DisableAttributeEntryHelper**

*Method:* `DisableAttributeEntryHelper()`

**Description**

`DisableAttributeEntryHelper()` disables the attribute entry helper in XMLSpy, Authentic Desktop and Authentic Browser plug-in.

**Errors**

- 2000  Invalid object.
2.15.7 **AuthenticView.DisableElementEntryHelper**

*Method:* `DisableElementEntryHelper()`

**Description**
`DisableElementEntryHelper()` disables the element entry helper in XMLSpy, Authentic Desktop and Authentic Browser plug-in.

**Errors**
- 2000  Invalid object.
2.15.8 AuthenticView.DisableEntityEntryHelper

*Method:* DisableEntityEntryHelper()

*Description*
DisableEntityEntryHelper() disables the entity entry helper in XMLSpy, Authentic Desktop and Authentic Browser plug-in.

*Errors*
- 2000 Invalid object.
2.15.9 **AuthenticView.DocumentBegin**

See also

*Property:* `DocumentBegin` as `AuthenticRange` (read-only)

**Description**
Retrieve a range object that points to the beginning of the document.

**Errors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>The authentic view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.15.10 AuthenticView.DocumentEnd

See also

Property: DocumentEnd as AuthenticRange (read-only)

Description
Retrieve a range object that points to the end of the document.

Errors
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.11 AuthenticView.DoNotPerformStandardAction

**Method:** DoNotPerformStandardAction()

**Description**

DoNotPerformStandardAction() serves as cancel bubble for macros; stops further execution after macro has finished.

**Errors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>Invalid object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.15.12 AuthenticView.EvaluateXPath

**Method:** `AuthenticView.EvaluateXPath (XMLData, string expression) as string`

**Return Value**
The method returns a string

**Description**
`EvaluateXPath()` executes an XPath expressions with the given XML context node. The result returned as string, in the case of a sequence it is a space-separated string.

**Errors**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>Invalid object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>Internal error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>XPath error.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.15.13 AuthenticView.Event

See also

Property: Event as AuthenticEvent (read-only)

Description
This property gives access to parameters of the last event in the same way as OldAuthenticView.event does. Since all events for the scripting environment and external clients are now available with parameters this Event property should only be used from within IDE-Plugins.

Errors
2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.14 AuthenticView.EventContext

**Property:** EventContext as EventContext

**Description**
EventContext property gives access to the running macros context. See the EventContext interface description for more below details.

**Errors**
2000   Invalid object.
2.15.15 AuthenticView.GetToolbarButtonState

**Method:** GetToolBarButtonState (ButtonIdentifier as string) as AuthenticToolbarButtonState

**Return Value**
The method returns AuthenticToolbarButtonState

**Description**
GetToolBarButtonState queries the status of a toolbar button, and lets the user disable or enable the button, identified via its button identifier (see list above). One usage is to disable toolbar buttons permanently. Another usage is to put SetToolBarButtonState in the OnSelectionChanged event handler, as toolbar buttons are updated regularly when the selection changes in the document.

Toolbar button states are given by the listed enumerations.

The default state means that the enable/disable of the button is governed by AuthenticView. When the user sets the button state to enable or disable, the button remains in that state as long as the user does not change it.

**Errors**
- 2000 Invalid object.
- 2005 Invalid parameter.
- 2008 Internal error.
- 2014 Invalid button identifier.
2.15.16 AuthenticView.Goto

See also

Method: Goto (eKind as SPYAuthenticElementKind, nCount as Long, eFrom as SPYAuthenticDocumentPosition) as AuthenticRange

Description
Retrieve a range object that points to the beginning of the nCount element of type eKind. The start position is defined by the parameter eFrom. Use positive values for nCount to navigate to the document end. Use negative values to navigate towards the beginning of the document.

Errors
2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
2003  Target lies after end of document.
2004  Target lies before beginning of document.
2005  Invalid element kind specified.
      The document position to start from is not one of spyAuthenticDocumentBegin or spyAuthenticDocumentEnd.
      Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

Examples
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

On Error Resume Next
Dim objRange
' goto beginning of first table in document
Set objRange = objAuthenticView.Goto (spyAuthenticTable, 1, spyAuthenticDocumentBegin)
If (Err.number = 0) Then
   objRange.Select()
Else
   MsgBox "No table found in document"
End If
2.15.17 AuthenticView.IsRedoEnabled

See also

Property: IsRedoEnabled as Boolean (read-only)

Description
True if redo steps are available and Redo is possible.

