Altova StyleVision Server

User and Reference Manual

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Published: 2013

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Chapter 1

Altova StyleVision Server

1 Altova StyleVision Server

StyleVision Server is an implementation of the StyleVision built-in execution engine. It operates as a module of FlowForce Server, and it is also available as a standalone server product. StyleVision Server executes transformation packages that have been deployed to a FlowForce Server. These transformations are initiated by FlowForce Server based on a variety of programmable time triggers, file triggers, or remote triggers. Additionally, StyleVision Server functionality can be invoked via the command line.

Installation and licensing
StyleVision Server is supported on the following operating systems:

- Windows Server 2003, 2008 R2, or newer
- Windows XP with Service Pack 3, Windows 7, Windows 8, or newer
- Linux (CentOS 6, Debian 6, and Ubuntu 12.10, or newer)
- Mac OS X 10.7 or newer

StyleVision Server is available for both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows machines.

1.1 Functionality

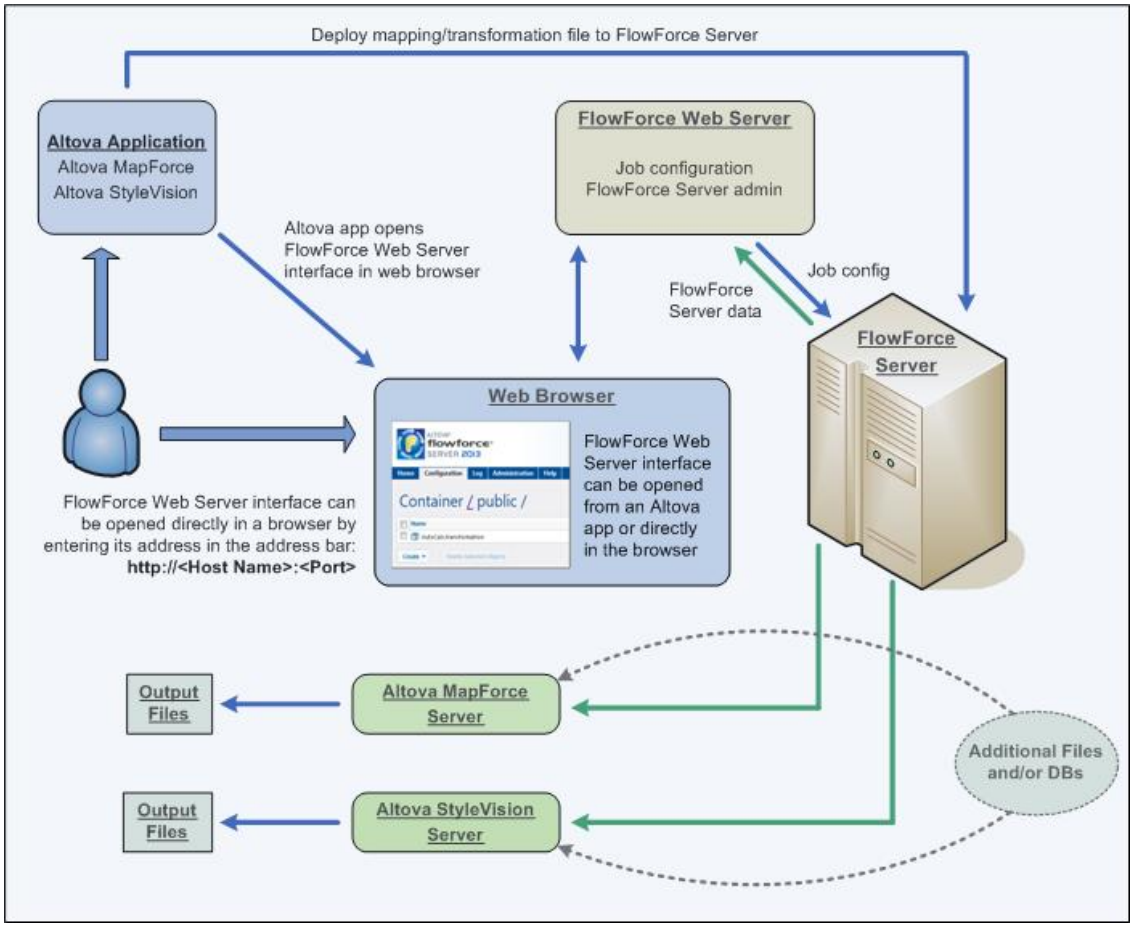
StyleVision Server transforms XML files into output HTML, PDF, RTF, and DOCX documents with the use of XSLT stylesheets. These XSLT stylesheets are obtained from PXF files that have been created in Altova StyleVision.

StyleVision Server can be used in two ways:

- As part of the Altova FlowForce workflow
- As a standalone server product that is accessed via the command line

StyleVision Server in the FlowForce workflow
A FlowForce job is created in Altova FlowForce Server. The FlowForce job specifies: (i) the inputs and outputs of a StyleVision Server transformation; and (ii) the triggers for when the job is to be executed, such as a specific time every day. At execution time, Altova FlowForce Server passes the transformation instructions to StyleVision Server, which then carries out the transformation.

The role of StyleVision Server in the FlowForce workflow is shown in the diagram below. (The role of MapForce Server in the workflow is also displayed since FlowForce jobs can be created that send Altova MapForce mappings to the Altova MapForce Server for execution.)



Additionally to being invoked by a FlowForce job, StyleVision Server can also be invoked via the

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command line. Usage is described in the section, Command Line Usage.

StyleVision Server as a standalone server product
StyleVision Server can be installed as a standalone product on Windows and Linux systems. In this version its functionality is invoked only via the command line. Usage is described in the section, Command Line Usage.

1.2 Installation on Windows

StyleVision Server can be installed on Windows systems in one of two ways:

- As part of the FlowForce Server installation package. Installing FlowForce Server (optionally) installs StyleVision Server as a component, but in a separate folder.
- As a separate standalone server product called StyleVision Server.

Both products, FlowForce Server and StyleVision Server, can be downloaded from the Altova website.

Installing Altova LicenseServer
In order for StyleVision Server to run, it must be licensed via an Altova LicenseServer on your network.

Altova LicenseServer will be downloaded and installed by default when you install either FlowForce Server or StyleVision Server on Windows systems. If an Altova LicenseServer is already installed on your network, you do not need to install another one. In this case, during the installation process of FlowForce Server or StyleVision Server, uncheck the option for installing Altova LicenseServer.

See the sections, Licensing on Windows and Licensing on Linux, for more information about how to register and license StyleVision Server with Altova LicenseServer.

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1.3 Installation on Linux

StyleVision Server can be installed on Linux systems (Debian, Ubuntu, CentOS).

Uninstalling old versions of StyleVision Server and LicenseServer
On the Linux command line interface (CLI), you can check whether StyleVision Server or LicenseServer is installed with the following command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:   dpkg --list | grep Altova
[CentOS]:           rpm -qa | grep server
```

If StyleVision Server is not installed, go ahead with the installation as documented in the next steps. If StyleVision Server is installed and you wish to install a newer version of StyleVision Server, uninstall the old version with the command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:   sudo dpkg --remove stylevisionserver
[CentOS]:           sudo rpm -e stylevisionserver
```

If you need to uninstall an old version of Altova LicenseServer, do this with the following command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:   sudo dpkg --remove licenseserver
[CentOS]:           sudo rpm -e licenseserver
```

Copying the Linux package
After downloading the Linux package from the Altova website, copy the package to any directory on the Linux system. Since you will need an Altova LicenseServer in order to run StyleVision Server, you may want to download LicenseServer from the Altova website at the same time as you download StyleVision Server, rather than download it at a later time.

Distribution	Installer extension
Debian	.deb
Ubuntu	.deb
CentOS	.rpm

Installing StyleVision Server
In a terminal window, switch to the directory where you have copied the Linux package. For example, if you copied it to a user directory called `MyAltova` (that is located, say, in the `/home/User` directory), then switch to this directory as follows:

```
cd /home/User/MyAltova
```

Install StyleVision Server with the following command:

```
[Debian]:   sudo dpkg --install stylevisionserver-2013-debian.deb
```

```
[Ubuntu]:   sudo dpkg --install stylevisionserver-2013-ubuntu.deb
[CentOS]:   sudo rpm -ivh stylevisionserver-2013-1.x86_64.rpm
```

The StyleVision Server package will be installed in the folder:

```
/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013
```

Installing Altova LicenseServer

In order for StyleVision Server to run, it must be licensed via an Altova LicenseServer on your network. On Linux systems, Altova LicenseServer will need to be installed separately. Download Altova LicenseServer from the Altova website and copy the package to any directory on the Linux system. Install it just like you did StyleVision Server (*see previous step*).

```
[Debian]:   sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.0-debian.deb
[Ubuntu]:   sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.0-ubuntu.deb
[CentOS]:   sudo rpm -ivh licenseserver-1.0-1.x86_64.rpm
```

The LicenseServer package will be installed in:

```
/opt/Altova/LicenseServer
```

For information about how to register StyleVision Server with Altova LicenseServer and license it, see the section, Licensing.

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1.4 Installation on Mac OS X

StyleVision Server can be installed on Mac OS X systems (version 10.7 or higher). Since you might need to uninstall a previous version, uninstalling is described first.

Uninstalling old versions of StyleVision Server and LicenseServer
In the Applications terminal, right-click the StyleVision Server icon and select **Move to Trash**. The application will be moved to Trash. You will, however, still need to remove the application from the `usr` folder. Do this with the command:

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/
```

If you need to uninstall an old version of Altova LicenseServer, first stop the service with the following command:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenserServer.plist
```

To check whether the service has been stopped, open the Activity Monitor terminal and make sure that LicenseServer is not in the list. Then proceed to uninstall in the same way as described above for StyleVisionServer.

Downloading the Mac OS X package
After downloading the MacOS X package from the Altova website, copy the package to any directory on the Mac OS X system. Since you will need an Altova LicenseServer in order to run StyleVision Server, you may want to download LicenseServer from the Altova website at the same time as you download StyleVision Server, rather than download it at a later time. The Mac OS X installer file has a `.pkg` file extension.

Installing StyleVision Server
In a terminal window, switch to the directory where you have copied the installer file, and double-click it. Go through the successive steps of the installer wizard. These are self-explanatory and include one step in which you have to agree to the license agreement before being able to proceed.

The StyleVision Server package will be installed in the folder:

```
/usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/
```

Clicking the StyleVision Server icon in the Application terminal pops up the onscreen help (this documentation).

Installing Altova LicenseServer
In order for StyleVision Server to run, it must be licensed via an Altova LicenseServer on your network. On Mac OS X systems, Altova LicenseServer will need to be installed separately.

Download Altova LicenseServer from the Altova website and double-click the installer package to start the installation. Follow the onscreen instructions. You will need to accept the license agreement for installation to proceed.

The LicenseServer package will be installed in the folder:

```
/usr/local/Altova/LicenseServer
```

For information about how to registerStyleVision Server with Altova LicenseServer and license it, see the section, Licensing.

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1.5 Licensing on Windows

To license StyleVision Server on Windows systems, you need to do the following:

1. If LicenseServer is not already running as a service, start it as a service. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.
2. Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer. Depending on whether you have installed StyleVision Server (i) as part of FlowForce, or (ii) as a standalone product, the method of registering StyleVision Server with LicenseServer will be different. Both methods are described below.
3. In the configuration page of LicenseServer, assign a license to StyleVision Server according to the number of cores on the StyleVision Server machine. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.

Note: Altova LicenseServer will be installed by default when you install either the Altova FlowForce Server product or Altova StyleVision Server product.

Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce
StyleVision Server is packaged with FlowForce Server, so when FlowForce Server is registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network, StyleVision Server will automatically also be registered with LicenseServer. How to register FlowForce Server is described in the FlowForce Server documentation.

After the registration, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.

Registering a standalone StyleVision Server
If you have installed StyleVision Server as a standalone package, you must register it with an Altova LicenseServer on your network and then license it from the Altova LicenseServer. You can register StyleVision Server via its command line interface (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
StyleVisionServer licenseserver [options] Server-Or-IP-Address
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.

Note on cores and licenses
StyleVision Server licensing is based on the number of cores available on the StyleVision Server machine. The number of cores licensed must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on the server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine. For example, if a server has eight cores, you must purchase at least an eight-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

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1.6 Licensing on Linux

To license StyleVision Server on Linux systems (Debian, Ubuntu, CentOS), do the following:

1. If LicenseServer is not already running as a service, start it as a service.
2. Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer.
3. In the configuration page of LicenseServer, assign a license to StyleVision Server according to the number of cores on the StyleVision Server machine. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.

Note: You must have both Altova StyleVision Server and Altova LicenseServer installed. See the section Installation on Linux for information about installing these packages.

Note: You must have administrator (root) privileges to be able to register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer.

Starting LicenseServer as a service

To correctly register and license StyleVision Server with LicenseServer, LicenseServer must be running as a service. Start LicenseServer as a service with the following command:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/licenseserver start
```

If at any time you need to stop LicenseServer, use:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/licenseserver stop
```

Registering StyleVision Server

Before licensing StyleVision Server from LicenseServer, StyleVision Server must be registered with LicenseServer. You can register StyleVision Server by using the `licenseserver` command of its CLI.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/bin/stylevisionserver licenseserver
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the StyleVision Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/bin
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.

Note on cores and licenses

StyleVision Server licensing is based on the number of cores available on the StyleVision Server machine. The number of cores licensed must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on the server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine. For example, if a server has eight cores, you must purchase at least an eight-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low

volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

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1.7 Licensing on Mac OS X

To license StyleVision Server on Mac OS X systems, do the following:

1. If LicenseServer is not already running as a service, start LicenseServer as a service.
2. Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer.
3. In the configuration page of LicenseServer, assign a license to StyleVision Server according to the number of cores on the StyleVision Server machine. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.

Note: You must have both StyleVision Server and Altova LicenseServer installed and running as services. See the section Installation on Mac OS X for information about installing these packages.

Note: You must have administrator (root) privileges to be able to registerStyleVision Server with LicenseServer.

Starting LicenseServer as a service
To correctly register and license StyleVision Server with LicenseServer, LicenseServer must be running as a service. Start LicenseServer as a service with the following command:

```
sudo launchctl load /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenserServer11.plist
```

If at any time you need to stop LicenseServer, use:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenserServer11.
plist
```

Registering StyleVision Server
Before assigning a license to StyleVision Server from LicenseServer, StyleVision Server must be registered with LicenseServer. You can register StyleVision Server by using the `licenseserver` command of its CLI.

```
sudo /usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/bin/StyleVisionServer
licenseserver localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the StyleVision Server executable is:

```
/usr/local/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/bin
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the Altova LicenseServer documentation.

Note on cores and licenses
StyleVision Server licensing is based on the number of cores available on the StyleVision

Server machine. The number of cores licensed must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on the server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine. For example, if a server has eight cores, you must purchase at least an eight-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

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1.8 Command Line Usage

This section describes the command line interface of StyleVision Server.