Errors
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.18 AuthenticView.IsUndoEnabled

See also

Property: IsUndoEnabled as Boolean (read-only)

Description
True if undo steps are available and Undo is possible.

Errors
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.19 AuthenticView.MarkupVisibility

See also

Property: MarkupVisibility as SPYAuthenticMarkupVisibility

Description
Set or get current visibility of markup.

Errors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>The authentic view object is no longer valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>Invalid enumeration value was specified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.15.20 AuthenticView.Parent

See also

*Property*: Parent as *Authentic* (read-only)

*Description*
Access the Application.

*Errors*
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.21 AuthenticView.Print

See also

Method: Print (bWithPreview as Boolean, bPromptUser as Boolean)

Description
Print the document shown in this view. If bWithPreview is set to True, the print preview dialog pops up. If bPromptUser is set to True, the print dialog pops up. If both parameters are set to False, the document gets printed without further user interaction.

Errors
2000 The authentic view object is no longer valid.
2.15.22 AuthenticView.Redo

See also

Method: Redo () as Boolean

Description
Redo the modification undone by the last undo command.

Errors
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.23 AuthenticView.Selection

See also

*Property*: Selection as AuthenticRange

*Description*
Set or get current text selection in user interface.

*Errors*
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2002  No cursor selection is active.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.

*Examples*

```
Dim objAuthenticView
Set objAuthenticView = objPlugin.AuthenticView

' if we are the end of the document, re-start at the beginning
If (objAuthenticView.Selection.IsEqual(objAuthenticView.DocumentEnd)) Then
    objAuthenticView.Selection = objAuthenticView.DocumentBegin
Else
    ' objAuthenticView.Selection =
    objAuthenticView.Selection.GotoNextCursorPosition()
    ' or shorter:
    ' objAuthenticView.Selection.GotoNextCursorPosition().Select
End If
```
2.15.24 AuthenticView.SetToolbarButtonState

Method: SetToolbarButtonState (ButtonIdentifier as string, AuthenticToolbarButtonState state)

Description
SetToolbarButtonState queries the status of a toolbar button, and lets the user disable or enable the button, identified via its button identifier (see list above). One usage is to disable toolbar buttons permanently. Another usage is to put SetToolbarButtonState in the OnSelectionChanged event handler, as toolbar buttons are updated regularly when the selection changes in the document.

Toolbar button states are given by the listed enumerations.

The default state means that the enable/disable of the button is governed by AuthenticView. When the user sets the button state to enable or disable, the button remains in that state as long as the user does not change it.

Errors
- 2000  Invalid object.
- 2008  Internal error.
- 2014  Invalid button identifier.
2.15.25 AuthenticView.Undo

See also

Method: Undo () as Boolean

Description
Undo the last modification of the document from within this view.

Errors
- 2000 The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.26 **AuthenticView.UpdateXMLInstanceEntities**

See also

*Method:* UpdateXMLInstanceEntities ()

**Description**
Updates the internal representation of the declared entities, and refills the entry helper. In addition, the validator is reloaded, allowing the XML file to validate correctly. Please note that this may also cause schema files to be reloaded.

**Errors**
The method never returns an error.

**Example**

```javascript
// -----------------------------------------
//               JavaScript
// -----------------------------------------
var objDocType;
objDocType = objPlugin.XMLRoot.GetChild(10);

if(objDocType)
{
    var objEntity = objPlugin.CreateChild(14);
    objEntity.Name = "child";
    objEntity.TextValue = "SYSTEM \"child.xml\"";
    objDocType.AppendChild(objEntity);

    objPlugin.AuthenticView.UpdateXMLInstanceEntities();
}
```
2.15.27 AuthenticView.WholeDocument

See also

*Property:* `WholeDocument` as `AuthenticRange` (read-only)

**Description**
Retrieve a range object that selects the whole document.

**Errors**
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.15.28 AuthenticView.XMLDataRoot

See also

Property: `XMLDataRoot` as `XMLData` (read-only)

Description
Returns or sets the top-level XMLData element of the current document. This element typically describes the document structure and would be of kind `spyXMLDataXMLDocStruct`, `spyXMLDataXMLEntityDocStruct` or `spyXMLDataDTDDocStruct`.

Errors
- 2000  The authentic view object is no longer valid.
- 2005  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.16 AuthenticXMLTableCommands

Methods

- Insert
- Delete
- AppendRow
- InsertRow
- DeleteRow
- AppendColumn
- InsertColumn
- DeleteColumn
- JoinLeft
- JoinRight
- JoinUp
- JoinDown
- SplitHorizontal
- SplitVertical
- AlignVerticalTop
- AlignVerticalCenter
- AlignVerticalBottom
- AlignHorizontalLeft
- AlignHorizontalRight
- AlignHorizontalCenter
- AlignHorizontalJustify
- EditProperties

Properties

- MayInsert
- MayDelete
- MayAppendRow
- MayInsertRow
- MayDeleteRow
- MayAppendCol
MayInsertCol
MayDeleteCol
MayJoinLeft
MayJoinRight
MayJoinUp
MayJoinDown
MaySplitHorizontal
MaySplitVertical
MayAlignVertical
MayAlignHorizontal
MayEditProperties
2.16.1 **AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AlignHorizontalCenter**

*Declaration:* AlignHorizontalCenter()

*Description*
Sets the horizontal alignment attribute to "center" or clears the attribute if it was set to "center" before.
2.16.2  AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AlignHorizontalJustify

Declaration: AlignHorizontalJustify()

Description
Sets the horizontal alignment attribute to "justify" or clears the attribute if it was set to "justify" before.
2.16.3 **AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AlignHorizontalLeft**

*Declaration:* AlignHorizontalLeft()

*Description*
Sets the horizontal alignment attribute to "left" or clears the attribute if it was set to "left" before.
2.16.4 **AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AlignHorizontalRight**

*Declaration:* AlignHorizontalRight()

*Description*
Sets the horizontal alignment attribute to "right" or clears the attribute if it was set to "right" before.
2.16.5 **AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AlignVerticalBottom**

*Declaration:*

`AlignVerticalBottom()`

*Description*

Sets the vertical alignment attribute to "bottom", or clears the attribute if it was set to "bottom" before.
2.16.6  **AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AlignVerticalCenter**

*Declaration:* AlignVerticalCenter()

*Description*
Sets the vertical alignment attribute to "center", or clears the attribute if it was set to "center" before.
2.16.7 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AlignVerticalTop

Declaration: AlignVerticalTop()

Description
Sets the vertical alignment attribute to "top", or clears the attribute if it was set to "top" before.
2.16.8 **AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AppendCol**

*Declaration:* AppendCol()

*Description*
Appends a column to the current table.
2.16.9 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.AppendRow

Declaration: AppendRow()

Description
Appends a row to the current table.
2.16.10 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.Delete

*Declaration:* Delete()

*Description*
If the user confirmed the dialog the method deletes the currently selected table.
2.16.11 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.DeleteCol

Declaration: DeleteCol()

Description
The method deletes the currently selected column.
If there is only one column left and the user confirmed the dialog, the complete table is deleted.
2.16.12 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.DeleteRow

Declaration: DeleteRow()

Description
The method deletes the currently selected row.
If there is only one row left and the user confirmed the dialog, the complete table is deleted.
2.16.13 AuthenticXMLTableCommands>EditProperties

*Declaration:* EditProperties()

*Description*
Displays the properties dialog for the selected table/cell.
2.16.14 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.Insert

Declaration: Insert()

Description
Displays a dialog and inserts a new table into the existing XML.
2.16.15 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.InsertCol

Declaration: InsertCol()

Description
Inserts a new column before the currently selected column.
2.16.16 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.InsertRow

Declaration: InsertRow()

Description
Inserts a row before the currently selected row.
2.16.17 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.JoinDown

Declaration: JoinDown()

Description
Joins the current cell to the cell immediately below it.
2.16.18 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.JoinLeft

*Declaration*: `JoinLeft()`

*Description*
Joins the current cell with the cell immediately to its left.
2.16.19 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.JoinRight