Default location on Windows
On Windows systems, the StyleVision Server executable (`StyleVisionServer.exe`) is located by default at:

```
<ProgramFilesFolder>\Altova\StyleVisionServer2013\bin\StyleVisionServer.exe
```

Default location on Linux
On Linux systems, the StyleVision Server executable (`Stylevisionserver`) is located by default at

```
/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/bin/stylevisionserver
```

where the first forward slash indicates the Root directory.

Usage
General command line syntax for `StyleVisionServer` is:

```
StyleVisionServer --h | --help | --version | <command> [options] [arguments]
```

where

`--h | --help`	Displays the help text.
`--version`	Displays the version of StyleVision Server.

Valid commands are listed below and are explained in the sub-sections of this section.

`help` *`COMMAND`*	Displays help for a specific command. For example: `help generate`
`exportresourcestrings`	Exports all application resource strings to an XML file.
`generate | gen`	Generates one or several documents.
`licenseserver`	Register StyleVision Server with the Altova LicenseServer on the local network.
`setdeflang | sdl`	Sets the default language.
`setfopath | sfp`	Selects an FO processor for subsequent PDF generation.

1.8.1 help

The **help** command takes a single argument: the name of the command for which help is required. It displays the correct syntax of the command and other information relevant to the correct execution of the command.

```
StyleVisionServer help Command
```

Note: On Linux systems, use an all-lowercase **stylevisionserver** to call the executable.

Example
Here's an example of the help command:

```
StyleVisionServer help generate
```

The command above contains one argument: the command generate, for which help is required. When the example command above is executed, it will display information about the generate command.

The --help option
Help information about a command is also available by using the --help option with that command. For example, using the --help option with the generate command, as follows:

```
StyleVisionServer generate --help
```

achieves the same result as does using the help command with an argument of generate:

```
StyleVisionServer help generate
```

In both cases, help information about the generate command is displayed.

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1.8.2 exportresourcestrings

The **exportresourcestrings** command outputs an XML file containing the resource strings of the StyleVision Server application. It takes two arguments: (i) the language of the resource strings in the output XML file, and (ii) the path and name of the output XML file. Allowed export languages (with their language codes in parentheses) are: English (en), German, (de), Spanish (es), and Japanese (ja).

```
StyleVisionServer exportresourcestrings LanguageCode XMLOutputFile
```

Note: On Linux systems, use an all-lowercase **stylevisionserver** to call the executable.

Arguments
The exportresourcestrings command takes the following arguments:

LanguageCode	Specifies the language of resource strings in the exported XML file. Supported languages are: en, de, es, ja
XMLOutputFile	Specifies the location and name of the exported XML file..

Example
Here's an example of the exportresourcestrings command:

```
StyleVisionServer exportresourcestrings de c:\Strings.xml
```

This command creates a file called Strings.xml at c:\ that contains all the resource strings of the StyleVision Server application in German.

Creating localized versions of StyleVision Server
You can create a localized version of StyleVision Server for any language of your choice. Four localized versions (English, German, Spanish, and Japanese) are already available in the c:\Program Files (x86)\Altova\StyleVisionServer2013\bin folder, and therefore do not to be created.

Create a localized version as follows:

1. Generate an XML file containing the resource strings by using the exportresourcestrings command (*see command syntax above*). The resource strings in this XML file will be one of the four supported languages: English (en), German (de), Spanish (es), or Japanese (ja), according to the argument used with the command.
2. Translate the resource strings from one of the four supported languages into the target language. The resource strings are the contents of the <string> elements in the XML file. Do not translate variables in curly brackets, such as {option} or {product}.
3. Contact Altova Support to generate a localized StyleVision Server DLL file from your translated XML file.
4. After you receive your localized DLL file from Altova Support, save the DLL in the c:

`\Program Files (x86)\Altova\StyleVisionServer2013\bin` folder. Your DLL file will have a name of the form `StyleVisionServer2013_lc.dll`. The `_lc` part of the name contains the language code. For example, in `StyleVisionServer2013_de.dll`, the `de` part is the language code for German (Deutsch).

5. Run the `setdeflang` command to set your localized DLL file as the StyleVision Server application to use. For the argument of the `setdeflang` command, use the language code that is part of the DLL name.

Note: Altova StyleVision Server is delivered with support for four languages: English, German, Spanish, and Japanese. So you do not need to create a localized version of these languages. To set any of these four languages as the default language, use StyleVision Server's `setdeflang` command.

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1.8.3 generate

The **generate** command (short form is **gen**) takes:

- an input XML file as a mandatory option, and
- an input PXF file as its argument.

It generates one or more output files (HTML, PDF, RTF, and/or DOCX) by transforming the input XML file using the XSLT document contained in the input PXF file. At least one output-creation option must be supplied.

```
StyleVisionServer generate | gen [options] --inputxml=Filename InputPXF
```

Note: On Linux systems, use an all-lowercase **stylevisionserver** to call the executable.

Example
Here's an example of the `generate` command in its simplest form:

```
StyleVisionServer generate --inputxml=Test.xml --html=Test.html Test.pxf
```

The command above contains the mandatory `--inputxml` option, the `InputPXF` argument (`Test.pxf`), and a minimum of one output-creation option (`--html`). If the output-creation option `--html` takes a relative path, as in the example, the output file's location will be relative to the folder in which the PXF file is.

Options
The options are listed below, in their short forms (first column) and long forms (second column), together with their descriptions. On the command line, one or two dashes can be used for both short and long forms.

`--xml`	`--inputxml`	The XML file to process. This option is mandatory. Form: `--inputxml=`*`Filename`*
`--p`	`--param`	Assigns a value to a parameter defined in the PXF file. Form: `--param=`*`ParamName:ParamValue`*. The `--param` switch must be used before each parameter.
`--html`	`--outhtml`	The output HTML file to create. Form: `--outhtml=`*`Filename`*
`--pdf`	`--outpdf`	The output PDF file to create. Form: `--outpdf=`*`Filename`*
`--rtf`	`--outrtf`	The output RTF file to create. Form: `--outrtf=`*`Filename`*
`--docx`	`--outdocx`	The output DOCX file to create. Form: `--outdocx=`*`Filename`*
`--v`	`--verbose`	The display of all messages can be turned on or off, respectively, with `--verbose=true` or `--verbose=false`. The default value is `false` if the option is not provided, but `true` if the option is provided without a value.
`--l`	`--lang`	The language used for displaying messages. Form: `--lang=`

		languagecode Languages supported on installation: `en`, `de`, `es`, `ja`
`--h`	`--help`	Displays the help text for the `generate` command.

Note: If the output-creation options (`--html` , `--pdf`, `--rtf`, `--docx`) are given a relative path, the output file's location will be relative to the folder in which the PXF file is.

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1.8.4 licenseserver

The `licenseserver` command specifies the name of the machine on the network running the Altova LicenseServer. Alternatively, you can specify the machine's IP address.

The `licenseserver` command registers StyleVision Server with LicenseServer. To do this successfully, the two servers must be connected on the network and LicenseServer must be running. Once StyleVision Server has been successfully registered with LicenseServer, you will receive a message to this effect. The message will also display the URL of the LicenseServer. You can now, on LicenseServer, assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the LicenseServer documentation.

```
StyleVisionServer licenseserver [options] Server-Or-IP-Address
```

Note: On Linux systems, use an all-lowercase **stylevisionserver** to call the executable.

Note: You must have administrator (root) privileges to be able to register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer.

Example
Here's an example of the `licenseserver` command in its simplest form:

```
StyleVisionServer licenseserver DOC.altova.com
```

The command above specifies that the machine named `DOC.altova.com` is the machine running Altova LicenseServer. If the LicenseServer is running on the user's machine, the following commands would also be valid:

```
StyleVisionServer licenseserver localhost
StyleVisionServer licenseserver 127.0.0.1
```

Options
The options are listed below, in their short forms (first column) and long forms (second column), together with their descriptions. On the command line, one or two dashes can be used for both short and long forms.

`--j`	`--json`	Prints the result of the registration attempt as a machine-parsable JSON object. Form: `--json=`*`true`*`|`*`false`*

1.8.5 setdeflang

The **setdeflang** command (short form is sdl) sets the default language of StyleVision Server. It takes a mandatory LanguageCode argument.

```
StyleVisionServer setdeflang | sdl LangaugeCode
```

Note: On Linux systems, use an all-lowercase **stylevisionserver** to call the executable.

Example
Here's an example of the setdeflang command:

```
StyleVisionServer setdeflang DE
```

The command above sets the default language for messages to German.

Supported languages
The table below lists the languages currently supported together with their language codes.

EN	English
DE	German
ES	Spanish
JA	Japanese

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1.8.6 setfopath

The `setfopath` command (short form is `sfp`) specifies the path to an Apache FOP processor other than that included in the StyleVision Server package. By default the Apache FOP processor that is included with StyleVision Server is used. If you wish to use another Apache FOP processor instance, use the `setfopath` command.

After an FO processor has been specified with the `setfopath` command, it is this processor that will be used when PDF is generated with subsequent `generate` commands. To change processors again, use the `setfopath` command again. To switch back to StyleVision Server's FOP processor, locate the FOP folder on your system and use this path as the argument of `setfopath`. On Windows systems, the FOP folder will be located under <*ProgramFilesFolder*>`\Altova\`; on Linux systems in a descendant folder of <*ProgramFilesFolder*>`\Altova\StyleVisionServer2013`.

```
StyleVisionServer setfopath | sfp [options] --path=Path | --pa=Path
```

Note: On Linux systems, use an all-lowercase **`stylevisionserver`** to call the executable.

Example
After running the `setfopath` command, you can use the `generate` command to generate a PDF output-file using the just-specified FO processor:

```
StyleVisionServer setfopath --path=C:\FOP\FOP.exe
StyleVisionServer generate --inputxml=Test.xml --pdf=Test.pdf Test.pxf
```

The commands above do the following:

1. The `setfopath` command specifies that the FO processor at the location **`C:\FOP\FOP.exe`** is to be used to generate PDF in subsequent PDF-generation commands.
2. The `generate` command generates a PDF file from the specified input XML and using transformation files contained in the PXF file. The FO processor specified in the previous command is used for generating the PDF.

Chapter 2

Altova LicenseServer

2 Altova LicenseServer

Altova LicenseServer (hereafter also called LicenseServer) provides a central location for the management of licenses for Altova products. Altova applications running in a network can have licenses assigned to them from the LicenseServer, thus giving administrators the flexibility to manage and monitor licenses.

Licensing process with Altova LicenseServer
To assign an Altova server product a license using Altova LicenseServer, you need to do the following:

1. Start LicenseServer.
2. Open the LicenseServer Configuration page, which is the administrator's interface with LicenseServer, on Windows or Linux.
3. Upload the license/s you have received from Altova to the license pool of your Altova LicenseServer. Do this in the License Pool tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page.
4. Register the Altova server product (FlowForce Server, MapForce Server, StyleVision Server, Register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server with LicenseServer) with LicenseServer. Depending on the product's type, the method of registering it with LicenseServer will be different: either via the product's GUI or its command line. See the documentation of your Altova server product for information about how to register it with LicenseServer.
5. In the Server Management tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page, assign a license to the Altova server product according to the number of cores on the product machine.

Licenses can thereafter be conveniently monitored and managed centrally with LicenseServer. See the Configuration Page Reference for available functionality.

About this documentation
This documentation is organized into the following parts:

- Introductory information about: network requirements; installation on Windows and Linux; and Altova ServiceController.
- How to Assign Licenses, which describes in a step-by-step way how to assign licenses with Altova LicenseServer.
- Configuration Page Reference: A description of the administrator's interface with LicenseServer.

Note:
The LicenseServer administration interface does not support SSL.

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2.1 Network Information

Altova LicenseServer must be installed on a server machine that is accessible by all clients running Altova products that require a license. Any firewall on both the client and server must allow the network traffic to and from the LicenseServer that is necessary for the LicenseServer to operate correctly.

On the LicenseServer, **port 35355** is used to distribute licenses, and therefore it must be open for network traffic with client machines.

The following are the default networking parameters and requirements of LicenseServer:

- *For LicenseServer license distribution:*
  Either one or both of
  IPv4 TCP connection on port 35355
  IPv6 TCP connection on port 35355

For administrative tasks, The LicenseServer is accessed by a web interface that uses port 8088. The port used can be configured to suit your requirements.

Connection to the Master Licensing Server at altova.com
The Altova LicenseServer needs to be able to communicate with the Master Licensing Server at `altova.com` to validate and authenticate license-related data and to ensure continuous compliance with the Altova license agreements. If the Altova LicenseServer is unable to connect with the `altova.com` Master Licensing Servers for a duration of more than 5 days (= 120 hours), then the Altova LicenseServer will no longer permit the usage of any Altova software products connected to the Altova LicenseServer.

Any such loss of connection with the `altova.com` master servers will be logged in the Messages tab of the Configuration page of the Altova LicenseServer. In addition, the administrator can configure the Altova LicenseServer to automatically send an alert email when the connection to `altova.com` is lost. Alert Mail settings are available in the Settings tab of the Configuration page.

2.2 Installation (Windows)

Altova LicenseServer can be installed on Windows systems in one of two ways:

- As an independent installation.
- As part of an Altova server product installation. (Altova server products are: Altova FlowForce Server, Altova MapForce Server, and Altova SyleVision Server.)

If LicenseServer is not installed on your system at the time an Altova server product is installed, the option to install LicenseServer is selected by default during installation setup. If LicenseServer is already installed, the option to install it is deselected by default. You can change the default option if you like.

Note: If you wish to re-install Altova LicenseServer, you must first de-install the older version.

For information about how to proceed with assigning licenses, see the section How to Assign Licenses.

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2.3 Installation (Linux)

Altova LicenseServer can be installed on Linux systems (Debian, Ubuntu, RedHat, CentOS).

Uninstalling old versions of LicenseServer
On the Linux command line interface (CLI), you can check whether LicenseServer is installed with the following command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:   dpkg --list | grep Altova
[CentOS]:           rpm -qa | grep server
```

If LicenseServer is not installed, go ahead with the installation as documented in the next steps. If LicenseServer is installed and you wish to install a newer version of it, uninstall the old version with the command:

```
[Debian, Ubuntu]:   sudo dpkg --remove licenseserver
[CentOS]:           sudo rpm -e licenseserver
```

Installing Altova LicenseServer
On Linux systems, LicenseServer must be installed independently of other Altova server products. It is not included as part of the installation packages of Altova server products. Download Altova LicenseServer from the Altova website and copy the package to any directory on the Linux system.

Distribution	Installer extension
Debian	`.deb`
Ubuntu	`.deb`
CentOS	`.rpm`

In a terminal window, switch to the directory where you have copied the Linux package. For example, if you copied it to a user directory called `MyAltova` (that is located, say, in the `/home/User` directory), then switch to this directory as follows:

```
cd /home/User/MyAltova
```

Install LicenseServer with the following command:

```
[Debian]:           sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.1-debian.deb
[Ubuntu]:           sudo dpkg --install licenseserver-1.1-ubuntu.deb
[CentOS]:           sudo rpm -ivh licenseserver-1.1-1.x86_64.rpm
```

The LicenseServer package will be installed in:

```
/opt/Altova/LicenseServer
```

For information about how to proceed with assigning licenses, see the section How to Assign Licenses.

2.4 Installation (Mac OS X)

Altova LicenseServer can be installed on Mac OS X systems (version 10.7 or higher). Since you might need to uninstall a previous version, uninstalling is described first.

Uninstalling old versions of LicenseServer
Before uninstalling LicenseServer, stop the service with the following command:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenserServer.plist
```

To check whether the service has been stopped, open the Activity Monitor terminal and make sure that LicenseServer is not in the list.