Declaration: JoinRight()

Description
Joins the current cell with the cell immediately to its right.
2.16.20 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.JoinUp

Declaration: JoinUp()

Description
Joins the current cell to the cell immediately above it.
2.16.21 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayAlignHorizontal

*Declaration:* `MayAlignHorizontal` as `Boolean`

*Description*
True if the attributes for horizontal alignment can be set for the current cell.
2.16.22 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayAlignVertical

**Declaration:** MayAlignVertical as Boolean

**Description**
True if the attributes for vertical alignment can be set for the current cell.
2.16.23 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayAppendCol

Declaration: MayAppendCol as Boolean

Description
True if a column can be appended.
2.16.24 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayAppendRow

*Declaration:* MayAppendRow as Boolean

*Description*
True if a row can be appended.
Enter topic text here.
2.16.25 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayDelete

*Declaration:* MayDelete as Boolean

*Description*
The property is true if a table is selected.
2.16.26 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayDeleteCol

Declaration: MayDeleteCol as Boolean

Description
True if the current column can be deleted.
2.16.27 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayDeleteRow

Declaration: MayDeleteRow as Boolean

Description
True if the current row can be deleted.
2.16.28 **AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayEditProperties**

*Declaration:* MayEditProperties as Boolean

*Description*
The property is true if the properties dialog is available for the selected table/cell.
2.16.29 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayInsert

Declaration: MayInsert as Boolean

Description
The property is true if the insertion of a new table is possible at the current selection.
2.16.30 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayInsertCol

**Declaration:** MayInsertCol as Boolean

**Description**
True if a column can be inserted.
2.16.31 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayInsertRow

Declaration: MayInsertRow as Boolean

Description
True if a row can be inserted.
2.16.32 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayJoinDown

Declaration: MayJoinDown as Boolean

Description
The property is true if the join down operation is possible for the currently selected cell.
2.16.33 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayJoinLeft

Declaration: MayJoinLeft as Boolean

Description
The property is true if the join left operation is possible for the currently selected cell.
2.16.34 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayJoinRight

Declaration: MayJoinRight as Boolean

Description
The property is true if the join right operation is possible for the currently selected cell.
2.16.35 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MayJoinUp

Declaration: MayJoinUp as Boolean

Description
The property is true if the join up operation is possible for the currently selected cell.
2.16.36 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MaySplitHorizontal

Declaration: MaySplitHorizontal as Boolean

Description
True if the current cell can be splitted horizontally.
2.16.37 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.MaySplitVertical

Declaration: MaySplitVertical as Boolean

Description
True if the current cell can be splitted vertically.
2.16.38 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.SplitHorizontal

Declaration: SplitHorizontal()

Description
The method splits the current cell horizontally.
2.16.39 AuthenticXMLTableCommands.SplitVertical

Declaration: SplitVertical()

Description
The method splits the current cell vertically.
2.17 XMLData

See also

Methods
- InsertChild
- AppendChild
- EraseAllChildren
- EraseCurrentChild
- GetCurrentChild
- GetFirstChild
- GetNextChild
- GetChild
- GetChildKind
- IsSameNode
- HasChildrenKind
- CountChildren
- CountChildrenKind

Properties
- Name
- TextValue
- HasChildren
- MayHaveChildren
- Kind
- Parent

Description
You can use the XMLData interface to manipulate the content of the currently displayed XML. This interface is a lightweight COM counterpart of the implementation used inside the plug-in and XMLSpy itself.

To create a new XMLData object use the CreateChild() method of the plug-in interface.
### 2.17.1 `XMLData.AppendChild`

See also

**Declaration:** `AppendChild(pNewData as XMLData)`

**Description**

`AppendChild` appends `pNewData` as last child to the `XMLData` object. See also "Using `XMLData`".

**Example**

```vba
Dim objCurrentParent
Dim objNewChild

Set objNewChild = objPlugIn.CreateChild(spyXMLElement)
Set objCurrentParent = objPlugIn.XMLRoot

objCurrentParent.AppendChild objNewChild

Set objNewChild = Nothing
```
2.17.2  XMLData.CountChildren

See also

Declaration: CountChildren as long

Description
CountChildren gets the number of children.

Available with TypeLibrary version 1.6

Errors
1500  The XMLData object is no longer valid.
2.17.3 XMLData.CountChildrenKind

See also

_Declaration:_ CountChildrenKind \( (n\text{Kind} \text{as SPYXMLDataKind}) \text{ as long} \)

_Description_
CountChildrenKind gets the number of children of the specific kind.

Available with TypeLibrary version 1.6

_Errors_
1500 The XMLData object is no longer valid.
2.17.4  XMLData.EraseAllChildren

See also

*Declaration*: EraseAllChildren

*Description*
EraseAllChildren deletes all associated children of the XMLData object.

*Example*

The sample erases all elements of the active document.

```vba
Dim objCurrentParent

Set objCurrentParent = objPlugIn.XMLRoot
objCurrentParent.EraseAllChildren
```
2.17.5 XMLData.EraseChild

Method: EraseChild (Child node and new node as XMLData)

Description
Deletes the given child node.

Errors
- 1500  Invalid object.
- 1506  Invalid input xml
- 1510  Invalid parameter.
2.17.6 **XMLData.EraseCurrentChild**

**See also**

*Declaration: EraseCurrentChild*

**Description**

EraseCurrentChild deletes the current XMLData child object. Before you call EraseCurrentChild you must initialize an internal iterator with `XMLData.GetFirstChild`.

**Example**

This JavaScript example deletes all elements with the name "EraseMe". The code shows you, that it is possible to call EraseCurrentChild and GetNextChild inside the same loop to continue stepping through the child elements.

```javascript
function DeleteXMLElements(objXMLData)
{
    if(objXMLData == null)
        return;

    if(objXMLData.HasChildren) {
        var objChild;
        objChild = objXMLData.GetFirstChild(-1);

        while(objChild) {
            DeleteXMLElements(objChild);

            try {
                if(objChild.Name == "EraseMe")
                    objXMLData.EraseCurrentChild();

                objChild = objXMLData.GetNextChild();
            }
            catch(Err) {
                objChild = null;
            }
        }
    }
}
```
2.17.7 XMLData.GetChild

See also

Declaration: `GetChild(position as long) as XMLData`

Return Value
Returns an XML element as XMLData object.

Description
`GetChild()` returns a reference to the child at the given index (zero-based).

Available with TypeLibrary version 1.6

Errors
- 1500 The XMLData object is no longer valid.
- 1510 Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.17.8 XMLData.GetChildAttribute

Method: GetChildAttribute (Name as string) as XMLData object (NULL on error)

Description
Retrieves the attribute having the given name.

Errors
- 1500 Invalid object.
- 1510 Invalid parameter.
2.17.9  **XMLData.GetChildElement**

*Method:* GetChildElement (Name as string, position as integer) as XMLData object (NULL on error)

**Description**
Retrieves the Nth child element with the given name.

**Errors**
- 1500  Invalid object.
- 1510  Invalid parameter.
2.17.10 XMLData.GetChildKind

See also

*Declaration:* `GetChildKind(position as long, nKind as SPRyXMLDataKind) as XMLData`

Return Value
Returns an XML element as XMLData object.

Description
GetChildKind() returns a reference to a child of this kind at the given index (zero-based). The position parameter is relative to the number of children of the specified kind and not to all children of the object.

Available with TypeLibrary version 1.6

*Errors*
- 1500  The XMLData object is no longer valid.
- 1510  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.17.11 XMLData.GetCurrentChild

See also

*Declaration:* GetCurrentChild as XMLData

**Return Value**
Returns an xml element as XMLData object.

**Description**
GetCurrentChild gets the current child. Before you call GetCurrentChild you must initialize an internal iterator with XMLData.GetFirstChild.
2.17.12 XMLData.GetFirstChild

See also

*Declaration:* GetFirstChild(nKind as SPYXMLDataKind) as XMLData

**Return Value**
Returns an xml element as XMLData object.

**Description**
GetFirstChild initializes a new iterator and returns the first child. Set nKind = -1 to get an iterator for all kinds of children.