In the Applications terminal, right-click the LicenseServer icon and select **Move to Trash**. The application will be moved to Trash. You will, however, still need to remove the application from the `usr` folder. Do this with the command:

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/Altova/LicenseServer
```

Installing Altova LicenseServer
Download Altova LicenseServer from the Altova website (the installer file has a `.pkg` file extension), and double-click the installer package to start the installation. Follow the on-screen instructions. You will need to accept the license agreement for installation to proceed.

The LicenseServer package will be installed in the folder:

```
/usr/local/Altova/LicenseServer
```


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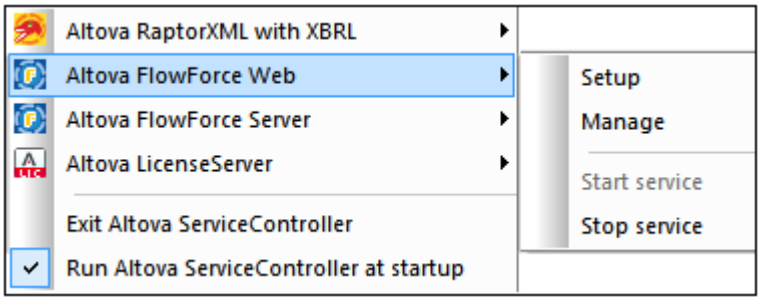
2.5 Altova ServiceController

The Altova ServiceController (hereafter also called ServiceController) is an application for conveniently starting, stopping and configuring Altova services **on Windows systems**. It is not available on Linux systems.

Altova ServiceController is installed with Altova LicenseServer, and can be started by clicking its command in the Altova LicenseServer folder of the **Start** menu. After the ServiceController has been started, it can be accessed via the system tray (*screenshot below*).

To run the ServiceController after logging in to the system, click the ServiceController icon in the system tray to pop up the ServiceController menu (*screenshot below*), and then toggle on the command **Run Altova ServiceController at Startup**. (This command is toggled on by default.) To exit ServiceController, click the ServiceController icon in the system tray and, in the menu that pops up (*see screenshot below*), click **Exit Altova ServiceController**.



Starting and stopping Altova services
Each installed Altova service component will have an entry in the ServiceController menu (*see screenshot above*). An Altova service can be started or stopped via a command in its ServiceController sub-menu. Additionally, important administration tasks of individual services can be accessed via the ServiceController menu. In the screenshot above, for example, the Altova FlowForce Web service has a sub-menu in which you can choose to access its Setup page.

2.6 How to Assign Licenses

To assign an Altova server product a license using Altova LicenseServer, you need to do the following:

1. Start LicenseServer.
2. Open the LicenseServer Configuration page, which is the administrator's interface with LicenseServer, on Windows or Linux.
3. Upload the license/s you have received from Altova to the license pool of your Altova LicenseServer. Do this in the License Pool tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page.
4. Register the Altova server product (FlowForce Server, MapForce Server, StyleVision Server) with LicenseServer. Depending on the product's type, the method of registering it with LicenseServer will be different: either via the product's GUI or its command line. See the documentation of your Altova server product for information about how to register it with LicenseServer.
5. In the Server Management tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page, assign a license to the Altova server product according to the number of cores on the product machine.

Note on cores and licenses
The licensing of Altova server products is based on the number of processor cores available on the product machine. For example, a dual-core processor has two cores, a quad-core processor four cores, a hexa-core processor six cores, and so on. The number of cores licensed for a product on a particular server machine must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on that server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine.

For example, if a server has eight cores (an octa-core processor), you must purchase at least an 8-core license. You can also combine licenses to achieve the core count. So, two 4-core licenses can also be used for an octa-core server instead of an 8-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

Note: Each license can be used for only one client machine at a time, even if it has unused licensing capacity. For example, if a 10-core license is used for a client machine that has 6 CPU cores, then the remaining 4 cores of the license cannot be used simultaneously for another client machine.

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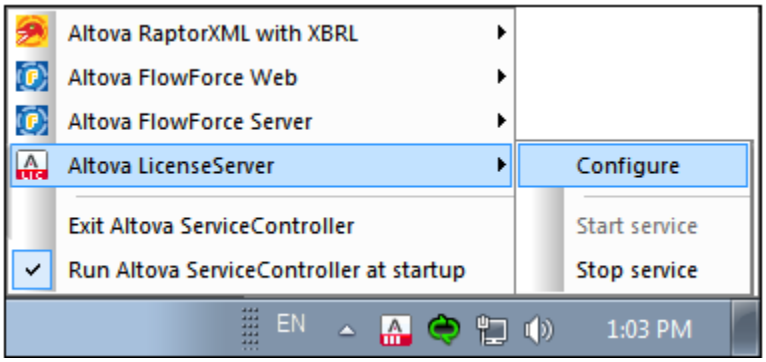
2.6.1 Start LicenseServer

This section:

- How to start LicenseServer on Windows systems
- How to start LicenseServer on Linux systems
- How to start LicenseServer on Mac OS X systems
- Note about Connection to altova.com

Windows systems
You can start LicenseServer via the Altova ServiceController, which is available in the system tray. (Click **Start | All Programs | Altova LicenseServer | Altova ServiceController** to start Altova ServiceController and display its icon in the system tray. If you select the *Run Altova ServiceController at Startup* option (*see screenshot below*), Altova ServiceController will start up on system start and its icon will be available in the system tray from then onwards.)

To start LicenseServer, click the Altova ServiceController icon in the system tray, mouse over **Altova LicenseServer** in the menu that pops up (*see screenshot below*), and then select **Start Service** from the LicenseServer submenu. If LicenseServer is already running, the *Start Service* option will be disabled.



Linux systems
To start LicenseServer as a service on Linux systems, run the following command in a terminal window.

```
[Debian]:          sudo /etc/init.d/licenseserver start

[Ubuntu]:          sudo initctl start licenseserver

[CentOS]:          sudo initctl start licenseserver
```

(If you need to stop LicenseServer, replace **`start`** with **`stop`** in the above command)

Starting LicenseServer as a service
To start LicenseServer as a service on Mac OS X systems, run the following command in a terminal window:

```
sudo launchctl load /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenserServer11.plist
```

If at any time you need to stop LicenseServer, use:

```
sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.altova.LicenserServer11.
plist
```

Connection to the Master Licensing Server at altova.com
The Altova LicenseServer needs to be able to communicate with the Master Licensing Server at `altova.com` to validate and authenticate license-related data and to ensure continuous compliance with the Altova license agreements. If the Altova LicenseServer is unable to connect with the `altova.com` Master Licensing Servers for a duration of more than 5 days (= 120 hours), then the Altova LicenseServer will no longer permit the usage of any Altova software products connected to the Altova LicenseServer.

Any such loss of connection with the `altova.com` master servers will be logged in the Messages tab of the Configuration page of the Altova LicenseServer. In addition, the administrator can configure the Altova LicenseServer to automatically send an alert email when the connection to `altova.com` is lost. Alert Mail settings are available in the Settings tab of the Configuration page.

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2.6.2 Open LicenseServer Config Page (Windows)

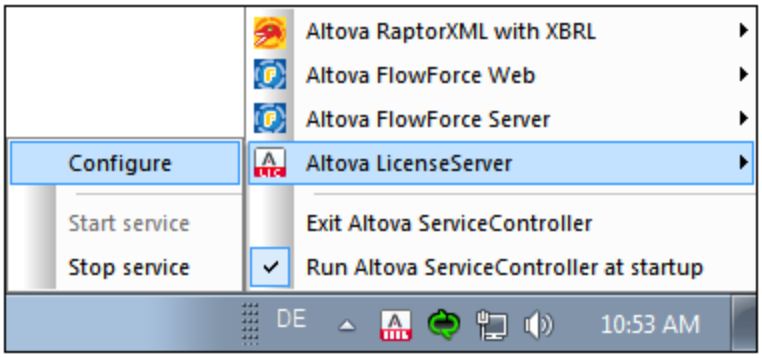
This section:

- Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on the same machine
- Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on another machine
- Logging in with the initial password
- Setting a fixed port for the Configuration page

Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on the same machine
On Windows systems, if LicenseServer is on the same machine, you can open the Configuration page of LicenseServer in one of two ways:

- Click **Start | All Programs | Altova LicenseServer | LicenseServer Configuration Page**. The Configuration page opens in a new tab of your Internet browser.

- Click the Altova ServiceController icon in the system tray, mouse over **Altova LicenseServer** in the menu that pops up (*see screenshot below*), and then select **Configure** from the LicenseServer submenu.



The Configuration page opens in a new browser window, and its login mask is displayed (*screenshot below*).

Opening the Configuration page if LicenseServer is on another machine
To open the LicenseServer Configuration page from some other Windows machine on the local network (than that on which LicenseServer is installed), enter the URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page in the address bar of a browser and press **Enter**. By default, the URL of the Configuration page will be:

```
http://<serverIPAddressOrName>:8088/
```

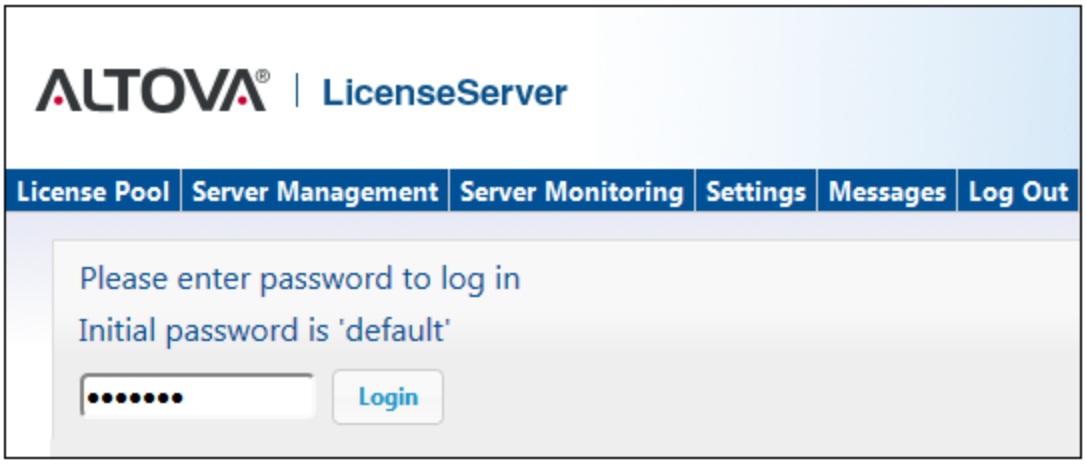
The URL is present in the HTML code of the Configuration page itself, which is named **`WebUI.html`** and is located at:

```
C:/ProgramData/Altova/LicenseServer/WebUI.html
```

If you have set the URL of the Configuration page to be generated dynamically (in the Settings tab of the Configuration page), then a new URL is generated each time LicenseServer is started. You will need to check the current version of **`WebUI.html`** to find out the current URL of the Configuration page.

The dynamically generated URL in **`WebUI.html`** will have a form something like: `http://127.0.0.1:55541/optionally-an-additional-string`, and it is located in the function `checkIfServiceRunning()`in a script near the end of the `<head>` element. While the port number in the URL is dynamically assigned, the IP address part identifies the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. If you wish to access the LicenseServer Configuration page from another machine, make sure that the IP address part of the URL has the correct IP address or name of the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. For example, the URL could be something like: `http://MyServer:55541`.

Logging in with the initial password
After going through the steps above, the Configuration page is opened with the login mask displayed (*screenshot below*). You can log in with the initial password of `default`. After you have logged in, you can change your password in the Settings tab.



Setting a fixed or dynamic port for the Configuration page
The port of the Configuration page (and consequently its address) can be specified in the Settings page. By default the port is `8088`. You can set any other port you want for the LicenseServer Configuration page (*see screenshot below*). Alternatively, you allow the port to be selected dynamically each time LicenseServer starts up. In this case, you will need to find out the URL of the Configuration page from the file `WebUI.html` (see Open LicenseServer Config Page (Windows) and Open LicenseServer Config Page (Linux)).

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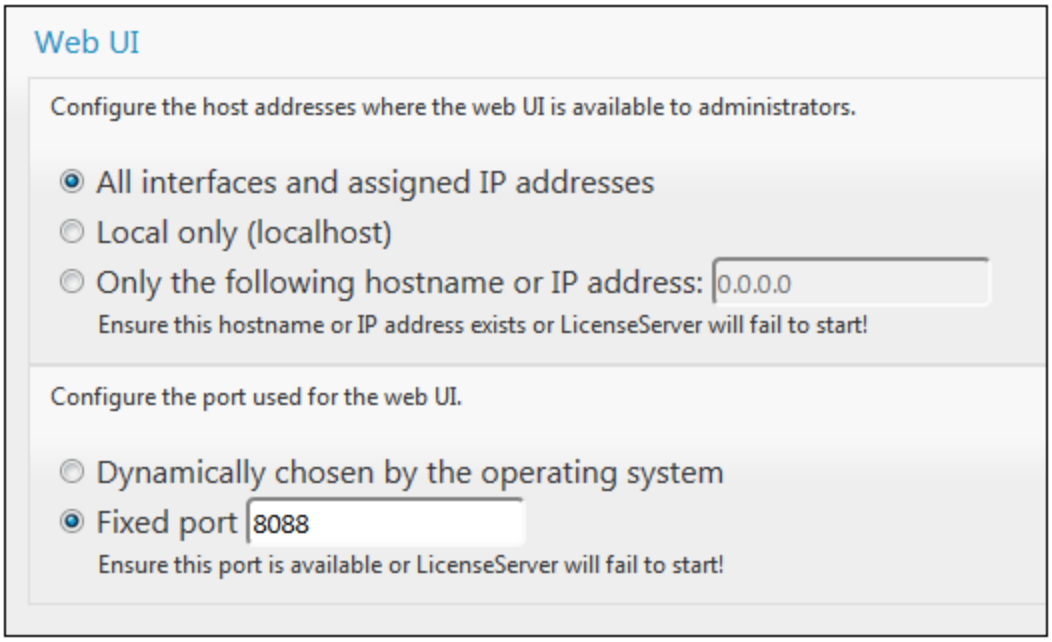

The advantage of a fixed port is that the page URL is known in advance and therefore can be accessed easily. If the port is assigned dynamically, the port part of the URL will have to be looked up in the file `WebUI.html` each time LicenseServer is started afresh.

2.6.3 Open LicenseServer Config Page (Linux)

This section:

- Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL
- URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page
- Logging in with the initial password
- Setting a fixed port for the Configuration page

Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL
On Linux systems, when you register your Altova server product with LicenseServer via the CLI, the URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page is returned. On opening this URL in a browser, you are prompted to read and accept the license agreement. After accepting the license agreement, the Configuration page's login mask is displayed (*screenshot below*).

URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page
To open the LicenseServer Configuration page at any time, enter its URL in the address bar of a browser and press **Enter**. By default, the URL of the Configuration page will be:

```
http://<serverIPAddressOrName>:8088/
```

The URL is present in the HTML code of the Configuration page itself, which is named **webUI.html** and is located at:

```
/var/opt/Altova/LicenseServer/webUI.html
```

If you have set the URL of the Configuration page to be generated dynamically (in the Settings tab of the Configuration page), then a new URL is generated each time LicenseServer is started. You will need to check the current version of **webUI.html** to find out the current URL of the Configuration page.

The dynamically generated URL in **webUI.html** will have a form something like: `http://127.0.0.1:55541`, and it is located in the function `checkIfServiceRunning()` in a script near the end of the `<head>` element. While the port number in the URL is dynamically assigned, the IP address part identifies the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. If you wish to access the LicenseServer Configuration page from another machine, make sure that the IP address part of the URL has the correct IP address or name of the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. For example, the URL could be something like: `http://MyServer:55541`.

Logging in with the initial password
After going through the steps above, the Configuration page is opened with the login mask displayed (*screenshot below*). You can log in with the initial password of `default`. After you have logged in, you can change your password in the Settings tab.

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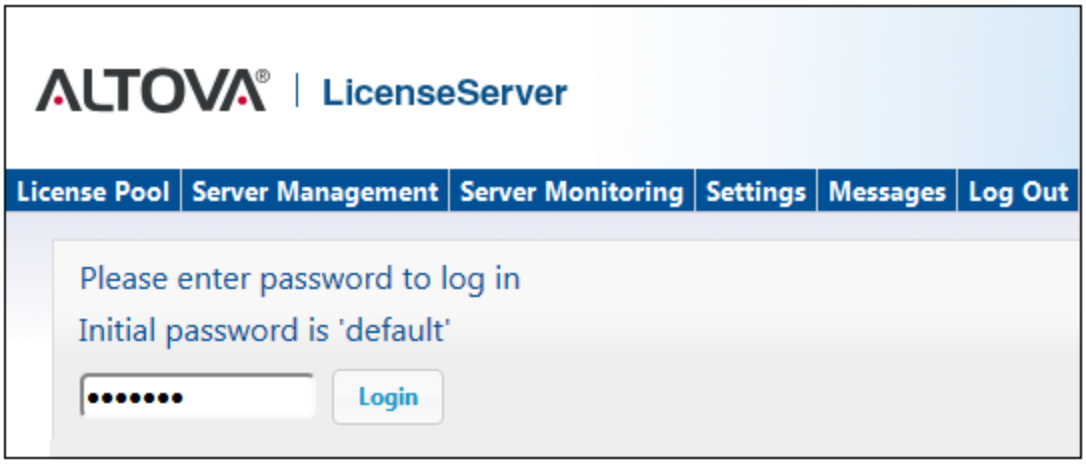
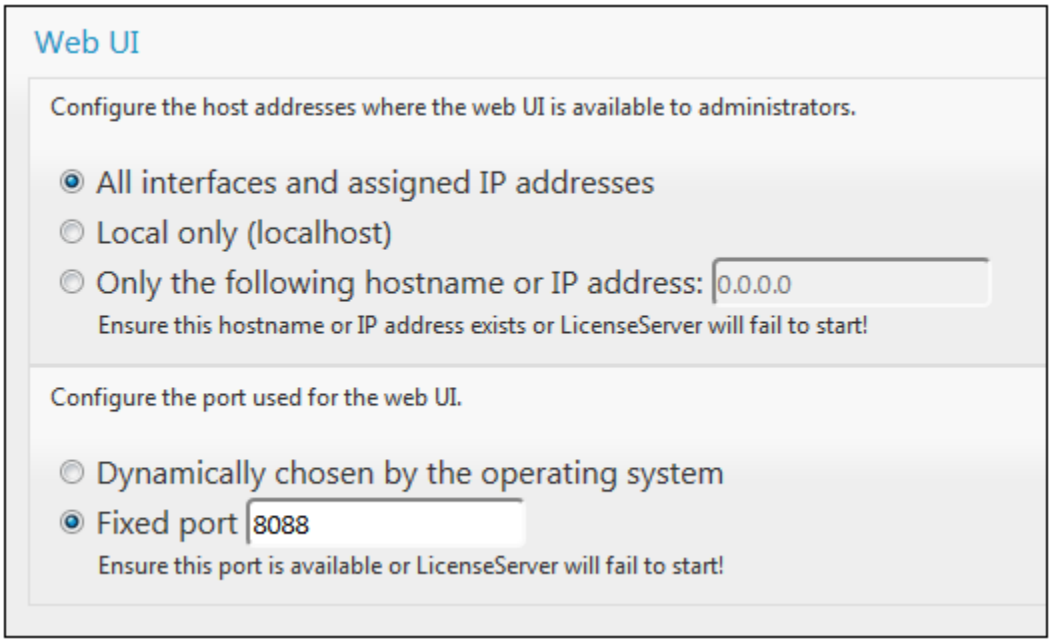


Setting a fixed or dynamic port for the Configuration page
The port of the Configuration page (and consequently its address) can be specified in the Settings page. By default the port is `8088`. You can set any other port you want for the LicenseServer Configuration page (*see screenshot below*). Alternatively, you allow the port to be selected dynamically each time LicenseServer starts up. In this case, you will need to find out the URL of the Configuration page from the file `WebUI.html` (see Open LicenseServer Config Page (Windows) and Open LicenseServer Config Page (Linux)).



The advantage of a fixed port is that the page URL is known in advance and therefore can be accessed easily. If the port is assigned dynamically, the port part of the URL will have to be looked up in the file `WebUI.html` each time LicenseServer is started afresh.

2.6.4 Open LicenseServer Config Page (Mac OS X)

This section:

- Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL
- URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page
- Logging in with the initial password
- Setting a fixed port for the Configuration page

Opening the Configuration page for the first time with the returned URL
On Mac OS X systems, when you register your Altova server product with LicenseServer via the CLI, the URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page is returned. On opening this URL in a browser, you are prompted to read and accept the license agreement. After accepting the license agreement, the Configuration page's login mask is displayed (*screenshot below*).

URL of the LicenseServer Configuration page
To open the LicenseServer Configuration page at any time, enter its URL in the address bar of a browser and press **Enter**. By default, the URL of the Configuration page will be:

```
http://<serverIPAddressOrName>:8088/
```

The URL is present in the HTML code of the Configuration page itself, which is named **webUI.html** and is located at:

```
/var/Altova/LicenseServer/webUI.html
```

If you have set the URL of the Configuration page to be generated dynamically (in the Settings tab of the Configuration page), then a new URL is generated each time LicenseServer is started. You will need to check the current version of **webUI.html** to find out the current URL of the Configuration page.

The dynamically generated URL in **webUI.html** will have a form something like: `http://127.0.0.1:55541`, and it is located in the function `checkIfServiceRunning()` in a script near the end of the `<head>` element. While the port number in the URL is dynamically assigned, the IP address part identifies the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. If you wish to access the LicenseServer Configuration page from another machine, make sure that the IP address part of the URL has the correct IP address or name of the server on which LicenseServer has been installed. For example, the URL could be something like: `http://MyServer:55541`.

Note: The Configuration page can also be accessed directly via the **Finder | Applications | Altova License Server** icon.

Logging in with the initial password
After going through the steps above, the Configuration page is opened with the login mask displayed (*screenshot below*). You can log in with the initial password of `default`. After you have logged in, you can change your password in the Settings tab.

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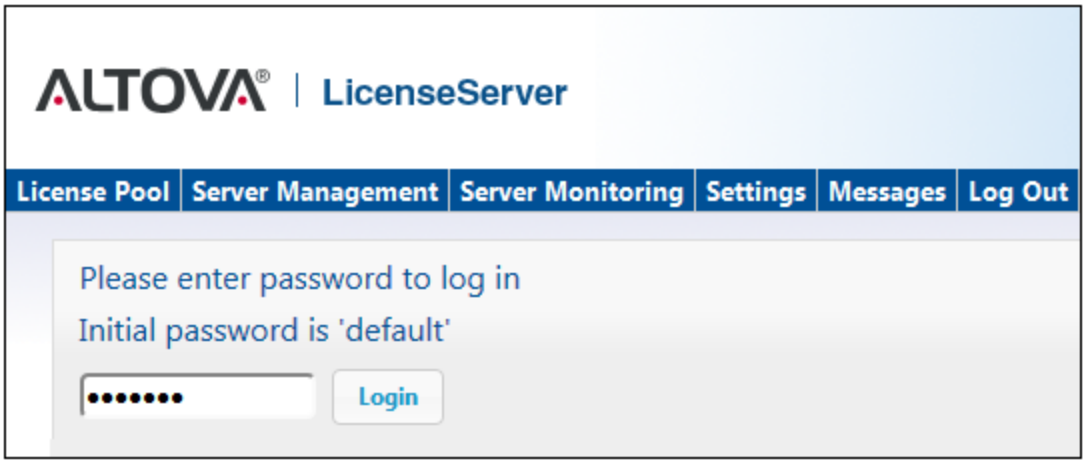
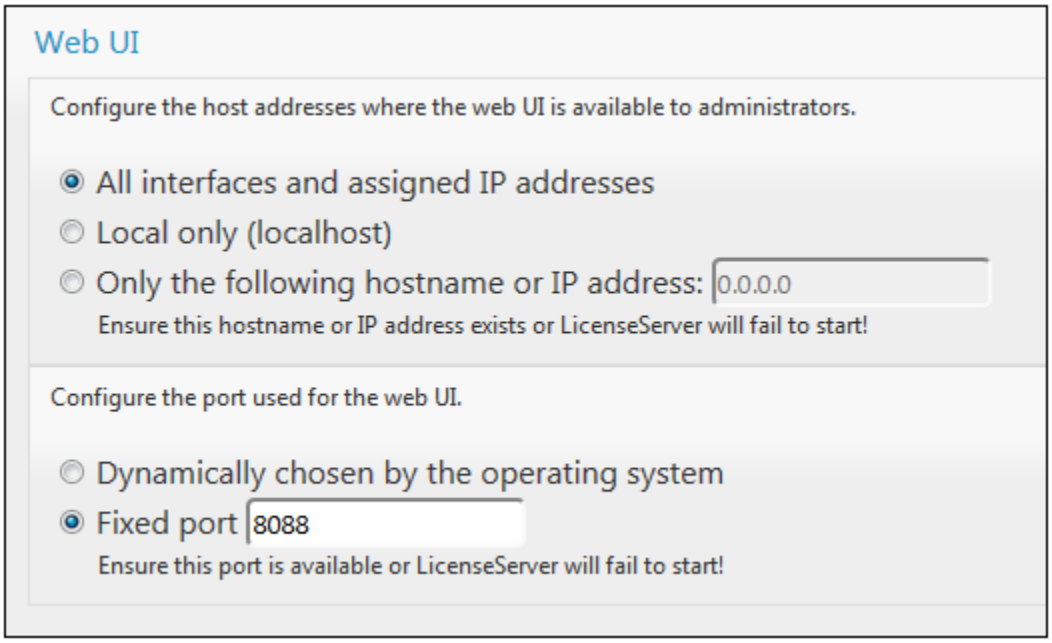


Setting a fixed or dynamic port for the Configuration page
The port of the Configuration page (and consequently its address) can be specified in the Settings page. By default the port is `8088`. You can set any other port you want for the LicenseServer Configuration page (*see screenshot below*). Alternatively, you allow the port to be selected dynamically each time LicenseServer starts up. In this case, you will need to find out the URL of the Configuration page from the file `WebUI.html` (see Open LicenseServer Config Page (Windows) and Open LicenseServer Config Page (Linux)).



The advantage of a fixed port is that the page URL is known in advance and therefore can be accessed easily. If the port is assigned dynamically, the port part of the URL will have to be looked up in the file `WebUI.html` each time LicenseServer is started afresh.

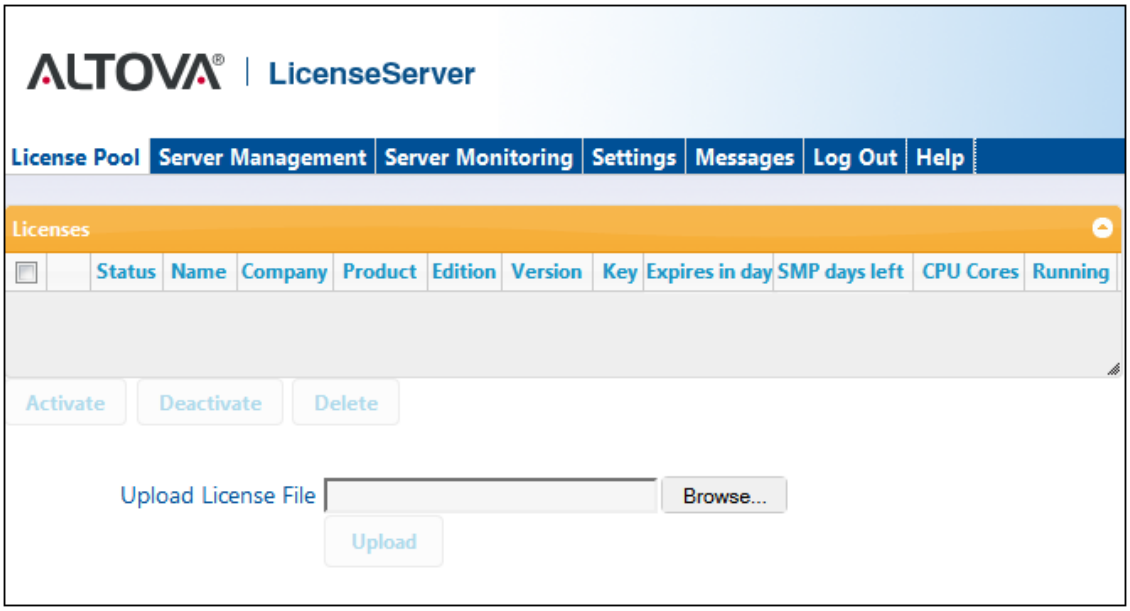
2.6.5 Upload Licenses to LicenseServer

This section:

- Uploading a license file to the license pool of LicenseServer
- License status
- Activating the licenses you wish to use
- Next steps

Uploading a license file to the license pool of LicenseServer
After you have obtained a license file from Altova, you must upload it to the Altova LicenseServer. (How to do this is described below.) Each license file can contain one or more licenses and depends on your purchase. When you upload a license file, all the licenses in it will be uploaded to the server and can be assigned to an Altova product that has been registered with that LicenseServer. All the uploaded licenses, from one or more license files and for all Altova products, are collected in a license pool on the LicenseServer. The license pool is displayed in the License Pool tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page (*screenshot below*).

License files are uploaded to the LicenseServer using the Upload function of the License Pool tab (*see screenshot below*).



Click the **Browse** button and select the license file you want. The license file will appear in the Upload License File text field and the **Upload** button will be enabled. Click the **Upload** button to upload the license file. All the licenses in the file are uploaded and displayed in the License Pool tab. The screenshot below shows multiple licenses, uploaded from multiple license files.

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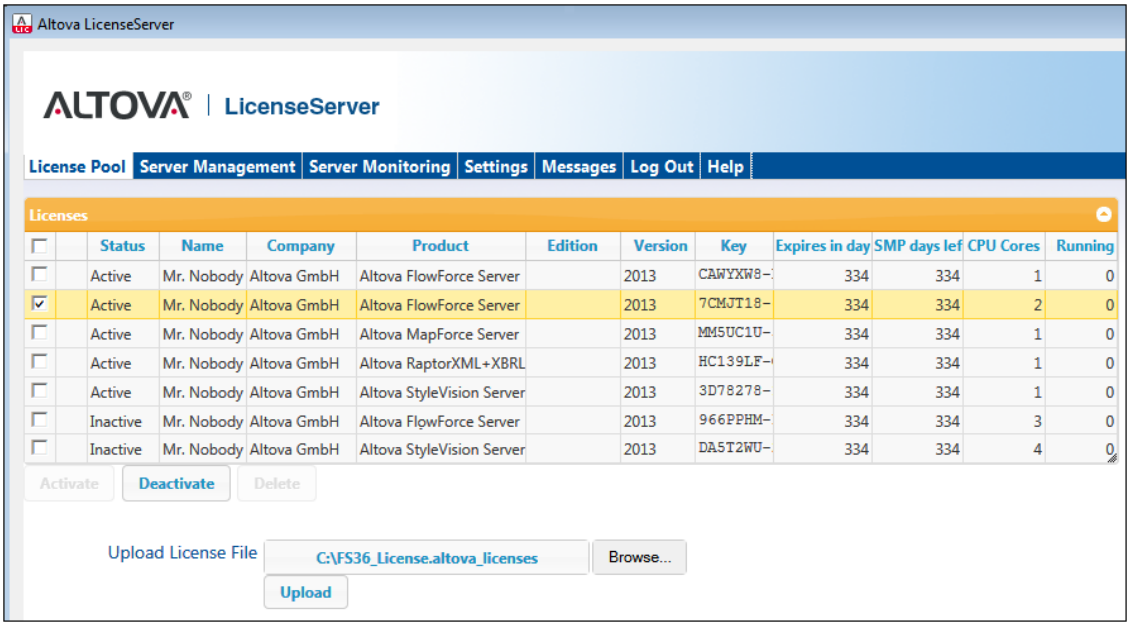

License status
License status values are as follows:

- *Activating:* When a license is uploaded into the license pool of LicenseServer, the server will transmit license-related data to the `altova.com` master licensing server to validate, authenticate, and activate the license that was supplied. This is necessary to ensure compliance with the Altova license agreements. During this initial activation and authentication transaction—which typically lasts between 30 seconds and a couple of minutes, depending on your Internet connection, speed, and overall network traffic—the status of the license will be indicated as *Activating...*.

- *Failed Verification:* If a connection with the `altova.com` master licensing server cannot be made, then the status of the license in the pool will be shown as *Failed Verification*. If this happens, check your Internet connection and firewall rules to ensure that LicenseServer is able to communicate with the `altova.com` master licensing server.

- *Active:* Once the license has been authenticated and activated, the status in the pool will change to *Active*.

- *Inactive:* If a license has been verified, but is present on another LicenseServer on the network, the status in the pool will be shown as *Inactive*. An *Inactive* status also results when a license is manually deactivated in the license pool by the administrator.

- *Blocked:* A license is shown in the license pool as *Blocked* if there was a problem authenticating the license and the `altova.com` master licensing server has not granted permission to the LicenseServer to use this license. This could be the result of a license agreement violation, over-usage of a license, or other compliance issues. Should you see a license showing up as *Blocked*, please contact Altova Support with your license information and any other relevant data.

These statuses are summarized in the table below:

Status	Meaning
Activating...	On upload, license information is sent to `altova.com` for verification. Refresh the browser to view the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.
Failed Verification	A connection to `altova.com` could not be made. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or activate the license (with the **Activate** button).
Active	Verification was successful, the license is active.
Inactive	Verification was successful, but the license is on another LicenseServer on the network. Licenses can be made inactive with the **Deactivate** button.
Blocked	Verification was not successful. License is invalid and is blocked. Contact Altova Support.

Note: After a license has been sent to `altova.com` for verification, the browser must be refreshed to see the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.

Note: If a connection to `altova.com` could not be made, the status will be *Failed Verification*. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or try activating the license with the **Activate** button.

Note: When a license is given a status of *Inactive* or *Blocked*, a message explaining the status is also added to the Messages log.

Only an active license can be assigned to a product installation. An inactive license can be activated or deleted from the license pool. If a license is deleted from the license pool, it can be uploaded again to the pool by uploading the license file containing it. When a license file is updated, only those licenses in it that are not already in the pool will be uploaded to the pool. To activate, deactivate, or delete a license, select it and then click the **Activate**, **Deactivate**, or **Delete** button, respectively.

Activate the license/s you wish to use

Before you can assign a license to an Altova product, it must be active. So do ensure it is active. If it is inactive, select it and click **Activate**.

Next Steps

After you have uploaded the license file to the LicenseServer and checked that the license you want is active, do the following:

1. Register the Altova server product (FlowForce Server, MapForce Server, StyleVision Server) with LicenseServer. (If you have already done this prior to uploading the license file, you can now start assigning licenses.)
2. Assign a license to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

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2.6.6 Register FlowForce Server with LicenseServer

This section:

- Methods of registering FlowForce Server with LicenseServer
- Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page (Windows)
- Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page (Linux)
- Registering FlowForce Server via the Setup page (Windows and Linux)
- Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI (Windows)
- Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI (Linux)
- Next steps

Methods of registering FlowForce Server
FlowForce Server can be registered with LicenseServer using any of the following methods:

- Via the FlowForce Server Setup page (Windows and Linux)
- Via the FlowForce CLI (Windows)
- Via the FlowForce CLI (Linux)

Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page (Windows)
The FlowForce Server Setup page can be accessed in one of the following ways:

- Via the **Start** menu:
  Start | *Altova FlowForce Server 2013* | *FlowForce Server Setup Page*
- Via Altova ServiceController: Click the ServiceController icon in the system tray. In the menu that pops up, select *Altova FlowForce Web* | *Setup*.

This pops up the FlowForce Server Setup page (*screenshot above*).

Accessing the FlowForce Server Setup page (Linux)
After you have installed FlowForce Server on Linux (see the FlowForce Server user documentation for information about how to do this), start FlowForce Web Server as a service with the following command:

```
sudo /etc/init.d/flowforcewebserver start
```

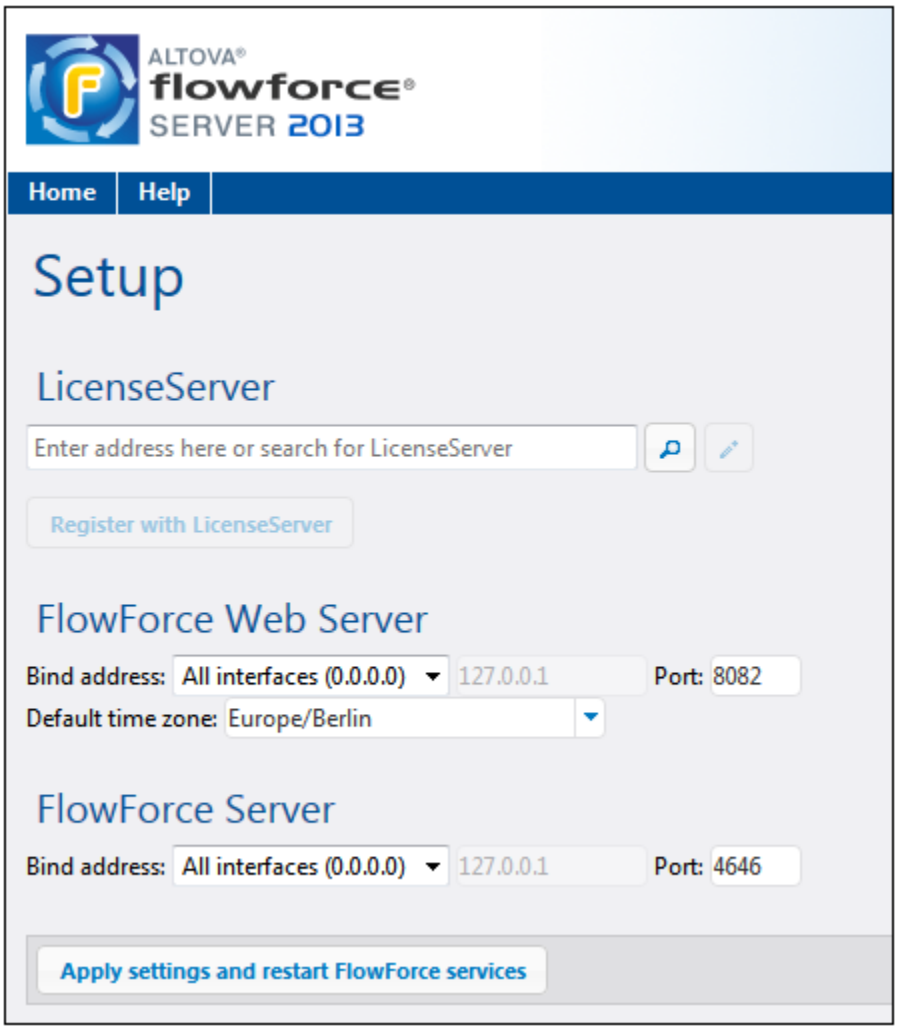
A message containing the URL of the FlowForce Server Setup appears in the terminal window:

```
FlowForceWeb running on http://127.0.1.1:3459/setup?key=52239315203
```

Enter the URL into the address field of a browser and hit Enter to access FlowForce Server Setup page (*screenshot above*).

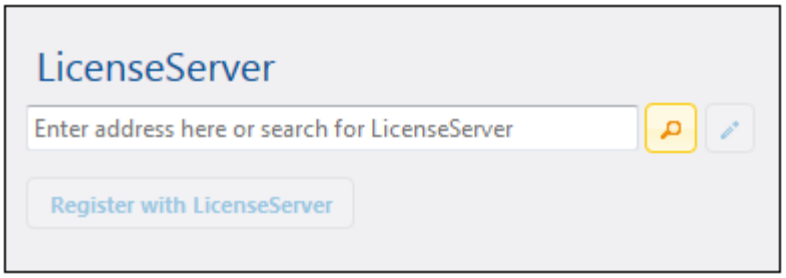
Registering FlowForce Server via the Setup page (Windows and Linux)
In the Setup page (*screenshot below*)—how to access it is described above—the LicenseServer

field specifies the Altova LicenseServer to be used for registration.



The LicenseServer can be specified in one of two ways.

- You can search for Altova LicenseServers that are currently available on the network—that is, those that are currently running. Do this by clicking the **Search for Altova LicenseServers** button (*highlighted yellow in the screenshot below*).

  The search returns a list of available Altova LicenseServers on the network. One LicenseServer will be selected (*screenshot below*) and the others will be available in the dropdown list of the combo box. Select the LicenseServer on which your FlowForce license is stored.

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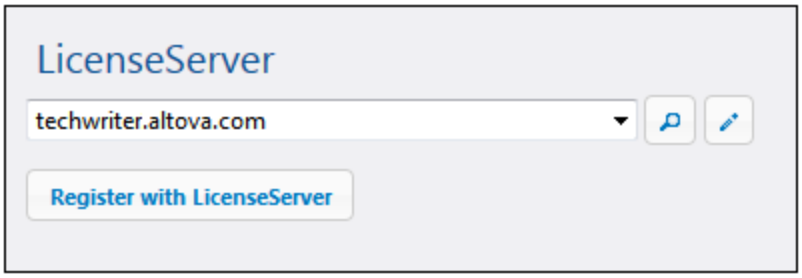
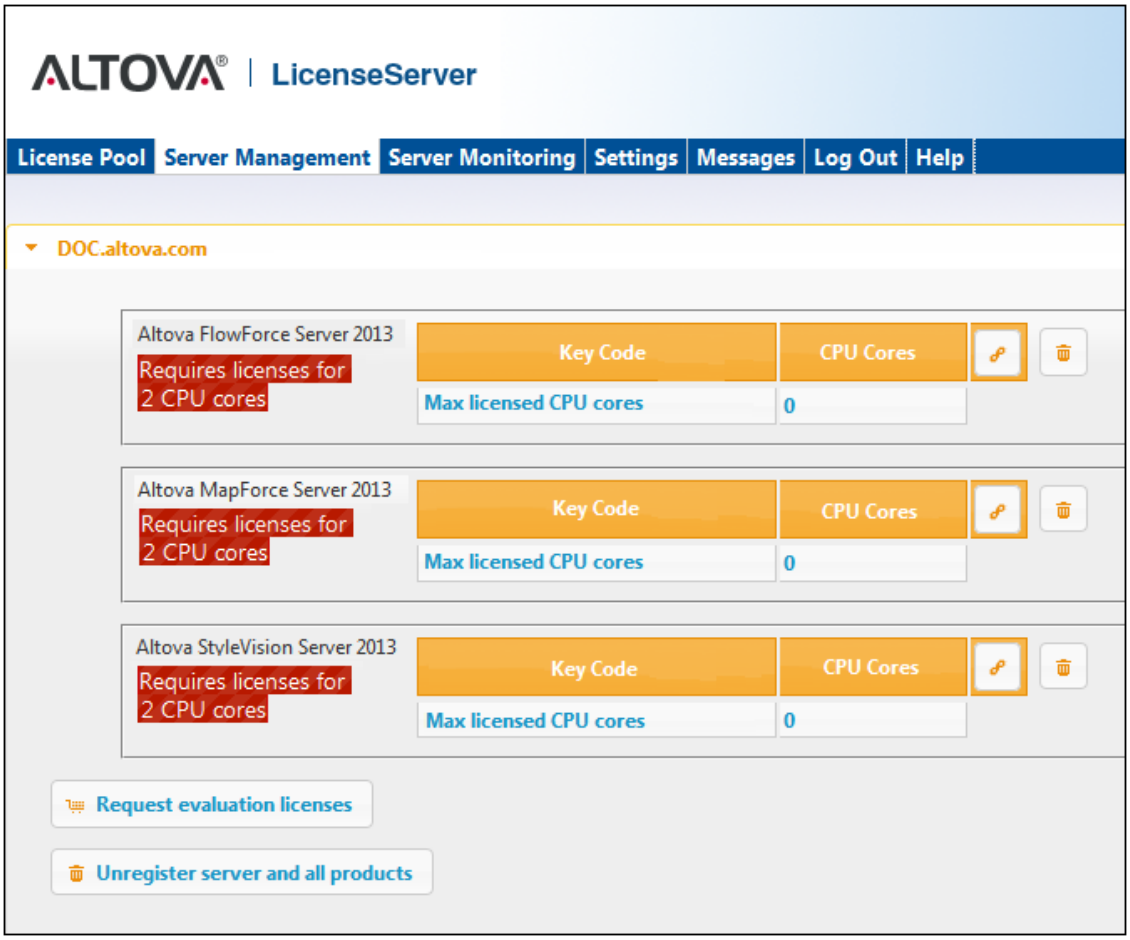


- Alternatively, you can enter the address of the LicenseServer in the LicenseServer field. If the currently running LicenseServers are available as a dropdown list, you must click the **Manually Enter Address** button to be able to enter an address in the LicenseServer field.

After you have specified the LicenseServer, click **Register with LicenseServer**. The Altova server application will be registered with the specified LicenseServer, and that LicenseServer's Configuration page will open in a browser with its Server Management tab active (*screenshot below*).

Note: You may need to allow pop-ups in order for the LicenseServer Configuration page to be displayed.



In the screenshot below, three Altova products have been registered with the Altova LicenseServer at `DOC.altova.com`. How to assign licenses is described in the next section, Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI (Windows)
On Windows machines, FlowForce Server can also be registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network via the command line (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
FlowForceServer licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For more details of CLI commands, see the FlowForce CLI documentation (either in the CLI window itself, delivered with the installed product package, or on the Altova website).

If FlowForce Server was installed with other Altova server products as sub-packages, registering FlowForce Server will automatically also register the Altova server products. After successfully registering FlowForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to FlowForce Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Registering FlowForce Server via the FlowForce CLI (Linux)
On Linux machines, FlowForce Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the `licenseserver` command of the FlowForce Server CLI. Note that FlowForce Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/FlowForceServer2013/bin/flowforceserver licenseserver
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the FlowForce Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/MapForceServer2013/bin
```

After successfully registering FlowForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to FlowForce Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Next Steps
After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, Upload Licenses to LicenseServer), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, Assign Licenses.
2. Assign a license to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

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2.6.7 Register MapForce Server with LicenseServer

This section:

- Registering MapForce Server from FlowForce Server (Windows)
- Registering a standalone MapForce Server (Windows)
- Registering MapForce Server (Linux)
- Next steps

MapForce Server can be installed as part of the FlowForce Server package or as a standalone server product. In either case, it must be registered with Altova LicenseServer. Only after it has been registered with LicenseServer can a license be assigned to it from LicenseServer. On Windows systems, if MapForce Server was installed as part of the FlowForce Server package, it will automatically be registered when FlowForce is registered. On Linux systems, only if MapForce Server is installed after FlowForce Server will it be registered automatically when FlowForce Server is registered subsequently.

Registering MapForce Server from FlowForce Server (Windows)
MapForce Server is packaged with FlowForce Server, so when FlowForce Server is registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network, MapForce Server will automatically also be registered with LicenseServer. How to register FlowForce Server is described in the FlowForce Server documentation and in the section, Register FlowForce Server with LicenseServer.

After the registration, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a MapForce Server license to MapForce Server. How to do this is described in the section, Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Registering a standalone MapForce Server (Windows)
If you have installed MapForce Server as a standalone package, you must register it with an Altova LicenseServer on your network and then license it from the Altova LicenseServer. You can register MapForce Server via its command line interface (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
MapForceServer licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For more details of CLI commands, see the MapForce Server CLI documentation (either in the CLI window itself, delivered with the installed product package, or on the Altova website).

After successfully registering MapForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to MapForce Server. How to do this is described in the section, Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Registering MapForce Server (Linux)
On Linux machines, MapForce Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the `licenseserver` command of the MapForce Server CLI. Note that MapForce Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/MapForceServer2013/bin/mapforceserver licenseserver
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the MapForce Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/MapForceServer2013/bin
```

After successfully registering MapForce Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to MapForce Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Next Steps

After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, Upload Licenses to LicenseServer), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, Assign Licenses.
2. Assign a license to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

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2.6.8 Register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server with LicenseServer

This section:

- Registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server (Windows)
- Registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server (Linux)
- Next steps

RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server must be installed on the server machine and then be started as a service. It must then be registered with LicenseServer. Only after it has been registered with LicenseServer can a license be assigned to it from LicenseServer. This section describes how to register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server with LicenseServer.

Registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server (Windows)

You can register RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server via its command line interface (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
RaptorXML licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For more details of CLI commands, see the RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server CLI documentation (either in the CLI window itself, delivered with the installed product package, or on the Altova website).

After successfully registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server (Linux)

On Linux machines, RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the `licenseserver` command of the RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server CLI. Note that RaptorXML (+XBRL) Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/RaptorXMLServer2013/bin/raptorxmlserver licenseserver
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/RaptorXMLServer2013/bin
```

After successfully registering RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to RaptorXML(+XBRL) Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Next Steps

After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, Upload Licenses to LicenseServer), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, Assign Licenses.
2. Assign a license to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

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2.6.9 Register StyleVision Server with LicenseServer

This section:

- Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce Server (Windows)
- Registering a standalone StyleVision Server (Windows)
- Registering StyleVision Server (Linux)
- Next steps

StyleVision Server can be installed as part of the FlowForce Server package or as a standalone server product. In either case, it must be registered with Altova LicenseServer. Only after it has been registered with LicenseServer can a license be assigned to it from LicenseServer. On Windows systems, if StyleVision Server was installed as part of the FlowForce Server package, it will automatically be registered when FlowForce is registered. On Linux systems, only if StyleVision Server is installed after FlowForce Server will it be registered automatically when FlowForce Server is registered subsequently.

Registering StyleVision Server from FlowForce (Windows)
StyleVision Server is packaged with FlowForce Server, so when FlowForce Server is registered with an Altova LicenseServer on your network, StyleVision Server will automatically also be registered with LicenseServer. How to register FlowForce Server is described in the FlowForce Server documentation and in the section, Register FlowForce Server with LicenseServer.

After the registration, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a StyleVision Server license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Registering a standalone StyleVision Server (Windows)
If you have installed StyleVision Server as a standalone package on Windows, you must register it with an Altova LicenseServer on your network and then license it from the Altova LicenseServer. You can register StyleVision Server via its command line interface (CLI) by using the `licenseserver` command:

```
StyleVisionServer licenseserver Server-Or-IP-Address
```

For more details of CLI commands, see the StyleVision Server CLI documentation (either in the CLI window itself, delivered with the installed product package, or on the Altova website).

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Registering StyleVision Server (Linux)
On Linux machines, StyleVision Server can be registered with LicenseServer by using the `licenseserver` command of the StyleVision Server CLI. Note that StyleVision Server must be started with root rights.

```
sudo /opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/bin/stylevisionserver licenseserver
localhost
```

In the command above, `localhost` is the name of the server on which LicenseServer is installed. Notice also that the location of the StyleVision Server executable is:

```
/opt/Altova/StyleVisionServer2013/bin
```

After successfully registering StyleVision Server, you can go to LicenseServer and assign a license to StyleVision Server. How to do this is described in the section Assign Licenses to Registered Products.

Next Steps

After you have registered your Altova product with LicenseServer, do the following:

1. If you have not already uploaded your license file/s to the LicenseServer (see previous section, Upload Licenses to LicenseServer), upload the license file now and check that the license you want is active. If you have already done this, carry on to the next step, Assign Licenses.
2. Assign a license to your Altova product that has been registered with the LicenseServer.

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2.6.10 Assign Licenses to Registered Products

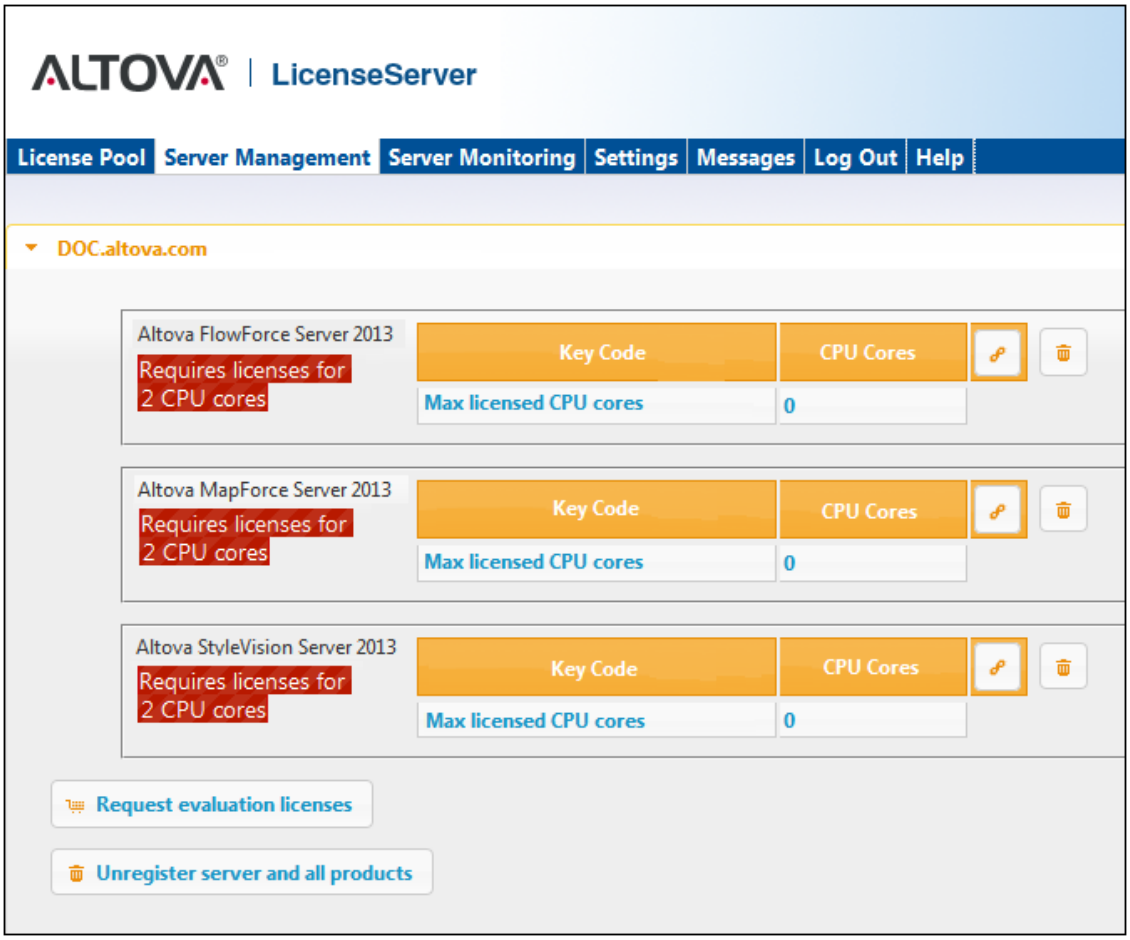
This section:

- Before assigning a license
- The Server Management tab
- Icons in the Server Management tab
- Note on cores and licenses
- Assigning a license
- Unregistering products from LicenseServer

Before assigning a license
Before you assign a license to an Altova product, make sure that:

- The relevant license has been uploaded to the license pool of LicenseServer and that the license is active.
- Your Altova product has been registered with LicenseServer.

The Server Management tab
Licenses are assigned in the Server Management tab of the LicenseServer Configuration page (*screenshot below*). The screenshot shows that three Altova products have been registered with LicenseServer. (Since MapForce Server and StyleVision Server are bundled with FlowForce Server, registering FlowForce Server with LicenseServer automatically also registers MapForce Server and StyleVision Server. No additional registration of the latter two products are required if FlowForce Server is registered.)



Note the following points about the Server Management tab:

- Each product is listed under the name of its client machine. In the screenshot above, one client machine, named `Doc.altova.com`, is listed. This client machine (`Doc.altova.com`) has three Altova products registered with the LicenseServer. If an Altova product on a different client machine is registered with this LicenseServer, then that client machine, with its registered products, will also be listed in the Server Management tab.
- Each registered Altova product on a client machine has its own *Key Code* entry, which takes the key code of a license. A registered product's key code is assigned by clicking its **Edit Assigned Licenses** button (*see icon list below*) and selecting the required license from those available for that product (for example, FlowForce Server) in the license pool. This procedure is explained in more detail below.
- Each product also has a line stating how many CPU cores need to be licensed to run that product on that client. If the number of licensed cores is less than the number required, then the information is marked in red (*see screenshot above*). (The number of CPU cores that need to be licensed is the number of CPU cores on that client and is obtained from the client machine by LicenseServer.)

Icons in the Server Management tab

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Edit Assigned Licenses. Available with each product. Pops up the Manage Licenses dialog, in which new licenses can be assigned to the product and already assigned licenses can be edited.

Show Licenses. Appears with each license. Switches to the License Pool tab and highlights the selected license, so that license details can be read.

Unregister This Product. Available with each product. The selected product (on the selected client machine) will be unregistered from LicenseServer.

Note on cores and licenses

The licensing of Altova server products is based on the number of processor cores available on the product machine. For example, a dual-core processor has two cores, a quad-core processor four cores, a hexa-core processor six cores, and so on. The number of cores licensed for a product on a particular server machine must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on that server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine.

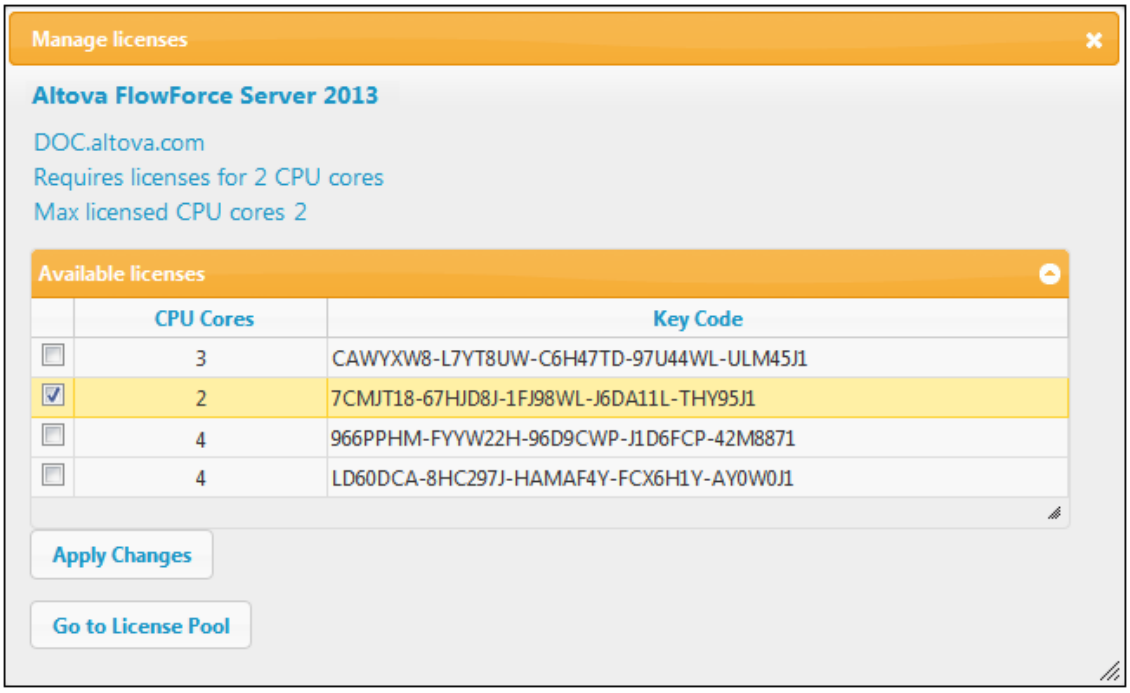
For example, if a server has eight cores (an octa-core processor), you must purchase at least an 8-core license. You can also combine licenses to achieve the core count. So, two 4-core licenses can also be used for an octa-core server instead of an 8-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

Note: Each license can be used for only one client machine at a time, even if it has unused licensing capacity. For example, if a 10-core license is used for a client machine that has 6 CPU cores, then the remaining 4 cores of the license cannot be used simultaneously for another client machine.