**Example**

See the example at XMLData.GetNextChild.
2.17.13 XMLData.GetNamespacePrefixForURI

*Method:* `GetNamespacePrefixForURI` (URI as string) Prefix as string

**Description**
Returns the namespace prefix of the supplied URI.

**Errors**
- 1500  Invalid object.
- 1510  Invalid parameter.
2.17.14 XMLData.GetNextChild

See also

*Declaration:* `GetNextChild` as `XMLData`

**Return Value**
Returns an xml element as XMLData object.

**Description**
GetNextChild steps to the next child of this element. Before you call GetNextChild you must initialize an internal iterator with `XMLData.GetFirstChild`.

Check for the last child of the element as shown in the sample below.

**Example**

```vbscript
On Error Resume Next
Set objParent = objPlugIn.XMLRoot

' get elements of all kinds
Set objCurrentChild = objParent.GetFirstChild(-1)

Do
  ' do something useful with the child

  ' step to next child
  Set objCurrentChild = objParent.GetNextChild
Loop Until (Err.Number - vbObjectError = 1503)
```
2.17.15 XMLData.GetTextValueXMLDecoded

Method: GetTextValueXMLDecoded as string

Description
Gets the decoded text value of the XML.

Errors
- 1500  Invalid object.
- 1510  Invalid parameter.
2.17.16 XMLData.HasChildren

See also

Declaration: HasChildren as Boolean

Description
The property is true, if the object is parent of other XMLData objects.

This property is read-only.
2.17.17 XMLData.HasChildrenKind

See also

Declaration: HasChildrenKind (nKind as SPYXMLDataKind) as Boolean

Description
The method returns true if the object is the parent of other XMLData objects of the specific kind.

Available with TypeLibrary version 1.6

Errors

- 1500  The XMLData object is no longer valid.
- 1510  Invalid address for the return parameter was specified.
2.17.18 XMLData.InsertChild

See also

Declaration: InsertChild(pNewData as XMLData)

Description
InsertChild inserts the new child before the current child (see also XMLData.GetFirstChild, XMLData.GetNextChild to set the current child).
2.17.19 XMLData.InsertChildAfter

**Method:** XMLData.InsertChildAfter (Child node and new node as XMLData)

**Description**
Inserts a new XML node after the given node.

**Errors**
- 1500  Invalid object.
- 1506  Invalid input xml
- 1507  No children allowed
- 1510  Invalid parameter.
- 1512  Child is already added
- 1514  Invalid kind at position
2.17.20 XMLData.InsertChildBefore

*Method:* InsertChildBefore (Child node and new node as XMLData)

**Description**
Inserts a new XML node before the given node.

**Errors**
- 1500  Invalid object.
- 1506  Invalid input xml
- 1507  No children allowed
- 1510  Invalid parameter.
- 1512  Child is already added
- 1514  Invalid kind at position
2.17.21 XMLData.IsSameNode

See also

**Declaration:** IsSameNode(pNodeToCompare as XMLData) as Boolean

**Description**
Returns true if pNodeToCompare references to the same node as the object itself.
2.17.22 XMLData.Kind

See also

*Declaration:* Kind as SPYXMLDataKind

*Description*
Kind of this XMLData object.

This property is read-only.
2.17.23 XMLData.MayHaveChildren

See also

Declaration: MayHaveChildren as Boolean

Description
Tells if it is allowed to add children to this XMLData object.

This property is read-only.
2.17.24 XMLData.Name

See also

*Declaration*: Name as String

*Description*
Used to modify and to get the name of the XMLData object.
2.17.25 XMLData.Parent

See also

Declaration: Parent as XMLData

Return value
Parent as XMLData object.
Nothing (or NULL) if there is no parent element.

Description
Parent of this element.

This property is read-only.
2.17.26 XMLData.SetTextValueXMLDecoded

*Method:* `SetTextValueXMLDecoded` (string value)

**Description**
Sets the encoded text value of the XML.

**Errors**
- 1500 Invalid object.
- 1513 Modification not allowed.
2.17.27 XMLData.TextValue

See also

*Declaration:* TextValue as String

*Description*
Used to modify and to get the text value of this XMLData object. See also "Using XMLData".
3 Enumerations

This section contains a listing and description of Authentic Browser enumerations.
3.1 SPYAuthenticActions

Description
Actions that can be performed on AuthenticRange objects.

Possible values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enum Name</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>spyAuthenticInsertAt</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>spyAuthenticApply</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>spyAuthenticClearSurr</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>spyAuthenticAppend</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>spyAuthenticInsertBefore</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>spyAuthenticRemove</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2 SPYAuthenticCommand

Description
Enumeration of all available commands.

Possible values:

// CommandGroupMain
k_CommandSeparator = 0
k_CommandSave = 1
k_CommandPrint = 2
k_CommandPrintPreview = 3
k_CommandValidate = 4
k_CommandUndo = 5
k_CommandRedo = 6

// CommandGroupEdit
k_CommandEditCut = 7
k_CommandEditCopy = 8
k_CommandEditPaste = 9
k_CommandEditFind = 10
k_CommandEditRepeat = 11
k_CommandEditReplace = 12

// CommandGroupMarkup
k_CommandMarkupHide = 13
k_CommandMarkupLarge = 14

// CommandGroupRow
k_CommandRowAppend = 15
k_CommandRowInsert = 16
k_CommandRowDuplicate = 17
k_CommandRowMoveUp = 18
k_CommandRowMoveDown = 19
k_CommandRowDelete = 20

// CommandGroupXMLTables
k_CommandXMLTableInsert = 21
k_CommandXMLTableDelete = 22
k_CommandXMLTableAppendRow = 23
k_CommandXMLTableInsertRow = 24
k_CommandXMLTableDeleteRow = 25
k_CommandXMLTableAppendCol = 26
k_CommandXMLTableInsertCol = 27
k_CommandXMLTableDeleteCol = 28
k_CommandXMLTableJoinRight = 29
k_CommandXMLTableJoinLeft = 30
k_CommandXMLTableJoinUp = 31
k_CommandXMLTableJoinDown = 32
k_CommandXMLTableSplitHorz = 33
k_CommandXMLTableSplitVert = 34
k_CommandXMLTableVAlignTop = 35
k_CommandXMLTableVAlignCenter = 36
k_CommandXMLTableVAlignBottom = 37
k_CommandXMLTableAlignLeft = 38
k_CommandXMLTableAlignCenter = 39
k_CommandXMLTableAlignRight = 40
k_CommandXMLTableAlignJustify = 41
k_CommandXMLTableEditProperties = 42

// since TypeLib 1.2
k_CommandCheckSpelling = 43
k_CommandAbout = 44
k_CommandPackageManagement = 45
3.3  **SPYAuthenticCommandGroup**

**Description**
Groups to which a command can belong.

**Possible values:**

- `k_CommandGroupMain` = 0
- `k_CommandGroupEdit` = 1
- `k_CommandGroupMarkup` = 2
- `k_CommandGroupRow` = 3
- `k_CommandGroupXMLTables` = 4
3.4 **SPYAuthenticDocumentPosition**

**Description**
Relative and absolute positions used for navigating with `AuthenticRange` objects.

*Possible values:*

- `spyAuthenticDocumentBegin` = 0
- `spyAuthenticDocumentEnd` = 1
- `spyAuthenticRangeBegin` = 2
- `spyAuthenticRangeEnd` = 3
3.5 SPYAuthenticateElementActions

Description
Actions that can be used with GetAllowedElements.

Possible values:

- k_ActionInsertAt = 0
- k_ActionApply = 1
- k_ActionClearSurr = 2
- k_ActionAppend = 3
- k_ActionInsertBefore = 4
- k_ActionRemove = 5
3.6 **SPYAuthenticElementKind**

**Description**
Enumeration of the different kinds of elements used for navigation and selection within the `AuthenticRange` and `AuthenticView` objects.

**Possible values:**
- `spyAuthenticChar` = 0
- `spyAuthenticWord` = 1
- `spyAuthenticLine` = 3
- `spyAuthenticParagraph` = 4
- `spyAuthenticTag` = 6
- `spyAuthenticDocument` = 8
- `spyAuthenticTable` = 9
- `spyAuthenticTableRow` = 10
- `spyAuthenticTableColumn` = 11
3.7 SPYAuthenticEntryHelperWindows

Description
Identification of the available entry helper windows.