Assigning a license

To assign a license to a registered product, click the **Edit Assigned Licenses** button of that product. This pops up the Manage Licenses dialog (*screenshot below*).



Note the following points about the licenses displayed in the Manage Licenses dialog:

- The product to be licensed is listed at the top left of the dialog. In the screenshot above the product is Altova FlowForce Server 2013.
- The dialog displays all the currently active licenses for that product in the license pool. In our screenshot, four currently active FlowForce Server licenses are in the license pool. LicenseServer will automatically detect from each license in the pool the product for which it has been issued.
- The licenses in the screenshot above have been licensed, respectively, for 3 CPU cores, 2 CPU cores, 4 CPU cores, and 4 CPU cores.
- You need to know the number of processor cores on the server on which the Altova server product has been installed. If the machine has a dual-core processor, you need a two-core (the CPU Cores count) license. This license could be, for example, the second license in the list shown in the screenshot above. You can also combine licenses. So, if the machine's processor is octa-core (eight-core), you can combine two 4-core licenses; for example, the third and fourth licenses in the list shown in the screenshot above.
- The Manage Licenses dialog will list only currently active licenses for that product. Licenses for other Altova products will not be listed.
- Licenses that have been assigned already—for example, to another installation of the product on the network—will have their check boxes checked. So only unchecked licenses may be selected.
- CPU cores indicates for how many CPU cores a license is valid.
- If you wish to make modifications to the license pool—for example, to upload, activate, deactivate, or delete a license—click the **Go to License Pool** button.

Select the license you wish to assign. The license's check box will be checked. Also, the total number of CPU cores licensed for that product on that client is listed near the top left of the dialog as *Max licensed CPU cores (see screenshot above)*. You can select more licenses if you wish to increase the number of licensed CPU cores for that product on that client. The *Max licensed CPU cores* in this case will be the sum of the CPU cores of all the selected licenses.

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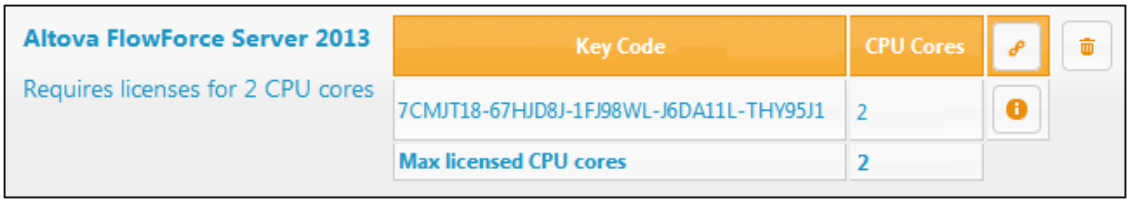
After selecting the license/s, click **Apply Changes**. The license/s will be assigned to that product and displayed in the Server Management tab (*see screenshot below*). The screenshot below shows that a 2-CPU-core license for Altova FlowForce Server has been assigned (to the client machine `Doc.altova.com`).



Unregistering products
Each Altova product registered with LicenseServer is listed in the Server Management tab under its client machine name and has an **Unregister** icon to its right. Click this icon to unregister the product. If a license was assigned to the product, the assignment will be terminated when the product is unregistered. To unregister all products, click the **Unregister Server and All Products** button at the bottom of the Server Management tab (*see first screenshot in this section*).

To re-register a product, go to the product's pre-configuration page.

2.7 Configuration Page Reference

The LicenseServer Configuration page is the administrator's interface with LicenseServer. It allows the management of LicenseServer and the licensing of Altova products that have been r egistered with LicenseServer (FlowForce Server, MapForce Server, StyleVision Server).

The LicenseServer Configuration page is opened via a web browser. How to open the Configuration page is described in the sections, Open LicenseServer Config Page (Windows) and Open LicenseServer Config Page (Linux).

This section is a user's reference for the Configuration page and is organized by the tabs of the Configuration page:

- License Pool
- Server Management
- Server Monitoring
- Server Monitoring
- Messages, Log Out

For a step-by-step guide of how to assign licenses with LicenseServer, see the section How to Assign Licenses.

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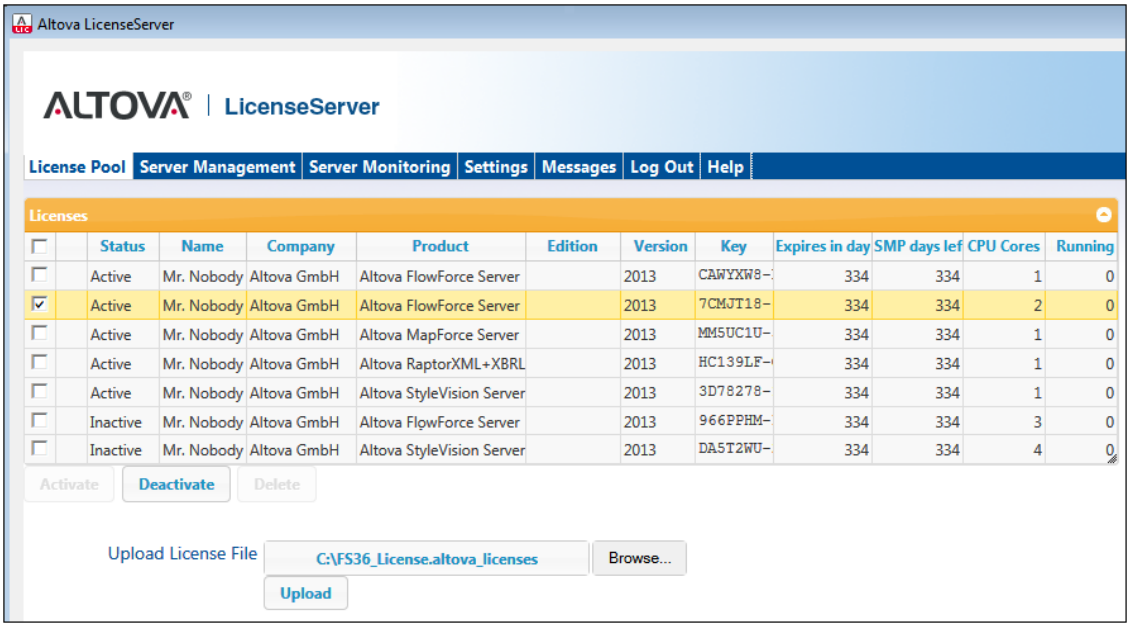
2.7.1 License Pool

The **License Pool** tab displays all the licenses that are currently on the LicenseServer (*see screenshot below*). When a license file is uploaded to the LicenseServer with the **Upload** button on this page, all the licenses contained in the license file are placed in the license pool on the server and are displayed on the License Pool page.

The License Pool page displays information about all the licenses currently on the LicenseServer and thus provides a convenient overview of all Altova product licenses. On this page you can also activate, deactivate, and delete selected licenses.



Uploading a license
To upload a license file (which you receive from Altova GmbH for your Altova product), click the **Browse** button, browse for the license file and select it. On clicking **Upload**, all the licenses contained in the license file are placed in the license pool and displayed on the License Pool page (*screenshot above*).

License status
License status values are as follows:

- *Activating:* When a license is uploaded into the license pool of LicenseServer, the server will transmit license-related data to the `altova.com` master licensing server to validate, authenticate, and activate the license that was supplied. This is necessary to ensure compliance with the Altova license agreements. During this initial activation and authentication transaction—which typically lasts between 30 seconds and a couple of minutes, depending on your Internet connection, speed, and overall network traffic—the status of the license will be indicated as *Activating...*.

- *Failed Verification:* If a connection with the `altova.com` master licensing server cannot

be made, then the status of the license in the pool will be shown as *Failed Verification*. If this happens, check your Internet connection and firewall rules to ensure that LicenseServer is able to communicate with the `altova.com` master licensing server.

- *Active:* Once the license has been authenticated and activated, the status in the pool will change to *Active*.
- *Inactive:* If a license has been verified, but is present on another LicenseServer on the network, the status in the pool will be shown as *Inactive*. An *Inactive* status also results when a license is manually deactivated in the license pool by the administrator.
- *Blocked:* A license is shown in the license pool as *Blocked* if there was a problem authenticating the license and the `altova.com` master licensing server has not granted permission to the LicenseServer to use this license. This could be the result of a license agreement violation, over-usage of a license, or other compliance issues. Should you see a license showing up as *Blocked*, please contact Altova Support with your license information and any other relevant data.

These statuses are summarized in the table below:

Status	Meaning
Activating...	On upload, license information is sent to `altova.com` for verification. Refresh the browser to view the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.
Failed Verification	A connection to `altova.com` could not be made. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or activate the license (with the **Activate** button).
Active	Verification was successful, the license is active.
Inactive	Verification was successful, but the license is on another LicenseServer on the network. Licenses can be made inactive with the **Deactivate** button.
Blocked	Verification was not successful. License is invalid and is blocked. Contact Altova Support.

Note: After a license has been sent to `altova.com` for verification, the browser must be refreshed to see the updated status. Verification and activation can take a few minutes.

Note: If a connection to `altova.com` could not be made, the status will be *Failed Verification*. After establishing a connection, either restart the service or try activating the license with the **Activate** button.

Note: When a license is given a status of *Inactive* or *Blocked*, a message explaining the status is also added to the Messages log.

Only an active license can be assigned to a product installation. An inactive license can be activated or deleted from the license pool. If a license is deleted from the license pool, it can be uploaded again to the pool by uploading the license file containing it. When a license file is updated, only those licenses in it that are not already in the pool will be uploaded to the pool. To activate, deactivate, or delete a license, select it and then click the **Activate**, **Deactivate**, or **Delete** button, respectively.

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Connection to the Master Licensing Server at altova.com
The Altova LicenseServer needs to be able to communicate with the Master Licensing Server at `altova.com` to validate and authenticate license-related data and to ensure continuous compliance with the Altova license agreements. If the Altova LicenseServer is unable to connect with the `altova.com` Master Licensing Servers for a duration of more than 5 days (= 120 hours), then the Altova LicenseServer will no longer permit the usage of any Altova software products connected to the Altova LicenseServer.

Any such loss of connection with the `altova.com` master servers will be logged in the Messages tab of the Configuration page of the Altova LicenseServer. In addition, the administrator can configure the Altova LicenseServer to automatically send an alert email when the connection to `altova.com` is lost. Alert Mail settings are available in the Settings tab of the Configuration page.

Activating, deactivating, and deleting a license
An active license can be deactivated by selecting the license and clicking **Deactivate**. An inactive license can be activated (**Activate** button) or deleted (**Delete** button). When a license is deleted it is removed from the license pool. A deleted license can be added again to the license pool by uploading the license file containing it. If a license file is re-uploaded, only licenses that are not already in the license pool will be added to the license pool; licenses that are already in the pool will not be re-added.

License information
The following license information is displayed:

- *Status:* There are five values: *Failed Verification* | *Activating* | *Active* | *Inactive* | *Blocked*. See License status above.
- *Name, Company:* The name and company of the licensee. This information was submitted at the time of purchase.
- *Product, Edition, Version:* The version and edition of the licensed products.
- *Key, Expires in days, SMP (days left):* The license key to unlock the product, and the number of days left before the license expires. Each licensed purchase comes with a Support & Maintenance Package, which is valid for a certain number of days. The *SMP* column notes how many SMP days are still left.
- *CPU Cores:* The number of CPU cores that the license allows.
- *Running:* The number of CPU cores currently using the license.

Note on cores and licenses
The licensing of Altova server products is based on the number of processor cores available on the product machine. For example, a dual-core processor has two cores, a quad-core processor four cores, a hexa-core processor six cores, and so on. The number of cores licensed for a product on a particular server machine must be greater than or equal to the number of cores available on that server, whether it's a physical or virtual machine.

For example, if a server has eight cores (an octa-core processor), you must purchase at least an 8-core license. You can also combine licenses to achieve the core count. So, two 4-core licenses can also be used for an octa-core server instead of an 8-core license.

If you are using a computer server with a large number of CPU cores but only have a low volume to process, you may also create a virtual machine that is allocated a smaller number of cores, and purchase a license for that number. Such a deployment, of course, will have less processing speed than if all available cores on the server were utilized.

Note: Each license can be used for only one client machine at a time, even if it has unused licensing capacity. For example, if a 10-core license is used for a client machine that has 6 CPU cores, then the remaining 4 cores of the license cannot be used simultaneously for another client machine.