Possible values:
- k_Elements = 1
- k_Attributes = 2
- k_Entities = 4
3.8 SPYAuthenticMarkupVisibility

Description
Enumeration values to customize the visibility of markup.

Possible values:
spyAuthenticMarkupHidden = 0
spyAuthenticMarkupSmall = 1
spyAuthenticMarkupLarge = 2
spyAuthenticMarkupMixed = 3
3.9 SPYAuthenticToolbarAlignment

Description
Values to specify toolbar alignment.

Possible values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>k_ToolbarAlignTop</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k_ToolbarAlignLeft</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k_ToolbarAlignBottom</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k_ToolbarAlignRight</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.10 SPYAuthenticToolbarButtonState

Description
Authentic toolbar button states are given by the following enumeration:

Possible values:
- authenticToolbarButtonDefault = 0
- authenticToolbarButtonEnabled = 1
- authenticToolbarButtonDisabled = 2
3.11 SPYXMLDataKind

Description
The different types of XMLData elements available for XML documents.

Possible values:

spyXMLDataXMLDocStruct = 0
spyXMLDataXMLEntityDocStruct = 1
spyXMLDataDTDDocStruct = 2
spyXMLDataXML = 3
spyXMLDataElement = 4
spyXMLDataAttr = 5
spyXMLDataText = 6
spyXMLDataCData = 7
spyXMLDataComment = 8
spyXMLDataP = 9
spyXMLDataDefDoctype = 10
spyXMLDataDefExternalID = 11
spyXMLDataDefElement = 12
spyXMLDataDefAttlist = 13
spyXMLDataDefEntity = 14
spyXMLDataDefNotation = 15
spyXMLDataKindsCount = 16
Chapter 7

ASP.NET Web Applications
To ease deployment of Altova® Authentic® Browser Edition we provide an ASP.NET Server Control that completely integrates with Visual Studio .NET and allows ASP.NET developers to drag-and-drop Authentic Browser onto their web forms.

To use the ASP.NET Server Control

1. Download the ASP.NET Server Control for Authentic Browser Plug-in from the Altova website.
2. Start Visual Studio and register the assembly (the downloaded package) in Visual Studio .NET by adding it to the Toolbox. You could do this by selecting the Tools | Choose Toolbox Items command, and, in the Toolbox Items dialog, selecting the .NET Framework Components, and then browsing for the assembly (Altova:Authentic.WebControls.dll).
3. The AuthenticDocumentView control appears in the General pane of the Toolbox. Drag this control into the Design View and resize or modify as required. (The control will invoke Authentic Browser on the client-side web page.)
4. Add the plugin-related files (Schema, SPS, XML, image files, etc) to your project. One way to do this is to add a new folder to your Visual Studio project via Solution Explorer and add the plugin-related files to the new project folder. For each of these plugin-related files, set the following properties: Build Action = Content and Copy to Output Directory = Yes, when newer.
5. Set the following properties for the AuthenticDocumentView control: (i) Select the Trusted/Untrusted version; (ii) Add the SPS-related resources (SchemaDataURL, SPSDataURL, XMLDataURL); (iii) in the case of the Enterprise edition, add the license information.
6. For IIS version 7.0 or newer, add a static content handler for the SPS file. Do this by adding the following lines to your web.config file:

```xml
<system.webServer>
  <staticContent>
    <mimeMap fileExtension=".sps" mimeType="text/xml" />
  </staticContent>
</system.webServer>
```

Example ASP.NET project

An example ASP.NET web application project for Visual Studio 2008, called QuickStartAppl, has been included with the ASP.NET Server Control package. It is located in the Example folder of the unzipped package.
Chapter 8
License Information
License Information

This section contains information about:

the license agreement governing the use of this product

Please read this information carefully. It is binding upon you since you agreed to these terms when you installed this software product.

To view the terms of any Altova license, go to the [Altova Legal Information page](https://www.altova.com/legal.html) at the [Altova website](https://www.altova.com).
1  Altova End-User License Agreement for Authentic

- The Altova End-User License Agreement for Authentic is available here: https://www.altova.com/legal/authentic-eula
- Altova's Privacy Policy is available here: https://www.altova.com/privacy
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