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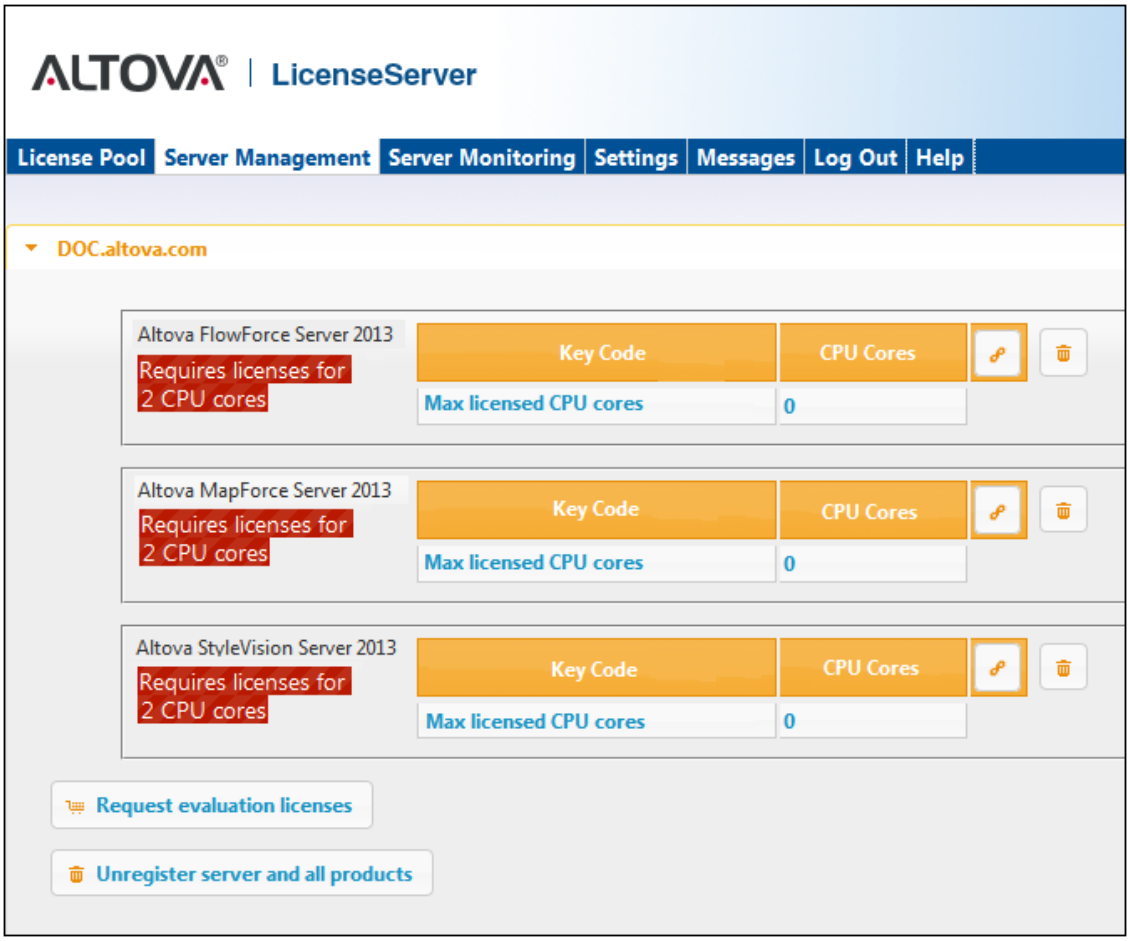
2.7.2 Server Management

In the **Server Management** tab (*screenshot below*), you can assign licenses to registered products.



Note the following points about the Server Management tab:

- Each product is listed under the name of its client machine. In the screenshot above, one client machine, named `Doc.altova.com`, has three Altova products registered with the LicenseServer. If an Altova product on a different client machine is registered with this LicenseServer, then that client machine, with its registered products, will also be listed in the Server Management tab.
- Each registered Altova product on a client machine has its own *Key Code* entry, which takes the key code of a license. A registered product's key code is assigned by clicking its **Edit Assigned Licenses** button and selecting the required license from those available for that product (for example, FlowForce Server) in the license pool. This procedure is explained in more detail below.
- Each product also has a line stating how many CPU cores need to be licensed to run that product on that client. If the number of licensed cores is less than the number required, then the information is marked in red (*see screenshot above*). (The number of CPU cores that need to be licensed is the number of CPU cores on that client and is obtained from the client machine by LicenseServer.)

Icons in the Server Management tab

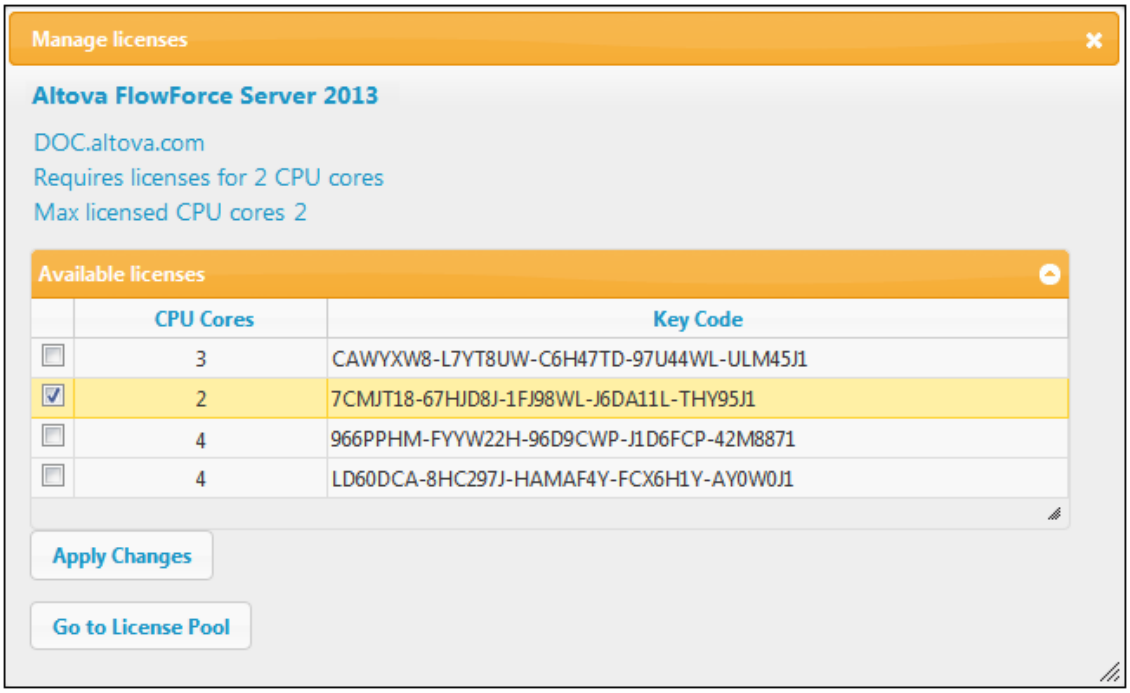
Edit Assigned Licenses. Available with each product. Pops up the Manage Licenses dialog, in which new licenses can be assigned to the product and already assigned licenses can be edited.

Show Licenses. Appears with each license. Switches to the License Pool tab and highlights the selected license, so that license details can be read.

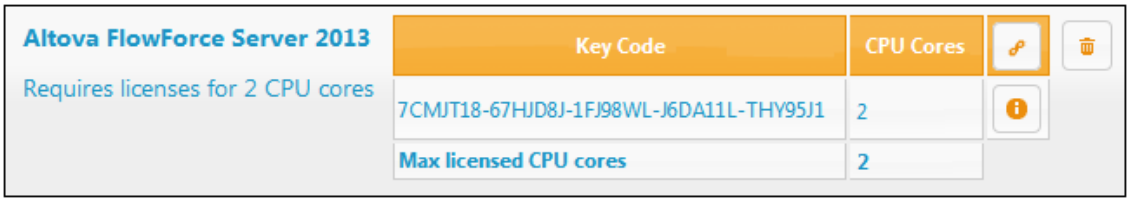
Unregister This Product. Available with each product. The selected product (on the selected client machine) will be unregistered from LicenseServer.

Assigning a license

To assign a license to a registered product, click the **Edit Assigned Licenses** button of that product. This pops up the Manage Licenses dialog (*screenshot below*).



Select the license you wish to assign. After selecting the license/s, click **Apply Changes**. The license/s will be assigned to that product and displayed in the Server Management tab (*see screenshot below*).



Requesting an evaluation license

You can obtain a 30-day free evaluation license for each of a client's installed Altova products

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that have been registered with LicenseServer. Click the **Request Evaluation Licenses** button near the bottom of the Server Management tab. A dialog pops up containing a list of the Altova server products (on that client machine) which have been registered with LicenseServer. Make sure that the products for which you want an evaluation license are checked, then fill in the registration fields, and send the request. You will receive an e-mail from Altova containing the 30-day evaluation license/s. The number of cores for which the license will be valid per product will be exactly the number required by the product at the time the request is sent. Save the license/s to disk and upload to the license pool.

Unregistering products

Each Altova product registered with LicenseServer is listed in the Server Management tab under its client machine name and has an **Unregister** icon to its right. Click this icon to unregister the product. If a license was assigned to the product, the assignment will be terminated when the product is unregistered. To unregister all products, click the **Unregister Server and All Products** button at the bottom of the Server Management tab (*see first screenshot in this section*).

To re-register a product, go to the product's Setup page.

For more information, see the section, Assigning Licenses to Registered Products.

2.7.3 Server Monitoring

The **Server Monitoring** tab provides an overview of servers currently running licensed Altova products. It contains product information along with information about users and licenses.

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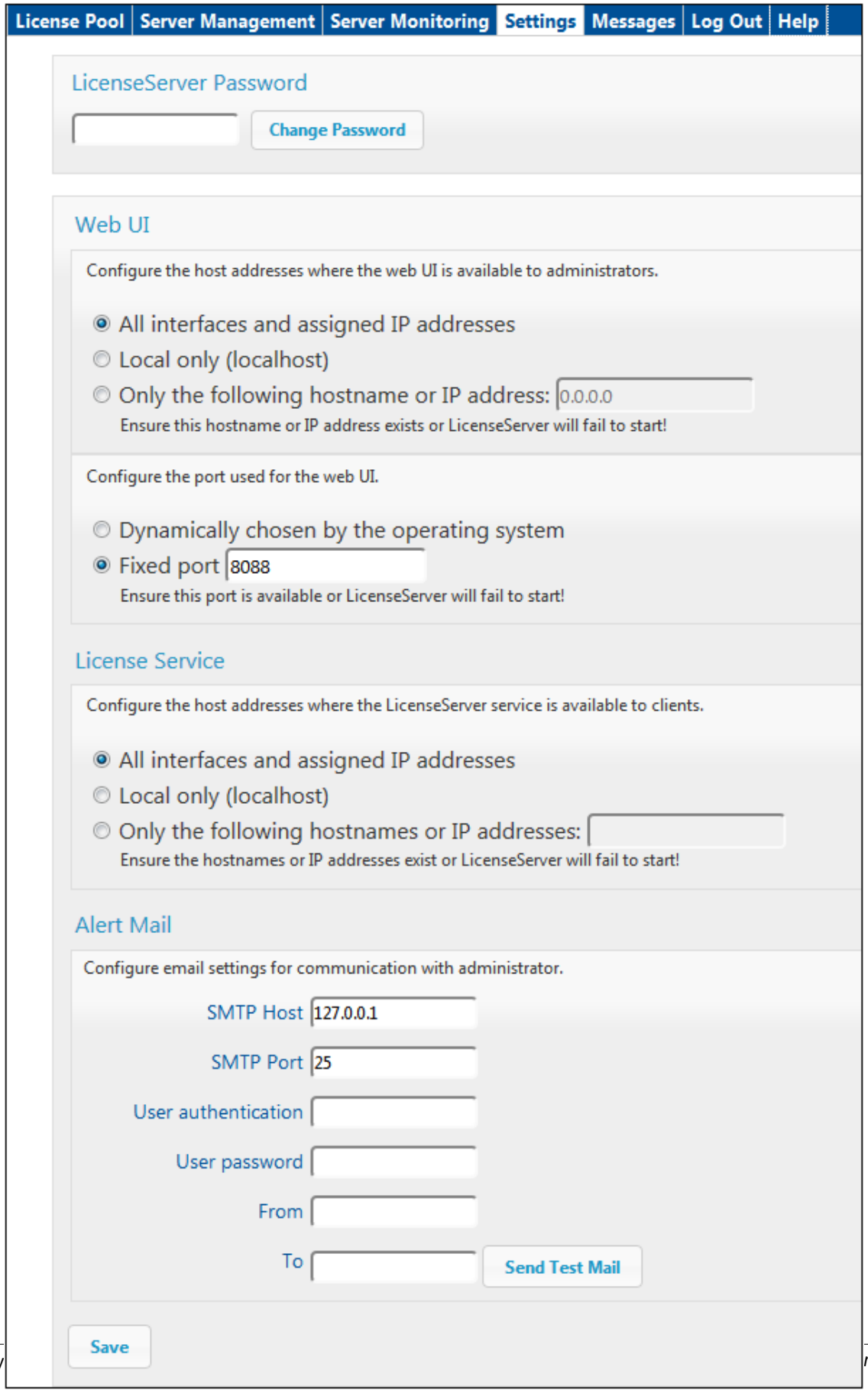
2.7.4 Settings

The **Settings** tab is as shown below. You can set the following:

- The password for logging in to LicenseServer.
- Network settings for the web-based configuration page (Web UI), and for LicenseServer (License Service). These settings are described below the screenshot.
- Email server settings and the alert mail recipient. These are described below the screenshot.


License Pool
Server Management
Server Monitoring
Settings
Messages
Log Out
Help
LicenseServer Password
Change Password
Web UI
Configure the host addresses where the web UI is available to administrators.
All interfaces and assigned IP addresses
Local only (localhost)
Only the following hostname or IP address:
0.0.0.0
Ensure this hostname or IP address exists or LicenseServer will fail to start!
Configure the port used for the web UI.
Dynamically chosen by the operating system
Fixed port
8088
Ensure this port is available or LicenseServer will fail to start!
License Service
Configure the host addresses where the LicenseServer service is available to clients.
All interfaces and assigned IP addresses
Local only (localhost)
Only the following hostnames or IP addresses:
Ensure the hostnames or IP addresses exist or LicenseServer will fail to start!
Alert Mail
Configure email settings for communication with administrator.
SMTP Host
127.0.0.1
SMTP Port
25
User authentication
User password
From
To
Send Test Mail
Save

Network settings
Administrators can specify network access points to the LicenseServer configuration page and to LicenseServer:

- *Web UI:* Allowed IP addresses can vary from all interfaces and IP addresses on that machine to a fixed address, and ports can be either dynamically calculated or fixed. This allows a wide range of allowed IP-Address:Port settings. The default port setting is **8088**.
- *License Service:* IP addresses can vary from all interfaces and IP addresses on that machine to a fixed address. The port number is fixed at **35355**.

By default, these settings allow unrestricted access to LicenseServer and its configuration page from within the networks to which LicenseServer is connected. If you wish to restrict access to either LicenseServer or its configuration page, enter the appropriate settings and click **Save**.

Alert Mail settings
Altova LicenseServer needs to be connected to the `altova.com` server. If the connection is broken for more than 24*5 hours (5 days), LicenseServer will not allow licenses. As a result, work sessions with Altova products licensed by LicenseServer could be disrupted. In order to alert that administrator that a connection is broken, an alert mail can be sent to an email address. The Alert Mail pane of this page enables settings to be made for sending alert mails to an administrator's email address.

SMTP Host and *SMTP Port* are the settings of the email server from which the email alert will be sent. *User Authentication* and *User Password* are the user's credentials for accessing the email server. The *From* field takes a name by which email alerts can be recognized by the recipient, for example: `Altova LicenseServer`. The *To* field takes the recipient's email address.

Click **Save** when done. After saving the Alert Mail settings, email alerts will be sent to the address specified whenever a significant event occurs, such as when connection to `altova.com` is lost. These events are also recorded in the Messages tab.

2.7.5 Messages, Log Out

The **Messages** tab displays all messages relevant to licenses in the license pool of the LicenseServer. Each message has a **Delete** button that allows you to delete that particular message.

The **Log Out** tab serves as the Log Out button. Clicking the tab logs you out immediately and then displays the Login mask.

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